

Los Angeles County Department of Regional Planning





April 20, 2017

Chiquita Canyon Landfill, LLC 29201 Henry Mayo Drive Castaic, CA 91384

REGARDING: PROJECT NO. R2004-00559-(5)

CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT NO. 200400042

OAK TREE PERMIT NO. 201500007

29201 HENRY MAYO DRIVE

(APN 3271-002-011, -013, -019, -0036, -039 & 3271-005-034)

The Regional Planning Commission, by its action of **April 19, 2017**, has **APPROVED** the above-referenced project. Enclosed are the Commission's Findings and Conditions of Approval. Please carefully review each condition. This approval is <u>not effective</u> until the appeal period has ended and the required documents and applicable fees are submitted to the Regional Planning Department (see enclosed Affidavit of Acceptance Instructions).

The applicant or any other interested persons may appeal the Regional Planning Commission's decision. The appeal period for this project will end at 5:00 p.m. on May 3, 2017. Appeals must be delivered in person.

Appeals:

To file an appeal, please contact:

Executive Office of the Board of Supervisors Room 383, Kenneth Hahn Hall of Administration 500 West Temple Street, Los Angeles, CA 90012

(213) 974-1426

Upon completion of the appeal period, the notarized Affidavit of Acceptance and any applicable fees must be submitted to the planner assigned to your case. In addition, any applicable CEQA fees for the Department of Fish and Wildlife shall be paid, and a Notice of Determination, if applicable, must be filed with the County Clerk according to the instructions with the enclosed Affidavit of Acceptance. Please make an appointment to ensure that processing will be completed in a timely manner. Failure to submit these documents and applicable fees within 60 days will result in a referral to Zoning Enforcement for further action.

For questions or for additional information, please contact Richard Claghorn of the Zoning Permits North Section at (213) 974-6443, or by email at rclaghorn@planning.lacounty.gov. Our office hours are Monday through Thursday, 7:30 a.m. to 5:30 p.m. We are closed on Fridays.

Sincerely,

DEPARTMENT OF REGIONAL PLANNING

Richard J. Bruckner

Samuel Dea, Supervising Regional Planner

Zoning Permits North Section

Enclosures:

Findings, Conditions of Approval, IMP, MMRP, Affidavit of Acceptance (Permittee's

Completion)

c: DPW (Building and Safety); Zoning Enforcement

FINDINGS AND ORDER OF THE REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION OF THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES PROJECT NO. R2004-00559-(5) CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT NO. 200400042 AND OAK TREE PERMIT NO. 201500007

- The Los Angeles County ("County") Regional Planning Commission ("Commission") conducted a duly-noticed public hearing on March 1, 2017, in the matter of Project No. R2004-00559-(5), Conditional Use Permit ("CUP") No. 200400042 and Oak Tree Permit ("OTP") No. 201500007. The hearing was continued by the Commission on April 19, 2017.
- 2. The permittee, Chiquita Canyon Landfill LLC ("Permittee"), is requesting the approval of CUP No. 200400042 for continued operation and expansion of a Class III Landfill ("Project") located at 29201 Henry Mayo Drive ("Project Site"), in the unincorporated community of Castaic, in the A-2-2 (Heavy Agricultural, Two-Acre Minimum Required Lot Area) and A-2-5 (Heavy Agricultural, Five-Acre Minimum Required Lot Area) Zones. A CUP is required in the A-2 Zone for land reclamation projects, pursuant to Section 22.24.150 of the Los Angeles County ("County") Code.
- 3. The permittee is requesting the approval of OTP No. 201500007 for the removal of four oak trees related to the landfill operation and expansion within the A-2-2 and A-2-5 Zones pursuant to County Code Section 22.56.2060.
- 4. The Project request includes the following elements: lateral expansion of the existing waste footprint from 257 acres to 400 acres; increased maximum elevation from 1,430 feet to 1,573 feet; increased daily disposal limits from 6,000 tons per day of waste to 12,000 tons per day; new entrance and support facilities; development of a household hazardous waste facility; mixed organics processing/composting operation; set-aside of land for a potential future conversion technology facility; acceptance of all nonhazardous wastes permitted at a Class III solid waste disposal landfill, exclusive of sludge; continued operation of the landfill and landfill gas-to-energy facility; new design features; and environmental monitoring. In addition, the Project includes the relocation of a portion of Southern California Edison's existing Saugus-Elizabeth Lake-Fillmore 66 kilovolt (kV) Subtransmission Line in order to accommodate landfill improvements.
- 5. OTP 201500007 is needed for the removal of four oak trees in the vicinity of the entrance facilities, which are being modified to improve traffic flow and increase efficiency. They include three Coast Live Oaks (Quercus agrifolia) and one Valley Oak (Quercus lobata). The removals are related to the new entrance facilities, landfill expansion, and related grading.
- 6. The Project Site is an approximately 639-acre site, and includes Assessor's Parcel Number ("APN") 3271-002-011, 3271-002-013, 3271-002-019, 3271-002-036, 3271-

002-039, and 3271-005-034. The Project Site contains the existing landfill operations and landfill gas-to-energy facility. The Project Site is irregular in shape. Most of the site is mountainous, with elevations ranging from approximately 950 feet above sea level near the south property line to a high of approximately 1,640 feet near the north property line. The Project Site fronts on Henry Mayo Drive, State Highway 126, on the south side. The intersection of Wolcott Way and Henry Mayo Drive forms the southeast corner of the Project Site.

- 7. The Project Site is located in the Newhall Zoned District and is zoned A-2-2 and A-2-5. APNs 3271-002-036 and 3271-002-039, which include approximately 308 acres of the Project Site, are in the A-2-5 Zone. The remainder of the Project Site is in the A-2-2 Zone, which includes APNs 3271-002-011, 3271-002-013, 3271-002-019 and 3271-005-034. These zones are divided by a diagonal line running from northeast to southwest, with the A-2-5 Zone located to the south and east of this line and A-2-2 Zone located to the north and west.
- 8. The Project Site is located within the Castaic Area Community Standards District ("CSD"). The CSD contains restrictions on development within 50 feet of primary significant ridgelines and within 25 feet of secondary significant ridgelines. No grading or development is proposed within the protected areas of any significant ridgelines. The project is consistent with the development standards of the CSD.
- 9. The Project Site is located within the Community Serving (P-CS) land use category of the Santa Clarita Valley Area Plan ("Area Plan") Land Use Policy Map.
- 10. Surrounding Zoning within a 500-foot radius includes:

North: A-2-2, M-1.5-DP (Restricted Heavy Manufacturing-Development Program),

MPD-DP (Manufacturing-Industrial Planned Zone-Development Program)

South: SP (Newhall Ranch Specific Plan-Commercial Retail/Office, Medium

Residential land use categories)

East: M-1.5-DP, M-1.5 (Restricted Heavy Manufacturing),

West: SP (Newhall Ranch Specific Plan-Business Park and Open Area land use

categories), R-1 (Single-Family Residence)

11. Surrounding land uses within a 500-foot radius include:

North: Vacant land, water tanks, light industrial uses

South: Vacant land, agriculture uses

East: Vacant land, Post Office distribution center, water tank

West: Vacant land, single-family residence

12. The Project Site is currently accessible via Henry Mayo Drive to the south. Proposed new access will be from Wolcott Way at the southeast part of the lot where Wolcott Way intersects with Franklin Parkway. The new entrance facilities would be approximately 500 feet north of Henry Mayo Drive.

- 13. The Project Site was zoned A-2-2 and A-2-5 by Ordinance No. 7486, effective April 3, 1959. A portion of the south part of the Project Site corresponding to the current boundaries of APN 3271-002-036 and a small part of APN 3271-002-039 was changed to the M-1.5 Zone by Ordinance 91022, effective October 17, 1991. The M-1.5 Zone area was subsequently changed to M-1.5-DP Zone. The M-1.5-DP Zone area was changed back to the A-2-5 Zone through Zone Change 2012-0055Z, effective December 27, 2012.
- 14. Certificate of Compliance for Lot Line Adjustment RLLA 201300007, recorded February 18, 2014, adjusted the land area owned by Chiquita Canyon Landfill from approximately 622 acres to 639 acres. The current Project Site is Parcel One of RLLA 201300007.
- 15. Chiquita Canyon Landfill was first approved for a land reclamation project by the Regional Planning Commission ("Commission") on December 21, 1965 through Zone Exception Case ("ZEC") 7879. ZEC 8040 was approved by the Commission for an access road related to the land reclamation project on March 8, 1966. On September 13, 1966 the Commission approved ZEC 8191 for refuse disposal and land reclamation project at the site. On March 2, 1977 the Commission approved CUP 1010 for continued operation and maintenance of a waste disposal facility and land reclamation project with appurtenant facilities. On November 24, 1982 the Commission approved CUP 1809 for expansion of the existing landfill with Class II and Class III disposal sites. CUP 89-081 was approved by the Board of Supervisors on May 20, 1997 for continued operation of a Class III landfill after the approval of the CUP by the Commission was appealed.
- 16. CUP 89-081 was to expire on November 24, 2019 or when the landfill reached a waste disposal limit of 23,000,000 tons, whichever occurred first. As the cumulative waste disposal tonnage was approaching the limit and it became clear that the Project would not have its environmental review process completed before a public hearing for renewal of the CUP could be held, the applicant requested a "Clean Hands Waiver" from the Director of the Department of Regional Planning ("Director") in November 2015. The Director granted the Clean Hands Waiver on March 17, 2016, pursuant to Section 22.04.110 of the County Code, subject to continued compliance with the CUP 89-081 conditions, with the exception of the 23,000,000 ton waste disposal limit. The waiver does not allow the landfill to exceed the 29.4 million ton threshold analyzed in the EIR for CUP 89-081. The waiver allows the landfill operations to continue on a temporary basis until the earlier of the following: a.) a final action is taken on the project (withdrawal, approval, or denial); b.) July 31, 2017; or c.) revocation of the waiver by the Director. In July 2016 the landfill reached and exceeded the 23 million ton limit, but it has been allowed to continue to operate in accordance with the Clean Hands Waiver.
- 17. The site plan for the Project, which is dated May 2015, depicts the Project Site, which has an overall area of approximately 639 acres, located on the north side of Henry Mayo Drive, and fronting Wolcott Way and Franklin Parkway at the southeast part of

the site. New entrance facilities are proposed at Wolcott Way, including driveways, parking lots with a total of 32 parking spaces, scales and gatehouses, queuing area, administration building and a household hazardous waste facility. The main driveway leads to and from the main canyon landfill area. The main canyon includes 188 acres of previously approved landfill area covering much of the western portion of the Project Site. The main canyon also is to include a lateral extension of 26.9 acres to the south and 115.8 acres to the north and east, for a total expansion area of approximately 143 acres. Two closed landfill areas are also depicted, including the existing Primary Canyon Landfill, which covers 55 acres in the southerly part of the site, and the existing Canyon "B" Landfill, which covers 14 acres near the eastern edge of the Project Site. The existing and proposed landfill areas will have a combined area of 400 acres. A large storm water basin is located near the southwest corner of the site. There is another storm water basin northeast of the Canyon "B" Landfill area, and six smaller storm water basins near the entrance facilities. The existing entrance facilities and office are located immediately east of the large storm water basin near the southwest corner of the site, although these facilities will be removed and there will no longer be access directly from Henry Mayo Drive. The existing landfill gas-to-energy facility is located to the east of the Main Canyon Landfill near the center of the site. The future potential conversion technology facility is located north of Wolcott Way in the southeast part of the site and includes a separate driveway leading to Wolcott Way. Proposed borrow areas are shown to the east of the Primary Canyon Landfill and south of the Canyon "B" Landfill. Alternative facilities locations to the east and west of the main landfill are shown, which are support facilities for equipment storage and for maintenance purposes.

- 18. The total landfill area of 400 acres represents 62.6% of the total 639 acre Project Area. Most of the remaining area will also undergo some form of disturbance, including access roads, borrow areas, entrance facilities, future conversion technology set-aside area, storm water basins, graded areas, and other areas of disturbance. The total potential impacted area covers 625.08 acres (97.8% of the Project Area), leaving just 14.30 acres (2.2%) of the Project Area outside the limit of disturbance.
- 19. The oak tree report dated June 6, 2014 depicts the oak tree locations. They include Oak Tree No. 1, which is a Valley Oak located close to the south property line, Oak Tree No. 2, a Coast Live Oak located close to the existing entrance area, Oak Tree No. 3, a Coast Live Oak in the south expansion area of the Main Canyon Landfill, and Oak Tree No. 89, a Coast Live Oak adjacent to the new queuing area west of Wolcott Way. Tree No. 89 is in poor condition while the others are rated as good in the oak tree report. All four oak trees have multiple trunks. The largest of the trunks belongs to Oak Tree No. 89, with a diameter of 18.5 inches for its largest trunk.
- 20. An Environmental Impact Report ("EIR") has been prepared pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act (Public Resources Code section 21000, et seq.) ("CEQA"), the State CEQA Guidelines, and the Environmental Document Reporting Procedures and Guidelines for the County. A Draft EIR ("DEIR") and Partially Recirculated Draft EIR ("PRDEIR") have been completed for the Project. A Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program ("MMRP") has been prepared to mitigate Project impacts to geology and hydrology, surface water drainage, biological resources, cultural and

paleontological resources, air quality, greenhouse gas emissions and climate change. Project impacts will be reduced to less than significant levels except for impacts to air quality, greenhouse gas emissions and climate change. CEQA Findings and a Statement of Overriding Considerations ("SOC") have been prepared for the Project.

- 21. The DEIR was released on July 10, 2014. It had a public comment period of 105 days, including 45 days for the initial comment period and two extensions of 30 days each. The public comment period for the DEIR closed on October 23, 2014. A Hearing Examiner public hearing was held at the Castaic Sports Complex on July 31, 2014 for the DEIR for the Project.
- 22. Subsequently it was determined that the following chapters of the DEIR needed to be revised and recirculated: Introduction, Project Description, Biological Resources, Air Quality, Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Climate Change and Project Alternatives. The PRDEIR was released on November 9, 2016 and its public comment period of 61 days ended on January 9, 2017. The updated chapters, related appendices, a visual resources supplement, a traffic supplement, and an executive summary were included in the PRDEIR. A Hearing Examiner public hearing was held at the theater of West Ranch High School in Stevenson Ranch on December 15, 2016 for the PRDEIR for the Project.
- 23. The Final EIR ("FEIR") for the Project has been prepared. The FEIR consists of introductory explanatory material, an executive summary, the complete DEIR and PRDEIR, comments received concerning the DEIR and PRDEIR with responses to the comments, appendixes, supplements and the MMRP.
- 24. Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 22.60.174 and 22.60.175 of the Zoning Code, the community was appropriately notified of the Project's public hearing by mail, newspaper, and property posting.
- 25. Department of Regional Planning ("DRP") staff ("Staff") has received a large number of letters and emails containing comments on the Project's DEIR and PRDEIR as well as oral testimony on each. For the DEIR a total of 38 written comments were received in support of the Project and 44 against the Project. At the Hearing Examiner hearing on July 31, 2014 three speakers spoke in support of the Project while 24 spoke in opposition. In addition, there were 17 letters from government of tribal agencies plus one from Southern California Edison regarding the DEIR received by Regional Planning and incorporated into the FEIR.
- 26. For the PRDEIR Staff received 294 written comment letters and emails in opposition to the project and only one in favor of the Project. The count of opposition comments included some that only asked for a time extension on the PRDEIR without necessarily stating opposition to the Project. At the December 15, 2016 Hearing Examiner hearing, there were 36 speakers at the hearing who testified against the project and seven who testified in favor. Additionally, 13 speaker cards were filled out by Project opponents who did not speak and one which didn't state any position on the landfill from someone who didn't speak. Many of the commenters submitted multiple comments or spoke at both hearings. There were nearly as many written comment

letters in support of the Project as were opposed which were received during the DEIR comment period. However, nearly all of the written public comments for the PRDEIR received during the public comment period were in opposition to the landfill. Copies of the comment letters received on the DEIR and PRDEIR and responses to the comments are included in the FEIR, along with topical responses.

- 27. The most frequent concerns expressed by the public and by other agencies have been potential impacts to public health, air quality, odors, and traffic. Some other frequent topics included environmental justice issues, biological resources, greenhouse gases, the CUP 89-081 conditions and 1997 community agreement, property values, project alternatives, and water quality. The FEIR contains detailed topical responses to 34 of the most common topics that were commented on by the public, and specific responses to each of the public comments. The project conditions, IMP, and MMRP include requirements that address many of the community concerns.
- 28. The most serious concerns are those regarding potential impacts to public health. The public health concerns include possible increases in cancer risk, asthma, respiratory diseases and other health risks resulting from proximity to the landfill and air emissions from the landfill. A health risk assessment was prepared in accordance with guidelines published by the State of California Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment and the South Coast Air Quality Management District ("SCAQMD"), and is included as part of Air Quality chapter of the FEIR. The health risk assessment substantially overstates the actual risks associated with facility emissions in order to provide more assurance that the Project does not produce significant impacts to public health. The public health impacts fall below the significance thresholds established by SCAQMD, even though the risks associated with the facility are substantially overstated in the analysis. The actual impacts would be lower than what is shown in the analysis if the Project is approved with no increase in current waste tonnage rates, since it is based on an increase from 6,000 tons per day to 12,000 tons per day of waste disposed.
- 29. Seven additional letters of opposition and one email of opposition were received after the notice for the Commission public hearing was sent on January 24, 2017 up to the time the hearing package was prepared on February 16, 2017. DRP has also received phone calls from landfill opponents expressing their concerns.
- 30. Supporters of the Project submitted the following to DRP after the notice for the Commission public hearing was sent on January 24, 2017 up to the time the hearing package was prepared on February 16, 2017: a petition in support of the Project signed by 53 residents of Val Verde; 27 letters in Spanish signed by supporters of the Project; 23 letters of support for the Project from 2014; and 388 letters of support for the Project from 2017. The support letters are included in a package submitted by the Permittee, which includes a cover letter; a report discussing the correlation between beneficial use materials and performance at Chiquita Canyon Landfill; charts showing the origin of disposal materials and diversion materials by Supervisorial District; a list of odor management BMPs; information about the LFGTE plant; a list of regulatory agencies and permits associated with Chiquita Canyon Landfill; and a list of organizations which have supported Chiquita Canyon Landfill. The list of supporters

includes the Santa Clarita Valley Chamber of Commerce, Santa Clarita Valley Economic Development Corporation, Los Angeles County Business Federation, SCV Latino Chamber of Commerce, SCV Senior Center, Valley Industry Association, Castaic Chamber of Commerce, West Ranch Town Council, Child and Family Center, and many other groups and organizations. The letters of support include letters from some of these organizations, small business owners, residents, local waste haulers, and others.

- 31. A large number of letters were provided both in support of the Project and opposed as part of the supplemental hearing packages before the March 1, 2017 hearing. A large number of additional letters have been received since then as well, both in favor of the Project and in opposition. An exact count of the additional letters has not been done, but the majority have been form letters in support of the Project.
- 32. The existing landfill use is consistent with the current zoning and land use category of the property. It serves an important function as the second largest landfill in the County and has been operating since 1972. Its location behind mountains largely shields the operations from view from surrounding areas, and the Permittee has managed the operations in a responsible manner. The landfill provides free clean-up days for residents of Val Verde, the nearest existing residential community. However, the landfill has still generated much concern in surrounding communities, especially Val Verde, including complaints of foul odors from many neighborhood residents, as well concerns about traffic, air quality, and health impacts.
- 33. The permittee has taken steps to respond to the concerns. The landfill rejects at the scales trucks where loads are obviously highly odorous. If a highly odorous load is detected while unloading, the waste is covered immediately to control the odors. The permittee regularly exceeds state minimum standards and the normal recommended practices to cover trash and other areas of the landfill proactively to minimize odors from fresh trash. Large portable fans are used to control air flow and dilute and disperse odors. When a combination of odorous loads and certain weather conditions occurs, a perimeter odor control system is used to disperse odor neutralizing agents to control odors.
- 34. The existing residential community of Val Verde is located to the northeast of the Project Site. The nearest residence is located on Roosevelt Avenue in the south part of Val Verde and is approximately 500 feet from the Project Site and approximately 1,100 feet from the developed area of the Project Site. Steep hillsides separate the Project Site from Val Verde.
- 35. A United States Post Office distribution facility is located immediately to the east of the Project Site. The nearest structure is approximately 150 feet from the Project Site, which is part of the Post Office facility. Other industrial uses of the Valencia Commerce Center are located to the east and north of the Project Site. Franklin Parkway connects the Valencia Commerce Center to Wolcott Way, where the new entrance facilities are proposed.

- 36. The Project's new entrance facilities off of Wolcott Way, the related street improvements required for the Project and the closure of the existing entrance facilities will improve traffic flow in the area and avoid queuing of trucks on the Highway 126. A condition requires the closure of the existing entrance on Highway 126 and relocation of the entrance to Wolcott Way within one year of the effective date of the CUP. This will help to alleviate many of the traffic issues in the area. The relocation of the entrance facility is necessary to accommodate the plan by the California Department of Transportation ("Caltrans") to widen SR 126 and accommodate the landfill's operations with the increased development and urbanization of the area.
- 37. Some of the right-of-way and street improvement requirements include the following: full street improvements on Wolcott Way and Franklin Parkway within the Project frontage; dedication of right-of-way at a minimum of 70 feet from the centerline of Highway 126; exclusive right turn lanes and transition improvements in the event the Project traffic volumes exceed road capacity; slope easements at the interchange of Highway 126 and Wolcott Way; offsite improvements identified in the approved Traffic Study analysis; payment of fees for the Westside Bridge and Major Thoroughfare Construction Fee District; installation of drainage structures; and installation of street lights on concrete poles with underground wiring.
- 38. Project hours of operation for receiving solid waste and beneficial use materials shall be limited as indicated in the Conditions of Approval. Other facility operations, such as site preparation and maintenance, equipment maintenance, waste processing and the application of cover, shall be restricted to the hours of 5:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m. Monday through Saturday. This restriction excludes facility operations requiring continuous operation, such as gas control.
- 39. The organic waste composting operation of the Project will provide an opportunity to recycle and beneficially use organic waste materials. It will be enclosed to minimize the potential for objectionable odors to adversely affect the community. The household hazardous waste facility will be open to the public and would potentially be open up to seven days per week between the hours of 6:00 a.m. and 9:00 p.m., and shall be staffed continuously with a person(s) trained in hazardous material handling and management. The materials that may be accepted by the facility include, but are not limited to used motor oil, used latex paints, used anti-freeze, used batteries and other household wastes defined in the Operating Agreement. The facility may not be used for general use by commercial or industrial entities. It would allow for residents to safely dispose of hazardous household wastes. This will help to prevent such materials from being improperly disposed.
- 40. The land set aside for a future conversion technology facility would provide an opportunity to convert waste into energy or other useful products. Conversion technologies are non-combustion thermal, mechanical, and biological processes that convert post-recycled materials (which would otherwise be sent to landfills) into green fuels such as ethanol and biodiesel, clean renewable energy, and other marketable products. A conversion technology facility will help to meet County objectives and state legislation to advance conversion technologies.

- 41. The continuing operation of the existing LFGTE plant will provide power to the local electrical grid. These uses will provide benefits to the County as a whole and to the local community.
- 42. A duly noticed public hearing was held on March 1, 2017 before the Regional Planning Commission at Rancho Pico Junior High School in Stevenson Ranch. A presentation on the Project was given by DRP and Department of Public Works staff. Mike Dean, the Project representative for the Permittee, gave a presentation in support of the project. Members of the public were then given the opportunity to testify. A total of 67 speakers testified before time expired, including 29 in favor of the Project, 37 opposed to the Project, and one who expressed concerns but did not favor or oppose the Project. Due to the limited time available, 41 people who signed up to speak were unable to do so. Some of the concerns cited by landfill opponents were related to the following issues: traffic, air quality impacts, odors, water quality impacts, property values, leakage of methane, public health impacts, alleged violation of a previous agreement with the community, environmental justice concerns, biological resource impacts, and availability of alternatives, notably Mesquite Canyon Landfill. Because of the large number of people who signed up to speak who were unable to do so, and because the Commission had questions about the Project and wanted time to review the supplemental materials that had been submitted for the Project, the Commission approved a motion to continue the hearing on April 19, 2017. The Commission also gave instructions to Staff, including responding to questions on the Project and arranging for a location for remote testimony during the April 19 continued hearing, so that residents of the area will have an opportunity to testify without travelling to Downtown Los Angeles.
- 43. On April 19, 2017 the Regional Planning Commission hearing was continued at its usual location in Downtown Los Angeles, with a remote testimony location at the Stephenson Ranch Library. A presentation was given by DRP and Public Works Staff which provided answers to questions raised by the Commission on March 1, a summary of the Project and the changes to the Project's draft findings and conditions, and a recommendation to approve the Project subject to the revised findings and conditions. The Commission then allowed speakers from the remote location to testify. Ten speakers at the remote location testified, including one who spoke in favor of the Project and nine who spoke in opposition. One person who filled out a speaker card was not present went called upon. Following the remote location testimony, 15 speakers at the main hearing location spoke, including 10 who spoke in opposition and five who spoke in favor of the Project. The concerns raised by opponents of the Project were largely the same types of issues discussed during the March 1, 2017 hearing, including air quality, water quality, odor and other impacts. Supporters also voiced similar concerns as those expressed by the supporters on March 1, with concerns about the impacts of possible landfill closure on loss of jobs, increased waste disposal costs, and negative economic impacts to businesses and individuals who use the landfill or work there. Following the speakers, the Project representative, Mike Dean, provided a rebuttal, which focused on the applicant's concerns about the Project's draft conditions. Mr. Dean estimated that the fees would increase 587% based on the draft conditions, and requested that any increase in fees should be much

lower, with an anticipated range of a 50% to 100% increase above current levels. Mr. Dean also requested removal of the weekly and monthly tonnage limits while keeping the daily limit at 12,000 tons per day but increasing the annual limit from 2.1 million to 2.89 million tons. Mr. Dean asked for a change in the hours of operation in the draft CUP conditions to allow trucks to be accepted 24 hours per day, six days per week as in the CUP 89-081 conditions. Following the rebuttal, the Commission asked questions to Mr. Dean, Staff from DRP, Public Works, County Counsel, the Department of Public Health, members of the Community Advisory Committee ("CAC"), and David Waite, who is serving as legal counsel for the Permittee. The Commission discussed several of the draft CUP conditions and IMP requirements, including the Periodic Review procedure, air quality monitoring, fees, tonnage limits, maximum landfill capacity, hours of operation, closure plan and termination of the use, the CAC, the emergency provisions in draft Condition No. 22, and other issues related to the Project. The Commission directed Staff to make changes and clarifications to the draft conditions based on the testimony it received from constituents who expressed concerns about the various impacts to their communities from the landfill use adjacent to them, including Conditions No. 22, 35, 36, 38, 41g, 59f, 66 through 69, 70b, 70e, 104, 107, 109 and 118. These changes to conditions involved clarifying tonnage limits for emergencies and disasters, adding more periodic reviews at fiveyear intervals and at the discretion of the Director, expanding the hours of operation for receiving solid waste and beneficial use materials, adding references to the CAC to several conditions, clarifying the requirements regarding the park or recreational use upon closure of the landfill and funding for the park master plan and park or recreational use development. Changes to the IMP requested by the Commission included: clarifying the role of the CAC and eliminating the requirement for the Permittee to pay an annual fee to fund the CAC in Part XI; to add references to the CAC in Parts XII and XIV; and to add additional periodic reviews in Part XV. The Commission certified that it adopted the EIR, the CEQA Findings and SOC, and the MMRP at the conclusion of the public hearing and approved CUP No. 200400042 and OTP No. 201500007, subject to the attached conditions.

- 44. The Commission finds that the Project is consistent with the goals and policies of the Los Angeles County General Plan ("General Plan"). The Project is located within the Santa Clarita Valley Area Plan ("Area Plan"), a component of the General Plan. Both the General Plan and the Area Plan contain policies to ensure compatibility of development with the surrounding area and the Project is consistent with both plans.
- 45. The Commission finds that the Project is consistent with the uses allowed in the Community Serving (P-CS) land use category of the Area Plan. This designation includes landfills among the allowable uses that are listed, subject to the underlying zoning designation requirements.
- 46. The Commission finds that the Project adequately addresses the issues in the statement in Chapter 2 of the Area Plan, the Land Use Element, on page 26 discussing the Val Verde Community, which says, "Major planning issues for Val Verde include potential nuisance impacts from expansion of the landfill in Chiquita Canyon, the compatibility of proposed developments with the village's rural character, and

providing residents with increased access to employment opportunities, social services, and adequate infrastructure."

47. The Commission finds that the Project Conditions of Approval, Implementation and Monitoring Program ("IMP") and Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program ("MMRP") are designed to avoid or mitigate potential nuisance impacts to surrounding communities, including Val Verde, and to ensure that the landfill operates safely and efficiently. The Conditions of Approval require that the fees collected from the landfill will be used to fund programs and activities that enhance Countywide disposal capacity, mitigate landfill impacts in the unincorporated County areas, promote development of Conversion Technology facilities that benefit the Santa Clarita Valley and the County, and fund environmental, educational, and quality of life programs in unincorporated areas surrounding the landfill. The Conditions of Approval require that quarterly clean-up days be provided for residents of Val Verde. One mitigation measure from the MMRP requires the development of an Odor Impact Minimization Plan, and there is also a condition requiring a response by the Permittee to address air quality and odor complaints. Such response would include working with the regulatory agencies to systematically address each complaint and specific steps to resolve such complaints. MMRP mitigation measures also require using innovative approaches to reducing potential air emissions from building construction, use of Best Management Practices ("BMPs") to reduce emissions from construction and operations and use of BMPs to improve landfill gas collection efficiency.

The IMP requires annual monitoring reports to enhance the continuing oversight of landfill operations and supplement routine enforcement activities, and to provide accountability to show compliance with all requirements. The annual report also is required to summarize measures taken by the Permittee to divert and recycle materials, to promote and implement appropriate alternative technologies, to mitigate nuisance odors and other complaints, to minimize truck traffic, and to ensure the effectiveness and adequacy of landfill gas collection, to report on revegetation, as well as a detailed report on the quantities and types of materials received by the landfill and other pertinent information. These are just a few examples Conditions of Approval, IMP requirements, and MMRP mitigation measures that help to avoid or mitigate potential nuisance impacts and to ensure that the landfill is operating safely and efficiently.

48. The Commission finds that the Project will help the County to meet its future waste disposal capacity needs while adequately addressing the concerns raised in the statement in the Land Use Element of the Area Plan on page 46 discussing landfills in the Santa Clarita Valley, including Chiquita Canyon Landfill. The section states that Chiquita Canyon Landfill is one of the three Class III landfills that primarily serve the Santa Clarita Valley, along with Antelope Valley Landfill and Sunshine Canyon Landfill. It further states, "With approved expansions these landfills will have the capacity to serve the Valley beyond year 2020. However, the proposed expansion of the Chiquita Canyon Landfill has raised concerns by residents of nearby Val Verde, who are often impacted by wind-borne odors and truck traffic. Compatibility of Landfills with adjacent development must continue to be addressed."

49. The Commission finds that the Project would help to meet the need for new landfill space and to promote diversion of materials from landfills as discussed on Page 46 of the Area Plan. This section of the Area Plan mentions programs in the City of Santa Clarita and County to reduce waste generation through diversion programs such as recycling and re-use, and says, "Although these efforts will increase the life expectancy of local landfills, they do not eliminate the need for new landfill space." It mentions the need for facilities "for sorting and resource recovery from solid waste, including materials recovery facilities (MRFs), composting facilities, collection centers for electronic waste (such as discarded computers and televisions), and recycling facilities."

Chiquita Canyon Landfill is by far the main landfill used by the City of Santa Clarita and the unincorporated areas of the Santa Clarita Valley. In 2015, 90% of the waste generated in the City of Santa Clarita was disposed at Chiquita Canyon Landfill, as was 77% of the waste for the unincorporated areas of the Santa Clarita Valley. It is a vital component of the waste disposal infrastructure of the County and for the Santa Clarita Valley, and its continued operation and expansion will help to meet the need for landfill space as described in the Area Plan.

The Project proposes to add a household hazardous waste facility ("HHWF") and composting operation. An area for a future conversion technology facility has been set aside on the Project Site. Continued operation of the landfill and implementation of the HHWF and composting will help to achieve the goals of the Area Plan. Truck traffic impacts will be reduced due to the new entrance facilities off of Wolcott Way, which will reduce traffic impacts on Henry Mayo Drive. Project conditions and mitigation measures will help to minimize potentially adverse effects such as odors.

50. The Commission finds that the following policies of the Area Plan are applicable to the proposed project:

Land Use Element Policy LU-9.1.3: "Protect major utility transmission corridors, pumping stations, reservoirs, booster stations, and other similar facilities from encroachment by incompatible uses, while allowing non-intrusive uses such as plant nurseries, greenbelts, and recreational trails." A portion of SCE's existing Saugus-Elizabeth Lake-Fillmore 66 kilovolt (kV) Subtransmission Line is proposed for relocation in order to accommodate landfill improvements. Landfill operations will not interfere with the transmission lines.

Land Use Element Policy LU-9.1.6: "Coordinate with appropriate agencies and organizations to ensure that landfill expansion needs are met while minimizing adverse impacts to Valley residents." The appropriate County departments and state agencies have coordinated extensively in reviewing the proposed landfill expansion and in developing appropriate mitigation measures and conditions. Other organizations have been included in the environmental and permit consultation process, and their comments, as well as analyses of the potential adverse impacts of the Project to area residents, have been taken into consideration in this process.

51. The Commission finds that the following policies of the General Plan are applicable to the proposed project:

General Plan Public Services and Facilities Element Policy PS/F 5.1: "Maintain an efficient, safe and responsive waste management system that reduces waste while protecting the health and safety of the public." Chiquita Canyon Landfill is an important part of the County's waste management system. Project conditions and mitigation measures are designed to ensure that the landfill is operated in a safe and efficient manner.

General Plan Public Services and Facilities Element Policy PS/F 5.2: "Ensure adequate disposal capacity by providing for environmentally sound and technically feasible development of solid waste management facilities, such as landfills and transfer/processing facilities." In 2015, the amount of waste disposed in or from Los Angeles County was 9,721,311 tons. Class III landfills in the County accounted for 4,772,823 tons, or approximately 49.1% of the total. The three largest landfills in the County had the following amounts of waste disposed in 2015: Sunshine Canyon Landfill, 2,402,704 tons; Chiquita Canyon Landfill, 1,075,207 tons, and Antelope Valley Landfill, 488,807 tons. Chiquita Canyon Landfill accounted for 22.5% of the waste disposed in Class III landfills in the County and 11.1% of the total solid waste for the County in 2015. In 2015, 4,127,261 tons, or approximately 42.5% of solid waste from the County was transported to landfills outside the County. In 2015, 2.7% of the County's solid waste was disposed at an inert waste landfill and 5.7% was disposed at transformation facilities. The sources of waste at CCL in 2015 were as follows: City of Santa Clarita 13%, unincorporated Los Angeles County 5%, City of Los Angeles 55%, Santa Monica 6%, other cities in Los Angeles County 19% and outside of Los Angeles County 2%.

Chiquita Canyon Landfill provides the County significant capacity to help meet its current waste disposal needs and in meeting the projected needs as anticipated in the Integrated Waste Management Plan for Los Angeles County. The Project Conditions, MMRP, and IMP provide requirements to ensure that the landfill implements recognized best practices and technological advancements in a way that is environmentally sound while helping to meet the County's waste disposal capacity needs.

General Plan Public Services and Facilities Element Policy PS/F 5.4: "Encourage solid waste management facilities that utilize conversion and other alternative technologies and waste to energy facilities." The Project includes continued operation of a landfill gas-to-energy ("LFGTE") facility. The Project Site includes an existing 9.2 megawatt LGTFE plant operated by Ameresco Chiquita Energy LLC. The LGTFE plant uses gases extracted from the landfill through an onsite gas collection system and converts it into energy, which is delivered to the local electrical grid. It provides enough energy to power approximately 10,000 homes per year. The plant is staffed with two full time employees and operates 24 hours a day, seven days per week, and operates independently of the landfill. An area of land on the Project Site has been set aside for a future conversion technology facility.

General Plan Public Services and Facilities Element Policy PS/F 5.5: "Reduce the County's waste stream by minimizing waste generation and enhancing diversion." The Project includes diversion of waste materials from disposal and putting them to beneficial use. Some examples of beneficial use materials diverted from the waste stream include: shredded tires, used to protect the methane gas pipeline system as trench backfill for the construction of the landfill gas collection system; and construction and demolition debris, including concrete and other materials used to build all-weather roads and other surfaces onsite.

General Plan Public Services and Facilities Element Policy PS/F 5.6: "Encourage the use and procurement of recyclable and biodegradable materials." The Project includes an organic waste composing facility. The composting facility would allow up to 560 tons per day of green waste, food waste, and other organic waste materials for composting. The organic material is to be processed on site for distribution and use as mulch, biomass fuel and compost. Some of these materials would be used onsite as beneficial use materials, and other materials would be available to customers who would use the materials offsite.

- 52. The Commission finds that the proposed use is consistent with the A-2 zoning classification because land reclamation projects, such as a landfill, are permitted within this zone with a CUP pursuant to Section 22.24.150 of the County Code.
- 53. The Commission finds that the Project satisfies the Conditional Use Permit Burden of Proof findings in Section 22.56.040 of the County Code.
- 54. The Commission finds that the Project will not adversely affect the health, peace, comfort, or welfare of persons residing and working in the surrounding area, and will not be materially detrimental to the use, enjoyment, or valuation of property of other persons located in the vicinity of the Project Site, and will not jeopardize, endanger, or otherwise constitute a menace to the public health, safety, and general welfare. The Project is an established use that has been a part of the community for decades and continues to provide a safe location for the disposal of waste for both the Santa Clarita Valley and the rest of Los Angeles County. The Project is subject to close oversight and regulation by County and State agencies such as DPH, Public Works and CalRecycle. It is subject to Conditions of Approval, an MMRP and IMP designed to avoid adverse impacts to the community and to the environment and to ensure effective and safe landfill operations.
- 55. The Commission finds that the Project Site is adequate in size and shape to accommodate the yards, walls, fences, parking, landscaping, and other development features as is required in order to integrate the Project into the surrounding area. The Site is 639 acres, of which 400 acres is designated as landfill area, including closed areas of the site. There is ample room for parking, access, and all other facilities needed for the Project's operations.
- 56. The Commission finds that the Project is adequately served by highways of sufficient width, and improved as necessary to carry the kind of traffic such uses would generate, and by other public or private facilities as are required. The Project Site

fronts State Highway 126, Franklin Parkway and Wolcott Way. New entrance facilities are required for the Project on Wolcott Way. Right-of-way and street improvements are required to satisfy the requirements of Public Works and the California Department of Transportation, and are described in detail in the draft conditions and are summarized in the Neighborhood Impact/Land Use Compatibility section of this report. The new facilities will improve the traffic circulation in the area and help to avoid queuing of trucks onto the highway. The traffic-related improvements required for the Project, including the required road improvements and contribution to the Westside Bridge and Major Thoroughfare Construction Fee District will adequately offset the Project's traffic impacts. Therefore, the proposed site is adequately served by highways or streets of sufficient width and improved as necessary to carry the kind and quantity of vehicle traffic such use would generate, and by other public or private service facilities as are required.

- 57. The Commission finds that Project meets the Burden of Proof requirements for an Oak Tree Permit as listed in Section 22.56.2100 of the County Code.
- 58. The Commission finds that the proposed construction of the proposed use will be accomplished without endangering the health of the remaining trees subject to Part 16 of Title 22 of the County Code, on the subject property. Four oak trees are to be removed, which are the only known ordinance-sized oak trees on the Project Site. Their removal is required due to the location of the trees in the areas needed for the new entrance facilities, landfill expansion area, and related grading. They shall be replaced by eight mitigation oak trees on the Project Site. Other oak trees shall not be endangered. Any future impacts to oak trees and oak woodlands will not be allowed until an Oak Tree and Woodland Mitigation Plan has been approved by Regional Planning, in accordance with Mitigation Measure BR-15 of the MMRP, and the required mitigation measures will need to be implemented for any such impacts to ensure the protection of oak trees and oak woodlands.
- 59. The Commission finds that the removal of the oak trees proposed will not result in soil erosion through the diversion or increased flow of surface waters which cannot be satisfactorily mitigated. Site grading shall be accomplished only after receiving a grading permit from Public Works. Such grading shall be done appropriately to avoid any erosion or increased runoff unless adequately mitigated to the satisfaction of Public Works and in compliance with the Project's MMRP mitigation measures, and with the applicable regulations, such as the Low Impact Development requirements. Related mitigation measures include a requirement to retain a qualified engineer to evaluate the site's potential for debris flow and to recommend design provisions for control and cleanup of debris flows; to perform design-level geotechnical investigations to identify areas of expansive or collapsible soils in relation to buildings or structures and to perform additional testing if deemed necessary by the Project geotechnical and civil engineers; and to retain a qualified engineer to evaluate the surface water drainage and to make recommendations with regard to drainage issues.
- 60. The Commission finds that in addition to the above facts, at least one of the following findings apply:

- a. That the removal or relocation of the oak tree(s) proposed is necessary as continued existence at present location(s) frustrates the planned improvement or proposed use of the subject property to such an extent that:
 - i. Alternative development plans cannot achieve the same permitted density or that the cost of such alternative would be prohibitive, or
 - ii. Placement of such tree(s) precludes the reasonable and efficient use of such property for a use otherwise authorized, or
- b. That the oak tree(s) proposed for removal or relocation interferes with utility services or streets and highways, either within or outside of the subject property, and no reasonable alternative to such interference exists other than removal of the tree(s), or
- c. That the condition of the oak tree(s) proposed for removal with reference to seriously debilitating disease or danger or falling is such that it cannot be remedied through reasonable preservation procedures and practices;

The oak tree removals are necessary due to their location near the new entrance facilities, landfill expansion area, and related grading. There is no feasible alternate entrance area or landfill expansion area.

- 61. The Commission finds that the removal of the oak trees proposed will not be contrary to or be in substantial conflict with the intent and purpose of the oak tree permit procedure. The oak tree removals are necessary to accomplish the Project, and the mitigation trees will compensate for the loss of the trees to be removed. The oak tree permit procedure shall be properly followed and enforced.
- 62. The Commission finds that the Project Site is located within the Castaic Area Community Standards District ("CSD"). The CSD contains restrictions on development within 50 feet of primary significant ridgelines and within 25 feet of secondary significant ridgelines. The primary significant ridgelines on the Project Site are located along or close to the northern and western property lines. Two short sections of secondary ridgelines are located in the southwest part of the Project Site. No grading or development is proposed within the protected areas of any significant ridgelines.
- 63. The Commission finds that an OTP is required for the Project because of the four oak trees the Permittee proposes to remove, pursuant to Section 22.56.2060 of the County Code. The Project is subject to the requirements for an OTP in Part 16 of Chapter 22.56 of the County Code and is in compliance with the requirements. A replacement ratio of two to one is required for the trees to be removed, for a total of eight mitigation trees required. OTP conditions are included at the end of the Project's Conditions of Approval.
- 64. The Commission finds that the Project shall comply with the setback requirements of the County Code. The A-2 Zone requires minimum setbacks of 20 feet in front, five feet on the sides and 15 feet in the rear, pursuant to Sections 22.24.170 A and 22.20.120 of the County Code. The proposed structures, landfill expansion areas,

and other uses on the Project Site are located well outside of the required setback areas, as shown on the Exhibit "A" site plan for the Project. The landfill expansion area is approximately 70 feet from the property line at the closest point, and proposed structures are at least 70 feet from property lines.

- 65. The Commission finds that the amount of parking provided is adequate for the Project. The amount of parking required for the administrative office building is one space per 400 square feet, pursuant to the requirement for business or professional offices in Section 22.52.1100 of the County Code. Based on an area of approximately 4,800 square feet, this building is required to have 12 parking spaces. Parking required for the household hazardous waste facility is eight spaces, based on an area of approximately 2,100 square feet and one required parking space per 250 square feet for general commercial uses pursuant to Section 22.52.1100 of the County Code. The current Exhibit "A" site plan for the Project shows 23 parking spaces provided for the administrative office building and nine spaces for the household hazardous waste facility. The parking to be provided meets the County Code requirements for the uses on the site.
- 66. The Commission finds that it is necessary to limit the term of the grant to thirty (30) years, or when the disposal limit of 60 million tons is reached, or when the landfill reaches its Limits of Fill as depicted on Exhibit "A" (Elevation 1,430 feet Alternative), whichever occurs first. Periodic Reviews are to be conducted at ten (10) and twenty (20) years after approval. At each of the periodic reviews the permittee would submit a Permit Compliance Study, an updated Closure Plan, updated Post-Closure Maintenance Plan, and a comprehensive study to analyze the long-term solid waste disposal needs of the Santa Clarita Valley, as required by the CUP conditions. After consultation with all applicable County departments, a report and recommendations would be prepared and presented by Staff to a Hearing Officer at a public hearing. The Hearing Officer would make a decision on the Periodic Review, which may be appealed to the Commission, whose decision would be final. The purpose of the Periodic Reviews is to consider new or changed circumstances, such as physical development near the Project Site, future waste disposal needs of the County and of the Santa Clarita Valley, improved technological innovations in environmental protection and control systems, and other best management practices that might significantly improve the operations of the facility, and to determine if any changes to the IMP are warranted based on the changed circumstances. The IMP may be modified if needed at either or both of the periodic reviews to ensure that the landfill will continue to operate in a safe and effective manner.
- 67. The Commission finds that the Project is consistent with the County's General Plan, and the solid waste disposal needs of the region were considered and balanced against the needs of local residents and available fiscal and environmental resources.
- 68. The Commission finds that a Final EIR for the Project was prepared in accordance with CEQA, the State CEQA Guidelines, and the Environmental Document Reporting Procedures and Guidelines of the County of Los Angeles. The Commission reviewed and considered the Final EIR, along with its associated MMRP and Findings and SOC,

- and found that it reflects the independent judgment of the Commission. The Findings and SOC are incorporated herein by this reference, as if set forth in full.
- 69. The Commission finds that after considering the Final EIR and the MMRP, together with any comments during the public review process, on the basis of the whole record before it, with the mitigation measures set forth and carried out through the MMRP, and other than the environmental impacts set forth in the Findings and SOC, there is no substantial evidence that the Project would have a significant effect on the environment.
- 70. The Commission finds that an MMRP consistent with the conclusions and recommendations of the Final EIR was prepared, and its requirements are incorporated into the Conditions of Approval for the Project.
- 71. The Commission finds that the MMRP prepared in conjunction with the Final EIR identified in detail how compliance with its measures will mitigate or avoid potential adverse impacts to the environment by the Project.
- 72. The Commission finds that the fees required in Condition Nos. 17 and 112 through 123 are necessary to offset the costs associated with Project mitigation, enforcement activities, studies, programs, community benefits, and other costs related to the Project.
- 73. The Commission finds that the out-of-area fee in Condition No. 115 was created for two primary reasons: to be used to encourage development of future alternatives to landfills and to serve as a disincentive to those who bring trash originating outside of the Santa Clarita Valley. This fee will have the benefit of encouraging preservation of landfill capacity for the Santa Clarita Valley and to assist in mitigating significant air quality impacts of the Project. The generated fee will be used to fund the following programs, with one-third (33.3%) of the total for each: 1.) Landfill Mitigation Program, 2.) Unincorporated Community Program, and 3.) Alternative-to-Landfilling Technology Program. If the on-site Conversion Technology facility is developed, then the out-of-area fee would be reduced by one-third (33.3%), the share for the Alternative-to-Landfilling Technology Program, and the fees would thereafter be divided in half, with 50% going to each of the remaining two programs.
- 74. Approval of this Project is conditioned on the Permittee's compliance with the attached MMRP and Conditions of Approval for the CUP and the Oak Tree Permit.
- 75. The Commission finds that this Project is subject to the provisions of section 711.4 of the California Fish and Wildlife Code and the regulations of the California Department of Fish and Wildlife.
- 76. The Commission finds that pursuant to the provisions of Sections 22.60.174 and 22.60.175 of the County Code, the community was appropriately notified of the public hearing by mail, newspaper, property posting, library posting and Department of Regional Planning website posting. All 67 neighboring property owners within 1,000 feet of the Project Site were notified by mail, as were the 23 people or groups on the

courtesy list for the Newhall Zoned District, 54 additional people who requested notification concerning the Project, and all 694 households residing in Val Verde. Additionally, the case materials are available on the Regional Planning website and at the Castaic Library and Valencia Library.

77. The location of the documents and other materials constituting the record of proceedings upon which the Commission's decision is based in this matter is the Los Angeles County Department of Regional Planning, 13th Floor, Hall of Records, 320 West Temple Street, Los Angeles, California 90012. The custodian of such documents and materials shall be the Section Head of the Zoning Permits North Section, Department of Regional Planning.

BASED ON THE FOREGOING, THE REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION CONCLUDES THAT:

- A. The proposed use with the attached conditions will be consistent with the adopted General Plan and the Santa Clarita Valley Area Plan.
- B. The proposed use at the site will not adversely affect the health, peace, comfort or welfare of persons residing or working in the surrounding area, will not be materially detrimental to the use, enjoyment or valuation of property of other persons located in the vicinity of the site, and will not jeopardize, endanger or otherwise constitute a menace to the public health, safety or general welfare.
- C. The proposed site is adequate in size and shape to accommodate the yards, walls, fences, parking and loading facilities, landscaping and other development features prescribed in Title 22, or as is otherwise required in order to integrate said use with the uses in the surrounding area.
- D. The proposed site is adequately served by highways or streets of sufficient width and improved as necessary to carry the kind and quantity of traffic such use would generate, and by other public or private service facilities as are required.
- E. The proposed construction of the proposed use will be accomplished without endangering the health of the remaining trees subject to Part 16 of Title 22 of the County Code, on the subject property.
- F. The encroachment of the oak trees proposed will not result in soil erosion through the diversion or increased flow of surface waters which cannot be satisfactorily mitigated.
- G. In addition to the above facts, the following finding applies: The encroachment of the oak trees proposed is necessary as continued existence at the present locations frustrates the planned improvement or proposed use of the subject property to such an extent that alternative development plans cannot achieve the same permitted density or that the cost of such alternative would be prohibitive.

H. The encroachment of the oak trees proposed will not be contrary to or be in substantial conflict with the intent and purpose of the oak tree permit procedure.

THEREFORE. THE REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION:

- 78. Certifies that the EIR for the Project was completed in compliance with CEQA and the State and County Guidelines related thereto; certifies that it independently reviewed and considered the information contained in the EIR and that the EIR reflects the independent judgment and analysis of the Commission as to the environmental consequences of the Project; and finds that on the basis of the whole record that the significant adverse effects of the Project, as described in the EIR, have either been reduced to an acceptable level or are outweighed by specific social, economic, legal, technological, or other considerations of the Project as stated in the attached Findings and SOC for the Project;
- 79. Certifies that the MMRP for the Project is adequately designed to ensure compliance with the mitigation measures during Project implementation;
- 80. Certifies that it adopted the EIR, the Findings and SOC, and the MMRP at the conclusion of the public hearing; and
- 81. Approves Conditional Use Permit No. 200400042 and Oak Tree Permit No. 201500007, subject to the attached conditions.

ACTION DATE: April 19, 2017

SZD:RC April 26, 2017

c: Zoning Enforcement, Building and Safety

CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES PROJECT NO. R2004-00559-(5) CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT NO. 200400042 OAK TREE PERMIT NO. 201500007

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The project seeks to continue the operation and maintenance of a solid waste disposal facility at the Chiquita Canyon Landfill ("CCL"). The project will increase the permitted disposal area laterally by 149 acres to a total area of 400 acres to accommodate new waste and may have a maximum permitted elevation of 1,430 feet. This project has an annual limit of intake of combined solid waste and beneficial use materials not to exceed 2,100,000 tons per year ("tpy"). Also, the project will relocate the site entrance from Henry Mayo Drive (SR-126) to Wolcott Way.

The project anticipates an average daily quantity of solid waste and beneficial use materials of 6,730 tons per day ("tpd"), but, the daily intake of these materials has a maximum limit of 12,000 tpd a day. This average provides for the same allowance of daily disposal limits of 5,000 tpd of solid waste, but adds a daily limit and average for beneficial use materials as well, the latter of which was not conditioned in the 1997 permit (CUP 89-081). The quantity of all materials received for processing, disposal and beneficial use at CCL shall not exceed 175,000 tons per month.

The project also provides for the development and operation of an on-site household hazardous facility and a closed mixed organics composting operation (anaerobic digestion) while setting-aside a portion of the subject site for possible future development of a conversion technology facility.

The project is approved through Conditional Use Permit ("CUP") No. 200400042 for the landfill and ancillary facilities and by Oak Tree Permit ("OAK") No. 201500007 for the removal of four oak trees. The project is subject to the following conditions of approval:

GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1. Definitions: Unless otherwise apparent from the context, the following definitions shall apply to these Conditions of Approval ("Conditions"), and to the attached Implementation and Monitoring Program ("IMP"), adopted concurrently with this grant:
 - a. "Abandoned Waste" shall mean abandoned items such as mattresses, couches, doors, carpet, toilets, E-waste, and other furnitures.
 - "ADC" shall mean Alternative Daily Cover as permitted by Title 14 and title
 27 of the California Code of Regulation, Regional Water Quality Control
 Board and the Local Enforcement Agency.

- c. "Alternative-to-Landfilling Technology" shall mean a technology capable of processing post-recycled or Residual Waste and other emerging technologies, in lieu of land disposal.
- d. "Anaerobic Digestion Facility" shall mean facility that utilizes organic wastes as a feedstock from which to produce biogas.
- e. "Ancillary Facilities" shall mean the facilities authorized by this grant that are directly related to the operation and maintenance of the Landfill, and shall not include the facilities related to any other enterprise operated by the Permittee or any other person or entity, unless otherwise specifically authorized by this grant.
- f. "Approval Date" shall mean the date of the Commission's approval of this grant, or the Board's approval if appealed.
- g. "Automobile Shredder Waste" shall mean the predominantly nonmetallic materials that remain after separating ferrous and nonferrous metal from shredder output.
- h. "Beneficial Use Materials" shall mean: (1) material imported to the Landfill that has been source-separated or otherwise processed and put to a beneficial use at the Facility, or separated or otherwise diverted from the waste stream and exported from the Facility, for purposes of recycling or reuse, and shall include, but not be limited to, green waste and other compostable organic materials, wood waste, asphalt, concrete, or dirt; (2) imported Clean Dirt that is used to prepare interim and final fill slopes for planting and for berms, provided that such importation of Clean Dirt has been shown to be necessary and has been authorized by the Department of Public Works; and (3) all ADC material types as permitted by this grant. Only materials that are appropriate for the specific use and in accordance with engineering, industry guidelines, or other standard practices in accordance with 14 CCR § 20686 may be classified as Beneficial Use Materials.
- i. "Biomass" shall mean any organic material not derived from fossil fuels, such as agricultural crop residues, bark, lawn, yard and garden clippings, leaves, silvicultural residue, tree and brush pruning, wood and wood chips, and wood waste, including these materials when separated from other waste streams. Biomass shall not include material containing sewage sludge, industrial sludge, medical waste, hazardous waste, or either highlevel or low-level radioactive waste.
- j. "Biosolid" shall mean the organic byproduct material resulting from the treatment of sewage sludge and wastewater.
- k. "Board" shall mean the Los Angeles County Board of Supervisors.

- "CAC" shall mean the Community Advisory Committee whose members are appointed by the Board of Supervisors who will serve as a liaison between the Permittee and the community.
- m. "CalRecycle" shall mean the State of California Department of Resource Recycling and Recovery or its successor agency.
- n. "Caltrans" shall mean the State of California Department of Transportation.
- o. "CARB" shall mean California Air Resources Board.
- p. "CEO" shall mean the Los Angeles County Chief Executive Office.
- q. "Class III (non-hazardous) Landfill" shall mean a disposal facility that accepts non-hazardous Solid Waste for land disposal pursuant to a solid waste facilities permit and applicable federal and state laws and regulations.
- r. "Clean Dirt" shall mean soil, other than Contaminated Soil, that is not mixed with any other material and that is used for coverage of the Landfill face, buttressing the Landfill and construction of access roads, berms, and other beneficial uses at the Facility.
- s. "Closure" shall mean the process during which the Facility, or portion thereof, is no longer receiving Solid Waste and/or Beneficial Use Materials for disposal or processing and is undergoing all operations necessary to prepare the Facility, or portion thereof, for Post-Closure Maintenance in accordance with a CalRecycle approved plan for Closure or partial final closure. Said plans shall be concurred by the TAC, as defined in this grant.
- t. "Closure Date" shall mean "Termination Date," as defined in this grant.
- u. "Commission" shall mean the Los Angeles County Regional Planning Commission.
- v. "Composting" shall mean the controlled or uncontrolled biological decomposition of organic wastes.
- w. "Compostable Organic Materials" shall mean any food waste, green waste, landscape and pruning waste, non hazardous wood waste, and food-soiled paper waste that is mixed in with food material and when accumulated will become active compost.
- x. "Construction and Demolition Debris" shall mean material, other than hazardous waste, radioactive waste, or medical waste, that is generated by or results from construction or demolition-related activities including, but not limited to: construction, deconstruction, demolition, excavation, land cleaning, landscaping, reconstruction, remodeling, renovation, repair, and site clean-up. Construction and Demolition Debris includes, but is not

limited to: asphalt, concrete, brick, lumber, gypsum wallboard, cardboard and other associated packaging, roofing material, ceramic file, carpeting, plastic pipe, steel, rock, soil, gravel, tree stumps, and other vegetative matter.

- y. "Contaminated Soil" shall mean soil that 1) contains designated or nonhazardous material as set forth in Title 23, Chapter 15, Article 1, section 2510 et seq. of the California Code of Regulations, including petroleum hydrocarbons, such as gasoline and its components (benzene, toluene, xylene, and ethylbenzene), diesel and its components (benzene), virgin oil, motor oil, or aviation fuel, and lead as an associated metal; and, 2) has been determined pursuant to section 13263(a) of the Water Code to be a waste that requires regulation by the RWQCB or Local Oversight Agency.
- z. "Conversion Technologies" shall mean the various state-of-the-art technologies capable of converting post-recycled or residual Solid Waste into useful products, green fuels, and renewable energy through non-combustion thermal, chemical, or biological processes.
- aa. "Conversion Technology Facility" shall mean a facility that processes Solid Waste into useful products, fuels, and/or energy through anaerobic and other non-combustion thermal, chemical, or biological processes.
- bb. "County" shall mean the County of Los Angeles.
- cc. "County Code" shall mean the Los Angeles County Code.
- dd. "CPI" shall mean Consumer Price Index as adjusted on July 1 of each year at a minimum rate of 2 (%) percent.
- ee. "Department of Regional Planning" shall mean the Los Angeles County Department of Regional Planning.
- ff. "Director of Regional Planning" shall mean the Director of the Department of Regional Planning and his or her designees.
- gg. "Disposal" shall mean the final disposition of Solid Waste onto land into the atmosphere, or into the waters of the State of California. Disposal includes the management of Solid Waste through the Landfill process at the Facility.
- hh. "Disposal Area" shall mean the "Landfill" as defined in this grant.
- ii. "DPH" shall mean the Los Angeles County Department of Public Health acting as the LEA as appropriate. DPH is currently designated as the LEA by the Board pursuant to the provisions of Division 30 of the California Public Resources Code to permit and inspect Solid Waste disposal facilities and to enforce State regulations and permits governing these facilities. For

purposes of this grant, DPH shall also include any successor LEA governing these facilities.

- ij. "Effective Date" shall mean the date of the Permittee's acceptance and use of this grant as defined in Condition No. 3.
- kk. "Electronic Waste" shall mean all discarded consumer or business electronic equipment or devices. Electronic waste includes materials specified in the California Code of Regulations, Title 22, Division 4.5, Chapter 23, Article 1 (commencing with Section 66273.3), and any amendments thereto.
- II. "Environmental Protection and Control Systems" shall mean any surface water and ground water-quality monitoring/control systems, landfill gas monitoring/control systems, landscaping and irrigation systems, drainage and grading facilities, Closure activities, Post-Closure Maintenance activities, foreseeable corrective actions, and other routine operation or maintenance facilities or activities.
- mm. "Facility" shall mean the entirety of the subject property as depicted on the attached Exhibit "A", including all areas where Landfill and non-Landfill activities occur.
- nn. "Final Cover" shall mean the cover material required for Closure of the Landfill and all Post-Closure Maintenance required by this grant.
- oo. "Footprint" shall mean the horizontal boundaries of the Landfill at ground level, as depicted on the attached Exhibit "A".
- pp. "Household Hazardous Waste" shall mean leftover household products that contain corrosive, toxic, ignitable, or reactive ingredients, other than used oil.
- qq. "Inert Debris" shall mean Solid Waste and/or recyclable materials that are source-separated or separated for recycling, reuse, or resale that do not contain: (1) hazardous waste, as defined in California Code of Regulations, Title 22, Section 66261.3; or (2) soluble pollutants at concentrations in excess of state water quality objectives; and (3) do not contain significant quantities of decomposable waste. Inert Debris shall not contain more than 1 percent (by weight) putrescible waste. Inert Debris may be commingled with rock and/or soil.
- rr. "Inert Waste" shall mean a non-liquid solid waste including, but not limited to, soil and concrete, that does not contain hazardous waste or soluble pollutants at concentrations in excess of applicable water-quality objectives established by a regional water board pursuant to division 7 (commencing

- with section 13000) of the California Water Code (CWC), and does not contain significant quantities of decomposable solid waste.
- ss. "Landfill" shall mean the portion of the subject property where Solid Waste is to be permanently placed, compacted, and then buried under daily, interim and Final Cover, all pursuant to applicable requirements of federal, state, and local laws and regulations. No portion of the Landfill shall extend beyond the "Limits of Fill," as defined in this grant, and no allowance for settlement of fill shall be used in determining the final elevations or design contours of the Landfill. "Landfill" does not include temporary storage areas, Final Cover, and Ancillary Facilities authorized by this grant.
- tt. "LEA" shall mean the Los Angeles County Local Enforcement Agency.
- uu. "Limits of Fill" shall mean the horizontal boundaries and vertical boundaries (as identified by contours) of the Landfill, as depicted on the attached Exhibit "A".
- vv. "Liquid waste" shall mean waste as defined in Title 27, Section 20164 of the California Code of Regulations and includes non-hazardous sludge meeting the requirements contained in Title 23, Chapter 15 of the California Code of Regulation for disposal in a Class III Landfill.
- ww. "Materials Recovery Facility" shall mean a facility that separates solid waste into recyclable materials and Residual Waste.
- xx. "MMRP" shall mean Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program.
- yy. "Nuisance" shall mean anything which is injurious to human health or is indecent or offensive to the senses and interferes with the comfortable enjoyment of life or property, and affects at the same time a community, neighborhood, household or any number of persons although the extent of annoyance or damage inflicted upon an individual may be unequal and which occurs as a result of the storage, removal, transport, processing or disposal of solid waste
- zz. "Operating Agreement" shall mean the Operating Agreement between the County through the Department of Public Works and the Permittee for the operation of the Household Hazardous Waste Facility.
- aaa. "Organic Waste" shall mean food waste, green waste and other compostable organic materials, landscape and pruning waste, nonhazardous wood waste, and food-soiled paper waste that is mixed in with food waste, pursuant to AB1826 Chesbro (Chapter 727, Statues of 2014).
- bbb. "Organic Waste Composting Facility" shall mean a facility at which composting is conducted and produces a product resulting from the

- controlled biological decomposition of mixed organic wastes that are source separated from the municipal solid waste stream, or which are separated at a centralized facility.
- ccc. "Periodic Review" shall mean the process in which the Technical Advisory Committee and a Hearing Officer or the Regional Planning Commission review the studies submitted by the Permittee and issues a Finding of Fact and potentially approve changes to the IMP.
- ddd. "Permittee" shall include the applicant, owner of property, their successors in interest, and any other person, corporation, or entity making use of this grant.
- eee. "Post-Closure Maintenance" shall mean the activities undertaken at the Facility after the Closure Date to maintain the integrity of the Environmental Protection and Control Systems and the Landfill containment features, and to monitor compliance with applicable performance standards to protect public health, safety, and the environment. The containment features, whether natural or artificially designed and installed, shall be used to prevent and/or restrict the release of waste constituents onto land, into the atmosphere, and/or into the waters of the State of California, including waste constituents mobilized as a component of leachate or landfill gas.
- fff. "Post-Closure Maintenance Period" shall mean the period after Closure of the Landfill when the Solid Waste disposed of during the Landfill's operation could still pose a threat to public health, safety, or the environment.
- ggg. "Post-Closure Maintenance Plan" shall mean the preliminary, partially final, or final plan or plans, as applicable, approved by CalRecycle and concurred by the TAC for implementation of all Post-Closure Maintenance at the Facility.
- hhh. "Project" shall mean the activities of the landfill whose ultimate development is depicted on Exhibit "A" of this grant. The Project includes the landfill, its Ancillary Facilities and activities as approved by this grant, including, but not limited to, waste diversion facilities, household hazard waste facility, organic waste composting facility, offices and other employee facilities, a leachate management facility, material storage areas, and Closure and Post-Closure Maintenance activities.
- iii. "Department of Public Works" shall mean the Los Angeles County Department of Public Works; the term "Director of Public Works shall mean the Director of the Los Angeles County Department of Public Work and his or her designees.
- jjj. "Recyclable" shall mean materials that could be used to manufacture a new product.

- kkk. "Residual Waste" shall mean the materials remaining after removal of recyclable materials from the Solid Waste stream.
- III. "RWQCB" shall mean the Regional Water Quality Control Board, Los Angeles Region.
- mmm. "Santa Clarita Valley" shall mean the area as defined by the Los Angeles County General Plan 2035 in figure map 5.33, which was adopted by the Board of Supervisors on October 6, 2015.
- nnn. "SCAQMD" shall mean the South Coast Air Quality Management District.
- ooo. "Sewage Sludge" shall mean any residue, excluding grit or screenings, removed from a wastewater treatment facility or septic tank, whether in a dry, semidry or liquid form.
- ppp. "Sludge" shall mean accumulated solids and/or semisolids deposited from wastewaters or other fluids. Sludge includes materials specified in the California Code of Regulations, Title 27, Division 2, Chapter 3, Article 1, Section 20690(b)(4).
- qqq. "Site Plan" shall mean the plan depicting all or a portion of the subject property, including any Ancillary Facilities approved by the Director of Regional Planning. "Site Plan" shall include what is referred to in this grant as Exhibit "A".
- rrr. "Solid Waste" shall mean all putrescible and non-putrescible solid and semisolid wastes, such as municipal solid waste, garbage, refuse, rubbish, paper, ashes, industrial wastes, demolition and construction wastes, abandoned vehicles and parts thereof, discarded home and industrial appliances, manure, vegetable or animal solid and semi-solid wastes, and other discarded solid and semi-solid wastes. "Solid Waste" excludes Beneficial Use Materials and substances having commercial value which are salvaged for reuse, recycling, or resale. Solid Waste includes Residual Waste received from any source.

Materials that are placed in the Landfill that could be classified as Beneficial Use Materials but exceed the amount that is appropriate for a specific beneficial use in accordance with 14 CCR § 20686, or that exceed the monthly permitted quanties of Beneficial Use Materials, such as Construction and Demolition Debris, Inert Waste and green waste, are considered Solid Waste that is disposed in the Landfill.

- sss. "Stockpile" shall mean temporarily stored materials.
- ttt. "Stockpile Area" shall have the same meaning as "Temporary Storage Area," as defined in this grant.

- uuu. "SWFP" shall mean a Solid Waste Facilities Permit issued by CalRecycle.
- vvv. "SWMP" shall mean Solid Waste Management Program of the Department of Public Health.
- www. "TAC" shall mean the Chiquita Canyon Landfill Technical Advisory Committee established pursuant to Part XIV of the IMP.
- xxx. "Task Force" shall mean the Los Angeles County Solid Waste Management Committee/Integrated Waste Management Task Force.
- yyy. "Temporary Storage Area" shall mean an area of the Landfill where materials intended for Beneficial Use, salvage, recycling, or reuse may be placed for storage on a temporary basis, as approved by the Department of Public Works for up to 180 calendar days, unless a longer period is approved by the Department of Public Works, so long as such temporary storage does not constitute Disposal, as defined in this grant. Putrescible materials, except Construction and Demolition Debris or other Inert Debris not containing significant quantities of decomposable materials and more than 1 percent (by visual inspection) putrescible waste, shall not be placed in a Temporary Storage Area for more than 7 calendar days under any circumstances.
- zzz. "Termination Date" shall mean the date upon which the Facility shall cease receiving Solid Waste and/or Beneficial Use Materials for disposal or processing in accordance with Condition No. 36 of this grant.
- aaaa. "Trash" shall have the same meaning as "Solid Waste," as defined in this grant.
- bbbb. "Wasteshed Area" shall mean the Santa Clarita Valley as defined by the Los Angeles County Area Plan, which was updated and adopted by the Board of Supervisors on November 27, 2012.
- cccc. "Working Face" shall mean the working surface of the Landfill upon which Solid Waste is deposited during the Landfill operation prior to the placement of cover material.
- 2. Unless otherwise expressly provided in this grant, applicable federal, state, or local definitions shall apply to the terms used in this grant. Also, whenever a definition or other provision of this grant refers to a particular statute, code, regulation, ordinance, or other regulatory enactment, that definition or other provision shall include, for the life of this grant, any amendments made to the pertinent statute, code, regulation, ordinance, or other regulatory enactment.
- 3. This grant shall not be effective for any purpose until the Permittee, and the owner of the subject property (if other than the Permittee), have filed at the office of the Department their affidavit stating that they are aware of and agree to accept all of

the conditions of this grant, and that the conditions of this grant have been recorded as required by Condition No. 8, and until all required monies have been paid pursuant to Condition Nos. 11, 16, 18, and 123. Notwithstanding the foregoing, this Condition No. 3 and Condition Nos. 5, 6, 9, and 11 shall be effective immediately upon the Approval Date of this grant by the County. Notwithstanding Condition No. 16 of this grant, the filing of such affidavit constitutes a waiver of the Permittee's right to challenge any provision of this grant.

- 4. The Permittee shall defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the County, its agents, officers, and employees from any claim, action, or proceeding against the County or its agents, officers, or employees brought by any third party to attack, set aside, void, or annul this permit approval, or any related discretionary approval, whether legislative or quasi-judicial, which action is brought within the applicable time period of California Government Code Section 65009 or other applicable limitations period. The County shall promptly notify the Permittee of any claim, action, or proceeding, and the County shall fully cooperate in the defense. If the County fails to promptly notify the Permittee of any claim, action, or proceeding, or if the County fails to cooperate fully in the defense, the Permittee shall not thereafter be responsible to defend, indemnify, or hold harmless the County.
- 5. The Permittee shall defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the County, its agents, officers, and employees from any claim, action, or proceeding against the County for damages resulting from water, air, or soil contamination, health impacts, or loss of property value during the operation, or Closure or Post-Closure Maintenance of the Facility.
- 6. In the event that any claim, action, or proceeding as described above is filed against the County, the Permittee shall within 10 days of the filing make an initial deposit with the Department of \$10,000 from which actual costs and expenses shall be billed and deducted for the purpose of defraying the costs or expenses involved in the Department's cooperation in the defense, including but not limited to, depositions, testimony, and other assistance provided to the Permittee or the Permittee's counsel.

If during the litigation process, actual costs or expenses incurred reach 80 percent of the amount on deposit, the Permittee shall deposit additional funds sufficient to bring the balance up to the amount of \$10,000. There is no limit to the number of supplemental deposits that may be required prior to completion of the litigation.

At the sole discretion of the Permittee, the amount of an initial or any supplemental deposit may exceed the minimum amounts defined herein. Additionally, the cost for collection and duplication of records and other related documents shall be paid by the Permittee according to County Code Section 2.170.010.

- 7. If any material provision of this grant is held or declared to be invalid by court of competent jurisdiction, the permit shall be void, and the privileges granted hereunder shall lapse.
- 8. Prior to the Effective Date of this grant, the Permittee, or the owner of the subject property if other than the Permittee, shall record the terms and conditions of this grant in the office of the County Registrar Recorder/County Clerk ("Recorder"). In addition, upon any transfer or lease of the subject property during the term of this grant, the Permittee or the owner of the subject property if other than the Permittee, shall promptly provide a copy of the grant and its terms and conditions to the transferee or lessee of the subject property. Upon recordation, the Permittee shall provide an official copy of the recorded conditions to the Director of Regional Planning.
- 9. This grant shall expire unless it is used within one year from the Approval Date of the grant. A single one-year time extension may be requested in writing and with the payment of the applicable fee prior to such expiration date. This grant shall be considered used upon the receipt of Solid Waste at the Facility and disposal activities any day after Approval Date and Permittee has completed the requirements of Condition No. 3.
- 10. The subject property shall be developed, maintained, and operated in full compliance with the conditions of this grant, and any law, statute, ordinance, or other regulation applicable to any development or activity on the subject property. Failure of the Permittee to cease any development or activity not in full compliance shall be a violation of this grant. Inspections shall be made to ensure compliance with the conditions of this grant as well as to ensure that any development undertaken on the subject property is in accordance with the approved site plan on file.

The Permittee shall also comply with the conditions and requirements of all permits or approvals issued by other government agencies or departments, including, but not limited to, the permits or approvals issued by:

- a. The California Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery ("CalRecycle");
- b. The County LEA/Los Angeles County Department of Public Health ("DPH"), including the DPH letter dated 2/23/17 and all other DPH requirements;
- c. The Los Angeles County Department of Public Works ("Public Works");
- d. The Los Angeles County Solid Waste Management Committee/Integrated Waste Management Task Force;
- e. The California Air Resource Board ("CARB");
- f. The California Regional Water Quality Control Board ("CRWQCB");

- g. The South Coast Air Quality Management District ("SCAQMD");
- h. The California Department of Fish and Game;
- i. The United States Army Corps of Engineers;
- j. The California Department of Health Services;
- k. The Los Angeles County Fire Department, including the requirements in the Fire Department letter dated 2/24/17; Applicant must receive Fire Department clearance of gated entrance design off Wolcott Way and Fuel Modification Plan prior to effective date of the permit, and comply with all other Fire Department requirements; and
- I. The Los Angeles County Department of Regional Planning.

The Permittee shall not engage in activities which may impede the abilities of these agencies and other consultants hired by the County to conduct inspections of the site, whether announced or unscheduled.

- 11. Within five (5) working days of the Approval Date of this grant, the Permittee shall remit processing fees payable to the County of Los Angeles in connection with the filing and posting of a Notice of Determination (NOD) for this project and its entitlements in compliance with Section 21152 of the California Public Resources Code. Unless a Certificate of Exemption is issued by the California Department of Fish and Game pursuant to Section 711.4 of the California Fish and Game Code, the Permittee shall pay the fees in effect at the time of the filing of the NOD, as provided for in Section 711.4 of the Fish and Game Code, the Permittee shall pay the fees in effect at the time of the filing of the NOD, as provided for in Section 711.4 of the Fish and Game Code, currently \$3,153.25 (\$3,078.25 for an Environmental Impact Report plus \$75.00 processing fee.) No land use project subject to this requirement is final, vested or operative until the fee is paid.
- 12. Upon the Effective Date, the Permittee shall cease all development and other activities that are not in full compliance with Condition No. 10, and the failure to do so shall be a violation of this grant. The Permittee shall keep all required permits in full force and effect and shall fully comply with all requirements thereof. Failure of the Permittee to provide any information requested by County staff regarding any such required permit shall constitute a violation of this grant and shall be subject to any and all penalties described in Condition No. 18.
 - It is hereby declared to be the intent of this grant that if any provision of this grant is held or declared to be invalid, the permit shall be void, and the privileges granted hereunder shall lapse.
- 13. To the extent permitted by law, the Department or DPH shall have the authority to order the immediate cessation of landfill operations or other activities at the Facility if the Board, Department or DPH determines that such cessation is necessary for

the health, safety, and/or welfare of the County's residents or the environment. Such cessation shall continue until such time as the Department or DPH determines that the conditions leading to the cessation have been eliminated or reduced to such a level that there no longer exists an unacceptable threat to the health, safety, and/or welfare of the County's residents or the environment.

- 14. The Permittee shall comply with all mitigation measures identified in the Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program ("MMRP"), which are incorporated by this reference as if set forth fully herein.
- 15. The Permittee shall comply with the Implementation and Monitoring Program ("IMP"), which is attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference.
- 16. Within 30 days of the Approval Date, the Permittee shall record a covenant and agreement, which attaches the MMRP and the IMP and agrees to comply with the mitigation measures imposed by the Environmental Impact Report for this project and the provisions of the IMP, in the office of the Recorder. Prior to recordation, the Permittee shall submit a draft copy of the covenant and agreement to the Department for review and approval. As a means of ensuring the effectiveness of the mitigation measures and IMP measures, the Permittee shall submit annual mitigation monitoring reports to the Department for approval, or as required, with a copy of such reports to the Department of Public Works, the CAC and the TAC. The report shall describe the status of the Permittee's compliance with the required measures. The report shall be due for submittal on July 1st of each year and shall be submitted for review and approval no later than March 30th annually.
- Within 30 days of the Approval Date of this grant, the Permittee 17. shall deposit an initial sum of \$10,000.00 with the Department in order to defray the cost of reviewing and verifying the information contained in the reports required by the MMRP and inspecting the premises to ensure compliance with the MMRP and to undertake any other activity of the Department to ensure that the mitigation measures are satisfied, including, but not limited to, carrying out the following activities: enforcement, permitting, inspections, providing administrative support in the oversight and enforcement of mitigation measures. performing technical studies, and retaining the services of an independent consultant for any of the aforementioned purposes, or for routine monitoring of any and/or all of the mitigation measures. If the actual costs incurred pursuant to this Condition No. 17 (a) have reached 80 percent of the amount of the initial deposit (\$10,000), and the Permittee has been so notified, the Permittee shall deposit supplemental funds to bring the balance up to the amount of the initial deposit (\$10,000) within 10 business days of such notification. There is no limit to the number of supplemental deposits that may be required during the life of this grant. The Permittee shall replenish the mitigation monitoring account if necessary until all mitigation measures have been implemented and completed. Any balance remaining in the mitigation monitoring account upon completion of all measures and completion of the need for further monitoring or review by the

Department shall be returned to the Permittee.

18. Notice is hereby given that any person violating a provision of this grant is guilty of a misdemeanor pursuant to Section 22.60.340 of the County Code. Notice is further given that the Regional Planning Commission ("Commission") or a Hearing Officer may, after conducting a public hearing in accordance with Section 22.56.1780, et seq. of the County Code, revoke or modify this grant, if the Commission or Hearing Officer finds that these conditions have been violated or that this grant has been exercised so as to be detrimental to the public's health or safety or so as to be a nuisance, or as otherwise authorized pursuant to Chapter 22.56, Part 13 of the County Code.

In addition to, or in lieu of, the provisions just described, the Permittee shall be subject to a penalty for violating any provision of this grant in an amount determined by the Director of Regional Planning, not to exceed \$1,000 per day per violation. For this purpose, the Permittee shall deposit the sum of \$30,000 in an interest-bearing trust fund with the Department within 30 days after the Effective Date to establish a draw-down account. The Permittee shall be sent a written notice for any such violation with the associated penalty, and if the noticed violation has not been remedied within 30 days from the date of the notice, to the satisfaction of the Director of Regional Planning, the stated penalty, in the written notice shall be deducted from the draw-down account. If the stated violation is corrected within 30 days from the date of the notice, no amount shall be deducted from the draw-down account. Notwithstanding the previous sentence, if the stated violation is corrected within 30 days from the date of the notice but said violation recurs any time within a 6 month period, the stated penalty will be automatically deducted from the draw-down account upon such recurrence and the Permittee will be notified of such deduction. If the deposit is ever depleted by 50 percent of the initial deposit amount (\$15,000), the Permittee shall deposit additional funds sufficient to bring the balance up to the amount of the initial deposit (\$30,000) within 10 business days of notification of the depletion. There shall be no limit to the number of supplemental deposits that may be required during the life of this grant. The balance remaining in the drawdown account, including interest, shall be returned to the Permittee upon the Director of Public Works' determination that the Landfill is no longer a threat to public health, safety, and the environment.

If the Permittee is dissatisfied with any notice of violation as described in the preceding paragraph, the Permittee may appeal the notice of violation to the Hearing Officer pursuant to Section 22.60.390(C)(1) of the County Code within 15 days of receipt by the Permittee of the notice of violation. The Hearing Officer shall consider such appeal and shall take one of the following actions regarding the appeal:

a. Affirm the notice of violation;

- b. Rescind the notice of violation; or
- c. Modify the notice of violation.

The decision of the Hearing Officer is final and shall not be subject to further administrative appeal.

- 19. All requirements of Title 22 of the County Code and of the specific zoning of the subject property must be complied with unless otherwise modified as set forth in these conditions or as shown on the approved Site Plan or Exhibit "A", or on a revised Exhibit "A" approved by the Director of Regional Planning.
- 20. All structures, walls, and fences open to public view shall remain free of graffiti or other extraneous markings, drawings, or signage that was not approved by the Department. These shall include any of the above that do not directly relate to the business being operated at the Facility or that do not provide pertinent information about the Facility. The only exceptions shall be seasonal decorations or signage provided under the auspices of a civic or non-profit organization.

In the event of graffiti or other extraneous markings occurring, the Permittee shall remove or cover said markings, drawings, or signage within 24 hours of notification of such occurrence, weather permitting. Paint utilized in covering such markings shall be of a color that matches, as closely as possible, the color of the adjacent surfaces.

The Permittee shall also establish and maintain a graffiti deterrent program for approval by the Department of Public Works. An approved copy shall be provided to the Graffiti Abatement Section of the Department of Public Works.

PROJECT SPECIFIC CONDITIONS

GENERAL PROVISIONS

- 21. Upon the Effective Date, this grant shall supersede Conditional Use Permit ("CUP") 89-081(5) and shall authorize the continued operation of a Class III (non-hazardous) Solid Waste landfill on the subject property. The maximum tonnage capacity to be received at the Facility shall be as follows:
 - a. Average Daily Tonnage Capacity The amount of Solid Waste that may be disposed of in the Landfill shall average 5,000 tons per day, Monday to Saturday, provided the weekly total shall not exceed 30,000 tons in any given week. The overall average daily capacity of all incoming materials received for processing, disposal, and beneficial use at the facility shall not exceed 6,730 tons per day.

- b. <u>Facility Daily Maximum Capacity</u> The maximum tonnage of any combination of Solid Waste and other materials received by the Facility for processing, Beneficial Use Materials (including Composting) and disposal shall not exceed 12,000 tons on any given day, provided the Monthly Tonnage Capacity shall not be exceeded.
- c. <u>Monthly Tonnage Capacity</u> The total quantity of all materials received for processing, disposal, and Beneficial Use Materials at the Facility shall not exceed 175,000 tons in any given month. The amount of Beneficial Use Materials processed and/ or disposed in any given month shall not exceed 58,333 and 1/3 tons.
- d. <u>Composting Facility Capacity</u> The amount of incoming materials for processing at the Organic Waste Composting Facility shall not exceed 560 tons per day. This amount shall also be included in the amount of Beneficial Use Materials allowed.
- e. <u>Facility Annual Maximum Capacity</u> The maximum annual tonnage capacity of all materials received by the Facility for processing shall not exceed 2,100,000 tons in any calendar year. Of this overall tonnage, Solid Waste disposed may not exceed 1,400,000 tons and Beneficial Use Materials (including Compost) may not exceed 700,000 tons in any calendar year.
- 22. The Board may increase the maximum daily, monthly or annual amounts of Solid Waste allowed by Condition No. 21 if, upon the joint recommendation of the DPH and the Department of Public Works, the Board determines that an increase is necessary to appropriately manage the overall County waste stream for the protection of public health and safety, including at the time of a declared local, regional, state or national disaster or emergency.
- 23. The County reserves the right to exercise its police power to protect the public health, safety, and general welfare of County residents by managing the Countywide waste stream, including preventing predatory pricing. The Permittee shall not adopt waste disposal practices/policies at the Facility which discriminate against self-haulers, waste haulers, and other solid waste enterprises delivering waste originating in the Unincorporated Los Angeles County areas.
- 24. This grant shall also authorize the following Ancillary Facilities and activities at the Facility, as shown on the approved Exhibit "A", subject to the conditions of this grant:
 - a. Office and employee facilities directly related to the Landfill, including offices or other facilities related to any other enterprise operated by the Permittee or other person or entity employed by the Permittee or acting on its behalf;

- b. Operations related to the placement and disposal of Solid Waste;
- c. Paint booth for equipment and containers;
- d. Leachate collection and management facilities;
- e. Facilities necessary for the collection, utilization, and distribution of Landfill gases, as required and/or approved by the Department of Public Works, the DPH, or the SCAQMD;
- f. Facilities necessary for the maintenance of machinery and equipment used at the Landfill, excluding Solid Waste collection equipment and vehicles, and equipment or machinery used by the Permittee in other enterprises;
- g. On-site waste diversion and recycling activities consistent in scale and purpose with the agreement entered into pursuant to Condition No. 43 of this grant;
- h. Facilities necessary for Environmental Protection and Control Systems, including flare stations, storage tanks, sedimentation basins, and drainage devices;
- i. Storage and repair of bins utilized for Landfill activities;
- j. Household hazardous waste consolidation area;
- k. Household Hazardous Waste Facility;
- I. Organics Waste Composting Facility;
- m. Landfill Gas-to-Energy Plant; and
- n. Conversion Technology Facility.

In the event that revisions to the approved Site Plan, including the approved Exhibit "A", consistent with the intent of this grant and the scope of the supporting environmental documentation are proposed, such revised Site Plan shall be submitted to the Department of Public Works for review and pre-approval, and to the Director of Regional Planning for final approval, with copies filed with the Department of Public Works and the DPH. For the life of this grant there shall be no revisions to the approved Exhibit "A" that change the Limits of Fill, and no Site Plan shall be approved that will change the Limits of Fill.

25. Household Hazardous Waste Facility and its operations shall be subject to the

following use restrictions and pursuant to Condition No. 122 of this grant:

- a. Household Hazardous Waste Facility may be used by the general public to drop off household hazardous wastes, including, but not limited to, used motor oil, used latex paints, used anti-freeze, and used batteries; and other wastes as may be defined in the Operating Agreement. The Household Hazardous Waste Facility is not to be used for general use by commercial or industrial entities except for Conditionally Exempt Small Quantity Generators, which shall mean a generator that generates no more than 100 kilograms of hazardous waste in any calandar month.
- b. The Household Hazardous Waste Facility shall be no smaller than 2,500 square feet in size, exclusive of ingress and egress.
- c. Recyclable materials shall not be collected in quantities or stored for periods which would cause the need for a hazardous waste facilities permit unless such permit has been obtained.
- d. Operating hours shall be as defined in the Operating Agreement, but in no event shall those hours exceed 6:00 a.m. to 9:00 pm, 7 days per week.
- e. The Household Hazardous Waste Facility shall be staffed continuously during operating hours by a person(s) trained in hazardous material handling and management.
- f. Household Hazardous Waste Facility development shall substantially conform to Exhibit "A", any requirements of this grant, and the mitigations listed in the visual impact section of the mitigation monitoring summary reference in the MMRP.
- 26. Permittee may construct and operate an Organic Waste Composting Facility together with certain ancillary and related activities as enumerated herein, subject to the following restrictions as to use:
 - a. The facility may be used to receive process and compost green waste, food waste, and other organics waste materials and to store and distribute mulch, biomass fuel and compost.
 - b. The facility location shall be designated on the Site Plan Exhibit "A" or an approved Revised Exhibit "A" prior to beginning operations. The location shall be approved by the Director of Public Works and shall be far away from residential and business areas. The facility shall be enclosed.
 - c. The Organic Waste Composting Facility operation shall receive no more than 560 tons per day of green waste, food waste, and other organics waste materials. No wastewater biosolids (e.g. sludge or sludge

components) shall be allowed.

- d. Operating hours shall be within the hours of 5 a.m. to 6 p.m., Monday to Saturday.
- e. Access by customers for purposes of removing the solid products and byproducts including finished mulch and compost shall not occur outside hours of 5:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Monday to Saturday.
- f. Permittee shall comply with all rules for odor abatement and prevention of the South Coast Air Quality Management District and the DPH. The Permittee shall not allow odors to become a nuisance in adjacent residential and business areas. In the event odors become a nuisance in adjacent residential and business areas, Permittee shall take all necessary steps to abate that nuisance. If the Permittee, despite the application of the best available technology and methodology, cannot abate the nuisance odors resulting from Organic Waste Composting Facility operations, the Permittee shall terminate such operations.
- g. Upon commencement date of the Organic Waste Composting Facility, the Permittee shall submit to the Department of Public Works, DPH-SWMP, and SCAQMD an Odor Control and Mitigation Plan for operation of the this facility.
- 27. The Final Cover of the Landfill shall not exceed the permitted elevation of 1,430 feet above mean sea level, and the Footprint shall not exceed the total permitted disposal area of 400 acres. No portion of the Landfill shall extend beyond the Limits of Fill as shown on the approved Exhibit "A." The existing Landfill consists of the following as shown on the approved Exhibit "A": existing Primary Canyon (55 acres, currently completely filled); existing Canyon B (14 acres, currently completely filled); existing Main Canyon (188 acres, currently 182 acres have been filled); and new fill areas (143 acres currently unfilled), together with certain ancillary and related activities, as enumerated herein, subject to the restrictions contained in this grant.
- 28. The Permittee shall not sever, sell, or convey any portion or the entirety of property for which this CUP is granted without first notifying the Department, with a copy to the Department of Public Works, at least 90 days in advance. Any future receiver of the subject property shall be required to acknowledge and accept all conditions of this grant prior to finalization of any conveyance.
- 29. The Permittee shall keep all required permits in full force and effect, and shall fully comply with all requirements thereof. Failure of the Permittee to provide any information requested by County staff regarding any such required permit shall constitute a violation of this grant, and shall be subject to any and all penalties described in Condition No. 18.

- 30. Nothing in these conditions shall be construed to require the Permittee to engage in any act that is in violation of any state or federal statute or regulation.
- 31. The Permittee shall reimburse DPH for personnel, transportation, equipment, and facility costs incurred in carrying out inspection duties as set forth in the SWMP, including maintaining at least one full time inspector at the Facility at least once a week when waste is received and processed to the extent that these costs are not covered by the fees already paid for administration of the SWFP for the Landfill.

INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS

- 32. Prior to the Effective Date, and thereafter on an annual basis, the Permittee shall provide evidence of insurance coverage to the Department of Public Works in the amount of at least \$40 million that meets County requirements and that satisfies all the requirements set forth in this Condition No. 32. Such coverage shall be maintained throughout the term of this grant and until such time as all Post-Closure Maintenance requirements are met by the Permittee and certified by the appropriate local, state and federal agencies. Such insurance coverage shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following: general liability, automobile liability and pollution liability, and clean-up cost insurance coverage with, an endorsement for "Sudden and Accidental" contamination or pollution. Such coverage shall be in an amount sufficient to meet all applicable state, federal, and local requirements, with no special limitations. Upon certification of coverage, and annually thereafter, a copy of such certification shall be provided to the Department of Public Works.
- 33. To ensure that the Permittee has sufficient funds at Closure to provide for the continued payment of insurance premiums for the period described in Condition No. 32 of this grant, the Permittee shall, within 60 months prior to the anticipated Closure Date, and annually thereafter, provide financial assurance satisfactory to the Department of Public Works that meets County requirements as approved by the CEO showing its ability to maintain all insurance coverage and indemnification requirements of Condition Nos. 32 and 34 of this grant. Such financial assurance shall be in the form of a trust fund or other financial instrument acceptable to the County. the Department of Public Works shall administer the trust fund, and all interest earned or accrued by the fund shall remain in the fund to keep pace with the cost of inflation.
- 34. To ensure that the Permittee has sufficient funds for the Landfill's Closure and/or the Post-Closure Maintenance and maintenance of the Environmental Protection and Control System, the Permittee shall, within 60 months of the anticipated Closure Date, and annually thereafter, provide financial assurance satisfactory to the Department of Public Works that meets County requirements as approved by the CEO that it is financially able to carry out these functions

in perpetuity or until the Landfill no longer is a threat to public health and safety as determined by the Department of Public Works. The Department of Public Works' determination shall be based on an engineering study prepared by an independent consultant selected by the Department of Public Works. The Permittee shall pay all costs associated with the independent consultant and the study within 30 days of receiving the invoice for the consultant's services. Such financial assurance shall be in the form of a trust fund or other financial instrument acceptable to the Department of Public Works. Permittee shall pay into the fund annually and the Department of Public Works shall administer the fund, and all interest earned or accrued by the fund shall remain in the fund to keep pace with the cost of inflation. The Department of Public Works may consider, at its sole discretion, the financial assurance mechanism required under State law and regulation in meeting the intent of this Condition No. 34.

PERIODIC REVIEW

Not less than one year before the 5th anniversary of the effective date of this 35. grant, the Permittee shall initiate a Periodic Review with the Department. Additional Periodic Reviews shall be initiated by the Permittee not less than one year before the 10th, 15th, 20th, and 25th anniversaries of the effective date of this grant. Additional Periodic Reviews may also be required at the discretion of the Director of Regional Planning. The purpose of the Periodic Reviews is to consider new or changed circumstances, such as physical development near the Project Site, improved technological innovations in environmental protection and control systems, and other best management practices that might significantly improve the operations of the Facility, and to determine if any changes to the facility operations and IMP are warranted based on the changed circumstances. To initiate the Periodic Review the Permittee shall submit for review a permit requirement compliance study which details the status of the Permittee's compliance with the conditions of approval of this grant. Additionally, an updated Closure Plan and Post-Closure Maintenance Plan shall be submitted to the Department and the TAC for review at this time, as well as the comprehensive waste disposal study referred to in Condition No. 103, and any other information that is deemed necessary by the Department to ensure that the landfill operations are operating as efficiently and effectively as possible and that any potential adverse impacts are minimized, and that the Facility is not causing adverse impacts or nuisance in the surrounding communities.

The cost of the Periodic Reviews shall be borne by the Permittee and is to be paid through the draw-down account referred to in Condition No. 123a. For each Periodic Review, a report based on the latest information shall be made to the Hearing Officer by Department staff at a public hearing pursuant to Part 4 of Chapter 22.60 of the County Code. Each report shall include a review of the performance of the landfill and recommendations for any actions to be taken if found necessary. Such actions may include changes or modifications to the IMP, including any measures necessary to ensure that the landfill will continue

to operate in a safe and effective manner and the landfill closure will be accomplished timely and effectively. The decision of the Hearing Officer on the Periodic Review may be appealed to the Regional Planning Commission. The decision of the Regional Planning Commission shall be final.

TERMINATION REQUIREMENTS

- 36. The maximum life of this grant shall be 30 years, effective from the Approval Date. The Termination Date shall be either date that 1) the Landfill reaches its Limits of Fill as depicted on Exhibit "A" (Elevation 1,430 feet Alternative), or 2) 60 million tons, or 3) 30 years after the Approval Date of this grant, whichever occurs first. At least twelve (12) months prior to the 20th anniversary of the Approval Date, if the Permittee has not exhausted the available Landfill capacity within the Limits of Fill depicted on Exhibit "A", the Permittee shall conduct a study to determine the remaining capacity of the Landfill and identify all activities and schedules required for the Closure and Post-Closure maintenance of the Facility. The study shall be submitted to the TAC and CAC for their independent review. Upon their review, the TAC and CAC shall report to the Director of Regional Planning their findings regarding the remaining capacity of the Landfill and the Termination Date. Upon consideration of their findings, the Director of Regional Planning shall establish a certain Termination Date for the Landfill, but in no event shall the Termination Date be a date that is later than 30 years after the Approval Date.
- 37. Upon the Termination Date, the Facility shall no longer receive Solid Waste and/or Beneficial Use Materials for disposal or processing; however, the Permittee shall be authorized to continue operation of any and all facilities of the Landfill as are necessary to complete: (1) the mitigation measures required by this grant; (2) the Closure and Post-Closure Maintenance required by federal, state, and local agencies; and (3) all monitoring and maintenance of the Environmental Protection and Control Systems required by Condition No. 86. No later than 6 months after the Termination Date, all Landfill facilities not required for the above-mentioned functions shall be removed from the subject property unless they are allowed as a matter of right by the zoning regulations then in effect.

OPERATING HOURS

- 38. The Facility shall be subject to the following operating hours:
 - a. The Facility may receive Solid Waste and Beneficial Use Materials only between the hours of 4 a.m. to 7 p.m., Monday through Saturday. At any given time, no offsite queuing shall be allowed.
 - b. The Facility and all of its operations shall be closed on Sundays.

- c. Facility operations, such as site preparation and maintenance activities, waste processing, and the application of cover, may be conducted only between the hours of 5 a.m. and 10 p.m., Monday through Saturday. This operating restriction shall not apply to Facility activities that require continuous operation, such as gas control.
- d. Equipment maintenance activities at the Facility may be conducted only between the hours of 5 a.m. and 10 p.m., Monday through Saturday.
- e. No diesel vehicle shall be started at the Facility between the hours of 10 p.m. and 5 a.m.
- f. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Condition No. 38, emergency operations, mitigation measures necessary to avoid adverse environmental impacts, and equipment repairs, which cannot be accomplished within the hours set forth in this Condition No. 38, may occur at any time if approved via written electronic authorization by the DPH. A copy of this authorization shall be provided to the Director of Regional Planning.
- g. Notwithstanding the forgoing, Solid Waste and Beneficial Use Materials may be received at other times than those just described, except on Sundays, if the DPH determines that extended hours are necessary for the preservation of public health and safety.

MAXIMIZING FACILITY CAPACITY

- 39. The Permittee shall prepare fill sequencing plans for Landfill operations to maximize Landfill capacity, and such plans must be technically, environmentally, and economically feasible. The Permittee shall submit fill sequencing plans to the Department of Public Works for review and approval within 90 days after the Effective Date so that the Department of Public Works can verify that the plans have been properly prepared and adequately reflect the amount of material that will be placed in the Landfill. Any subsequent changes to the approved sequencing plans must be approved by the Department of Public Works prior to implementation. The plans approved by the Department of Public Works shall not be in conflict with those contained in the latest State-approved Joint Technical Document for the Facility.
- 40. Within 180 days after the Effective Date, or a longer period if approved by the Department of Public Works, the Permittee shall adopt and implement appropriate measures to ensure that the method to determine that the waste origin and the amount of Solid Waste received, processed and/or disposed at the facility is accurate. The permittee shall comply with this condition and Part IV of the IMP.

The waste origin and reporting program shall be developed by the Permittee for review and approval by Public Works. The Permittee shall submit the data from this program on a monthly basis to Public Works for review or at other frequency as determined by the Director of Public Works. Based on the initial results from this program, Public Works may require the Permittee to modify the program or to develop or implement additional monitoring or enforcement programs to ensure that the intent of this Condition No. 40 is satisfied.

The Waste origin and reporting program shall include all incoming solid waste, beneficial use materials, composting materials, clean soil used for daily and intermediate cover, and any other material coming to the Facility.

- 41. The Permittee shall operate the Facility in a manner that maximizes the amount of Solid Waste that can be disposed of in the Landfill, by, at a minimum:
 - Implementing waste compaction methods to equal or exceed the compaction rates of comparable privately-operated landfills in Los Angeles County;
 - Investigating and implementing methods to divert or reduce intake of high volume, low-density materials that are incapable of being readily compacted;
 - Investigating and implementing methods to reduce the volume of daily cover required at the Landfill as allowed by the appropriate regulatory agencies;
 - d. Utilizing waste materials received and processed at the Facility as an alternative to daily intermediate, and Final Cover, to the extent such usage is deemed technically feasible and proper by the appropriate regulatory agencies. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, green waste, automobile shredder waste, cement kiln dust, dredge spoils, foundry sands, processed exploration waste from oil wells and contaminated sites, production waste, shredded tires, and foam shall not be used as daily, intermediate, or Final Cover at the Landfill:
 - e. To the extent economically and practically feasible, Construction and Demolition Debris shall not be disposed, but rather be separated, and recycled and/or made available for reuse, consistent with the goals of the California Integrated Waste Management Act of 1989;
 - f. Investigating and implementing methods to recycle manure; and
 - g. All Solid Waste accepted at the Facility that originates from outside the Santa Clarita Valley, including the metropolitan area of Los Angeles County, must be pre-processed or undergo front-end recovery methods to remove

all Beneficial Use Materials and Construction and Demolition Debris from the waste stream prior to transport to the Facility to the maximum extent practicable, as determined by the Department of Public Works. As part of its annual report to the TAC and CAC required by the IMP, the Permittee shall submit documentation detailing the results of this requirement. The report must at a minimum include the types, quantity, and amount of all Beneficial Use Materials and Construction and Demolition Debris recovered from the waste stream. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Solid Waste originating from residential areas with a 3-bin curbside collection system is exempt from this requirement.

- 42. To the extent feasible, the Permittee shall minimize the disposal of Solid Waste into the Landfill that is required to be diverted or recycled under the County's Source Reduction and Recycling Element of the Countywide Integrated Waste Management Plan, adopted pursuant to Division 30 of the California Public Resources Code, and/or the Waste Plan Conformance Agreement, approved by the Board on November 21, 2000, as these documents and agreements may be amended.
- 43. Within 180 days after the Effective Date, and thereafter as is necessary, the Waste Plan Conformance Agreement referred to in Condition No. 42 shall be amended and approved to be consistent with applicable County waste management plans. The Director of Public Works shall be authorized to execute all amendments to the Waste Plan Conformance Agreement on behalf of the County. This Agreement shall continue to provide for: (1) the control of and accounting for all the Solid Waste, and Beneficial Use Material and Composting Materials entering into, and for recycled or diverted material leaving, the Facility; (2) the implementation and enforcement of programs intended to maximize the utilization of available fill capacity as set forth in Condition No. 41; and (3) the implementation of waste diversion and recycling programs in accordance with applicable County waste management plans.
- 44. Within 180 days after the Effective Date, or a longer period if approved by the Department of Public Works, the Permittee shall adopt a program to assist the County in its diversion efforts, including:
 - a. Utilizing alternative daily cover at the Landfill, to the extent permitted by the appropriate regulatory agencies.
 - b. Using a portion of the Facility to transfer loads of commingled recyclables to sorting facilities.
 - c. To the extent feasible, recovering scrap metal and other materials from loads of waste received at the Facility.
 - d. To the extent feasible, recovering and recylcling Construction and

Demolition Debris received at the Facility to be placed into the economic mainstream and/or reusing it at the Facility to the extent that it is appropriate for the specific use and in accordance with engineering, industry guidelines, or other standard practices in accordance with 14 CCR § 20686.

- e. Composting shredded wood waste and organics at the Landfill including but not limited to Anaerobic Digestion Composting, provided such composting project is approved by the Department of Public Works and is consistent with the intent of this permit.
- f. Stockpiling and grinding of wood/green material for use as mulch, boiler fuel, or feedstock for an alternative energy project, provided such energy project is approved by the Department of Public Works and is consistent with the intent of this permit.
- g. Stockpiling and grinding of concrete/asphalt material for use as base, road material, and/or decking material.
- h. Development of Conversion Technologies to divert waste from disposal provided such Conversion Technology project is approved by the Department of Public Works and is consistent with the intent of this permit.
- i. Consolidation of electronic waste such as computers, televisions, VCRs, stereos, copiers, and fax machines.
- j. Consolidation of white goods such as referigerators, stoves, ovens, and other white-coated major appliances.
- k. Implementing a comprehensive public awareness and education program informing Santa Clarita Valley residents of the Facility's recycling activities/programs. The program must be submitted to the Department of Public Works for review and approval within 90 days after the Effective Date.
- 45. The Permittee shall discourage haulers from delivering partial truck loads to the Facility, and from delivering trucks to the Facility during peak commuting hours; higher tipping fees for such behavior is recommended. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, in lieu of charging higher tipping fees, the Permittee may implement some other program, as approved by the Department of Public Works, to discourage this type of activity by its customers.

PROHIBITED MATERIALS

46. The following types of waste shall constitute prohibited waste and shall not be received, processed nor disposed of at the Facility: Automobile Shredder

Waste; Biosolid; Sludge, or Sewage Sludge; incinerator ash; radioactive material; hazardous waste, as defined in Title 22, Section 66261.3 of the California Code of Regulations; medical waste, as defined in Section 117690 of the California Health & Safety Code; liquid waste; waste that contains soluble pollutants in concentrations that exceed applicable water quality objectives; and waste that can cause degradation of waters in the State, as determined by the RWQCB. The Permittee shall implement a comprehensive Waste Load Checking Program, approved by the DPH, to preclude disposal of prohibited waste at the Landfill. The program shall comply with this Condition No. 46, Part IV of the IMP, and any other requirements of the DPH, the State Department of Health Services, the State Department of Toxic Substances Control, and the RWQCB.

- 47. Notices regarding the disposal restrictions of prohibited waste at the Facility and the procedures for dealing with prohibited waste shall be provided to waste haulers and private users on a routine basis. These notices shall be printed in English and Spanish and shall be posted at prominent locations at the Facility indicating that anyone intentionally or negligently bringing prohibited waste to the Facility may be prosecuted to the fullest extent allowed by law.
- 48. In the event that material suspected or known to be prohibited waste is discovered at the Facility, the Permittee shall:
 - a. Obtain driver's name, company name, address, and any other information as appropriate, and vehicle license number;
 - b. Immediately notify all appropriate state and County agencies, as required by federal, state, and local law and regulations;
 - c. If Permittee discovers that such prohibited material has been accepted at the Facilityand after further review it is determined that it cannot immediately be removed by a licensed hauler, Permittee shall store the material at an appropriate site approved by the DPH and the RWQCB until it is disposed of in accordance with applicable state and local regulations; and
 - d. Maintain a record of the prohibited waste to be part of the Permittee's annual report required under the IMP, and to include, at a minimum, the following information:
 - i. A description, nature, and quantity of the prohibited waste;
 - ii. The name and address of the source of the prohibited waste, if known;
 - iii. The quantity of total prohibited waste involved;
 - iv. The specific handling procedures used; and

v. A certification of the authenticity of the information provided.

Nothing in this Condition No. 48 shall be construed to permit the Permittee to operate the Facility in any way so as to constitute a Hazardous Waste Disposal Facility, as defined under state law.

GRADING/DRAINAGE

- 49. Except as otherwise provided in this Condition No. 49, areas outside of the Limits of Fill shall not be graded or similarly disturbed to create additional Landfill area, except that additional grading may be approved by the Department of Public Works if the Department of Public Works determines, based on engineering studies provided by the Permittee and independently evaluated by the Department of Public Works, that such additional grading or disturbance is necessary for slope stability or drainage purposes. Such a determination by the Department of Public Works shall be documented in accordance with Part I of the IMP, and the Permittee shall submit a revised Site Plan for review and approval by the Department of Public Works to show the additional grading and/or disturbance. A copy of the approved revised Site Plan shall be filed with the Director of Regional Planning, the Department of Public Works, and DPH. For the life of this grant, there shall be no revisions to the approved Exhibit "A", that will change the Limits of Fill, and no Site Plan shall be approved that will change the Limits of Fill.
- 50. Nothing in this grant shall be construed as prohibiting the installation of water tanks, access roads, flares, or other similar facilities at the Facility, or implementing any mitigation program, that is required by this grant or by any other permit issued by a public agency in connection with the Landfill.
- 51. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this grant, no approval shall be granted to the Permittee that will modify the authorized Limits of Fill or that will lower or significantly modify any of the ridgelines surrounding the Landfill.
- 52. Permittee The shall comply with all grading requirements the Department of Public Works and the County Code. In addition to any other requirements that may apply, the Permittee shall obtain prior approval from the Department of Public Works for all grading that is outside the Landfill footprint and all grading within the Landfill footprint that could impact off-site property as determined by the Department of Public Works, including, but not limited to. grading in connection with cell development, stockpiling, or excavation for borrow and cover materials.
- 53. The Permittee shall install and/or maintain appropriate drainage structures at the Facility to comply with all drainage requirements of the Department of Public Works, the RWQCB, and any other appropriate regulatory agency. Except as otherwise specifically provided by the Department of Public Works, all

drainage structures, including sedimentation basins, shall be designed and constructed to meet all applicable drainage and grading requirements of the Department of Public Works, and all design and construction plans for these structures must have prior approval from the Department of Public Works. Notwithstanding the foregoing, at the discretion of the Department of Public Works, the Permittee may be permitted to install temporary drainage structures designed for day-to-day Facility operations without prior approval from the Department of Public Works. In all cases, the Landfill and its drainage structures shall be designed so as to cause surface water to be diverted away from disposal areas. All design modifications shall have the prior approval from the Department of Public Works.

54. All development structures and activities pursuant to this grant shall conform to the requirements of the Department of Public Works.

GROUNDWATER PROTECTION

- 55. The Permittee shall install and maintain containment (liner) systems and leachate collection and removal systems as required by the RWQCB. The design of Landfill liners shall be as approved by the RWQCB.
- 56. The Permittee shall install and test any and all groundwater monitoring wells that are required by the RWQCB and shall promptly undertake any action directed by the RWQCB to prevent or correct potential or actual contamination that may affect groundwater quality, or water conveyance or water storage facilities. All testing and remedial actions required by the RWQCB to detect, prevent, and/or correct groundwater contamination shall be completed or guaranteed to be completed to the satisfaction of the RWQCB with notice to the Department of Public Works.
- 57. During the duration of this grant, the project shall use recycled water once a recycled water pipeline is extend to the Newhall Ranch residential development. The Permittee shall obtain the necessary permits to connect to such recycled water, construct any necessary access, and connect to the piped recycled water.
- 58. In the event groundwater use is restricted in the future pursuant to Court Order or Judgment, the Permittee shall purchase water from County-authorized water purveyors, including County-authorized recycled water purveyors for non-potable uses, or authorized State Water Project contractors, and shall otherwise conform to the rules, regulations, and restrictions set forth in any applicable Court Order or Judgment, including those rules, regulations, and restrictions that would require the Permittee to pay assessments, if any.

LANDSCAPING, COVER AND REVEGETATION AND AESTHETIC REQUIREMENTS

59. The Permittee shall comply with the following landscaping, cover and re-

vegetation requirements at the Landfill:

- a. Three copies of a landscape plan shall be submitted to and approved by the Director of Regional Planning within 180 days after the Effective Date. The landscape plan shall show size, type, and location of all plants, trees, and watering facilities required as a condition of this grant. All landscaping shall be maintained in a neat, clean, and healthful condition in accordance with the approved landscape plan, including proper pruning, weeding, removal of litter, fertilizing, and replacement of plants and trees when necessary but not to exceed quarterly (3 monthsperiod).
- b. An annual monitoring report shall be prepared by an independent, qualified biologist and submitted to the Director of Regional Planning providing status and progress of the provisions in this Condition No. 59. The monitoring report shall be submitted as part of the annual report required pursuant to Part VIII of the IMP.
- c. The Permittee shall employ an expert or experts, including an independent, qualified biologist, to satisfy this Condition No. 59. Soil sampling and laboratory analysis shall be conducted in all areas that are required to be re-vegetated before any re-vegetation occurs to identify chemical or physical soil properties that may adversely affect plant growth or establishment. Soil amendments and fertilizer recommendations shall be applied and plant materials selected, based on the above-referenced testing procedures and results. To the extent possible, as determined by the Director of Regional Planning, plant types shall blend with species indigenous to the area, be drought tolerant, and be capable of successful growth.
- d. The Permittee shall apply a temporary vegetation cover on any slope or other Landfill area that is projected to be inactive for a period greater than 180 days, as set forth in the IMP. The Permittee shall identify such slope or areas in the annual monitoring report described in Subsection (b) above, and include an interim reclamation and revegetation plan as well as the timing of the proposed work for review and approval by the Director of Regional Planning.
- e. Except as otherwise provided in this Condition No. 59, all final fill slopes shall be reclaimed and re-vegetated in lifts substantially in conformance with Mitigation Monitoring Program.
- f. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Condition No. 59, Permittee shall comply with a different re-vegetation design or plan that the Department, in consultation with the TAC, CAC and the Department of Public Works, determines would:

- i. better protect public health and safety;
- ii. enable re-vegetation of the final slopes at least as well as described in Subsection (e), above; and/or
- iii. be required because the minimum standards adopted by the CalRecycle have been amended.

Requirements imposed by the Department pursuant to this Condition 59 must be consistent with State regulations and may not cause the activities at the Landfill to exceed the Limits of Fill.

- g. The Permittee shall provide and maintain a landscape strip that is a minimum of 10 feet wide along the frontage of the ancillary facilities area on Wolcott Way and along SR-126 Highway.
- h. No portion of the expanded Landfill may extend above the plane or outside of the surface area of the fill design as shown on the approved site plan, attached as Exhibit "A".

The existing viewshed from Chiquito Canyon Road shall be protected for the life of the project. The dip in the natural ridgeline along the western boundary shall be maintained or enhanced. Any structure placed on the landfill site, including but not limited to temporary storage areas, any materials recovery facility, composting facility or any other ancillary facilities that may be visible from Chiquito Canyon Road shall be designed to be harmonious with the natural topography and viewshed and shall be reviewed by the Community Advisory Committee.

The landfill operator and the Community Advisory Committee shall work together to prepare a tree planting and maintenance plan for the entire western boundary of the site. The objectives of the plan are to screen landfill operations, enhance the viewshed, and establish the minimum number and type of trees to do this and to provide adequate access to monitoring wells. Trees may be planted on slopes on either side of the ridgeline provided the above objectives are met and such planting is practical.

- 60. The Permittee shall operate the Facility so as to conserve water by, at a minimum, adopting the following measures:
 - a. Ensuring that all water wells used for the Facility draw from the local watershed, if such usage is approved by the appropriate agencies;

- b. Investigating the feasibility of treating collected leachate on-site for reuse in the Landfill and, if feasible and the appropriate agencies approve, implementing a program to use such water;
- c. Using soil sealant, pavement, and/or other control measures for dust control wherever feasible, instead of water; and
- d. Using drought-tolerant plants to re-vegetate the Landfill slopes and other disturbed areas to the extent feasible, as determined by the Director of Regional Planning. Plant types shall blend with species indigenous to the area and shall be capable of rapid growth.

AIR QUALITY

- 61. As required by the SCAQMD, the Permittee shall adopt and implement operational practices to mitigate air quality impacts including but not limited to odor, dust and vehicular air quality impacts at the Facility. The Facility shall be operated so as not to create a nuisance in the surrounding communities.
- 62. The Permittee shall use landfill gas for energy generation at the Facility or other beneficial uses, rather than flaring to the extent feasible, and shall obtain all applicable local, state, and/or federal approvals for any such use.
- 63. The Permittee shall also install and maintain a landfill gas collection and management system that complies with SCAQMD requirements and uses best available control technology to prevent 1) the lateral migration of gases to off-site properties, and 2) odor generation that causes impact to surrounding communities, to the satisfaction of the Department of Public Works, the DPH, and SCAQMD.
- 64. Landfill gas flares shall be installed in a manner that does not result in any significant adverse aesthetic impacts and the flames shall be totally contained within the stacks. Flame arrestors shall be provided to the satisfaction of the County Fire Department.
- 65. The Permittee shall provide access to a back-up generator <u>for emergency</u> <u>use within 48 hours in case of</u> a prolonged power outage at the Facility to prevent the migration/emission of landfill gas, unless such a use is otherwise prohibited by SCAQMD due to air quality concerns.
- 66. The Permittee shall conduct air quality monitoring at the Facility and its surrounding areas. In addition, an independent air quality consultant selected by the TAC, in consultation with the CAC, shall conduct at least four random tests per year of Landfill dust and diesel particulates surrounding the perimeter of the Facility to determine whether air quality near the Landfill is consistent with the air quality levels established by the operative air quality standards for the area as

determined by the SCAQMD or other appropriate State air quality agency. The consultant review shall place added emphasis on the nearby residential communities. The cost of the consultant and the tests shall be borne entirely by the Permittee. The consultant report shall be provided to the Director of Regional Planning, the Department of Public Works, the TAC, the CAC and the Permittee within 15 calendar days after completion of the tests.

- 67. Upon receipt of a total of 4 Notice of Violations related to air quality issued by any combination of SCAQMD, DPH, the Department of Public Works, or the Department in any given calendar year, the Permittee shall submit a response to the Department of Public Works within 30 calendar days of the fourth such Notice of Violation providing an explanation of each Notice of Violation and steps taken to address it, and shall provide this information within 30 calendar days of each additional Notice of Violation within the same year. the Department of Public Works shall evaluate the response and may require the Permittee to thereafter increase the air quality monitoring that it conducts at the Facility and its surrounding areas. In addition, the TAC may select an independent air quality consultant to evaluate and conduct testing of 1) landfill gas and trash odor generated due to working face operations, 2) landfill gas collection and management system, and 3) dust and diesel particulates surrounding the perimeter of the Facility, at a frequency to be determined by the Department of Public Works in consultation with the air quality consultant. The cost of the consultant and the tests shall be borne entirely by the Permittee. The consultant report shall be provided to the Department of Public Works, the TAC, the CAC, and the Permittee within 15 calendar days after completion of the tests. The Department of Public Works, with the advice of the TAC and CAC, may reduce the frequency of the consultant testing if the Department of Public Works finds that the frequency of testing is not necessary, or may discontinue it altogether if it finds that the tests are not beneficial. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the Director of Regional Planning, with the advice of the TAC and CAC, may increase the frequency of the consultant testing if the Director of Regional Planning finds the frequency insufficient and may request an evaluation report and recommendations. Upon direction from the Department of Public Works, the Permittee shall implement the recommendations of the independent consultant.
- 68. If any of the test results of Condition No. 66 and/or 67 exceed the maximum emission levels established by the EIR and/or the SCAQMD, if the Landfill is operated in a manner which, in the determination of DPH, creates an odor nuisance to the surrounding communities, or if the Department of Public Works, in consultation with the TAC and CAC, determines that additional corrective measures are necessary to address air quality impacts to the residents of the surrounding community, the Permittee shall submit a corrective action plan to the TAC and CAC within 15 days after receipt of the report. Such corrective action plan shall describe the excessive emission levels, or the determination by DPH or the Department of Public Works, and set forth a schedule for remedial action. The TAC shall consider the corrective action plan within 30 calendar days of its

receipt and provide notice to the Permittee if such plan has been approved. If the TAC does not approve the corrective action plan, the Director of Regional Planning may impose additional or different measures to reduce air quality impacts at the Facility. These additional measures may include, but not be limited to, requirements that the Permittee: (1) pave additional unpaved roads at the Facility: (2) water and apply soil sealant to additional Working Face areas: (3) relocate Working Face areas to designated locations during windy conditions; (4) monitor sensitive sites throughout the community; and/or (5) close the Facility during extreme wind conditions; 6) employ the services of an independent consultant to evaluate the air quality impacts and;/or odor nuisance and make recommendations to mitigate the impacts and/or abate the odor nuisance. The cost of the consultant and the tests shall be borne entirely by the Permittee. The consultant report shall be provided to the Department, the Department of Public Works, the TAC, the CAC and the Permittee within 15 calendar days after completion of the tests. The Director of Public Works, with the advice of the TAC and CAC, may reduce the frequency of the consultant testing, or discontinue it altogether, if the Director of Public Works finds that the test results are invalid or lack beneficial value. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the Director of Regional Planning, with the advice of the TAC and CAC, may increase the frequency of the consultant testing if the Director of Regional Planning finds the frequency insufficient. The Permittee may appeal the Director of Regional Planning's decision in accordance with the appeal provisions in Condition No. 18 for an appeal of a notice of violation.

69. Within 180 days after the Effective Date, all equipment, diesel fleet vehicles, and transfer trucks that are owned or operated by the Permittee, its subsidiaries, or affiliated enterprises, and that utilize the Facility, shall be CARB compliant.

As part of its annual report to the TAC and CAC required by the IMP, the Permittee shall submit documentation of its compliance with this Condition No. 69, including, but not limited to, Title 13, California Code of Regulations, Section 2020, et seq. regarding Diesel Particulate Matter Control Measures.

- 70. Permittee shall be subject to the following requirements regarding alternative fuel vehicles and equipment:
 - a. For the purpose of complying with this Condition No. 70 alternative fuel vehicles shall utilize alternative fuels that are consistent with recommendations or regulations of CARB and SCAQMD, which may include, but is not limited to electricity, natural gas (liquefied natural gas or compressed natural gas), biogas, biodiesel, synthetic diesel, or renewable diesel.
 - b. Within the first year after the Effective Date, the Permittee shall submit an alternative fuel vehicle implementation plan to the TAC and CAC for

review and approval by the TAC. The plan shall contain information on available and proposed alternative fuel technologies, a comparison of their air emissions reduction levels at the Facility, including greenhouse gas emissions, a timeline demonstrating the Permittee's best-faith efforts to comply with this Condition No. 70, as well as any other information deemed necessary by the TAC to approve the plan.

- c. The Permittee shall convert into alternative fuel vehicles all light-duty vehicles operating at the Facility, solid waste collection trucks, and transfer trucks that utilize the Facility and are owned by, operated by, or under contract with the Permittee, its subsidiaries, or affiliated enterprises, according to the following phase-in schedule:
 - i. Within 4 years after the Effective Date, at least 50 percent of all aforementioned vehicles shall be alternative fuel vehicles.
 - ii. Within 7 years after the Effective Date, at least 75 percent of all aforementioned vehicles shall be alternative fuel vehicles.
 - iii. Within 10 years after the Effective Date, 100 percent of all aforementioned vehicles shall be alternative fuel vehicles.
- d. Within the first year after the Effective Date, unless a later date is approved by the TAC, the Permittee shall consult with the SCAQMD and design and implement at least 1 heavy-duty, alternative fuel off-road equipment pilot program, to the extent deemed technically and economically feasible by the TAC. The pilot program shall be certified by a major original equipment manufacturer such as, but not limited to, Caterpillar, John Deere, or Volvo.
- e. As part of its annual report to the TAC and CAC required by the IMP, the Permittee shall submit an on-going evaluation of its compliance with each component of this Condition No. 70.
- 71. Within 180 day of the effective date, the Permittee shall adopt and implement a fugitive dust program that uses the most effective available methods and technology to avert fugitive dust emissions. The fugitive dust program shall be submitted to the Department of Public Works for review and approval. In addition to the re-vegetation measures in Condition No. 59, the program shall include, at a minimum, a requirement that:
 - a. The Permittee shall not engage in any excavation, grading, or other Landfill activity during high wind conditions, or when high wind conditions are reasonably expected to occur, as determined by the DPH, where such

excavation or operation will result in significant emissions of fugitive dust affecting areas not under the Permittee's control;

- b. The Working Face areas of the Landfill shall be limited to small contained areas of approximately one acre or less. During periods of the year when high wind conditions may be expected, the Working Face areas shall each be located in an area of minimal wind exposure, or be closed, if closure is deemed necessary by the DPH;
- c. Except when there is sufficient rain or moisture to prevent dust, daily cover, haul roads, and grading locations shall be watered as required by State Minimum Standards or more frequently, when conditions dictate for dust control. Soil sealant may be required in addition to water;
- d. Except when there is sufficient rain or moisture to prevent dust, all active Working Face and soil Stockpile Areas shall be watered daily, unless wind conditions dictate otherwise:
- e. If determined necessary by the DPH, the Permittee shall, on any day preceding a day when the Facility is closed to Solid Waste receipt, apply soil sealant to any previously active Working Face, haul roads, or soil Stockpile Area that has not already been sealed or re-vegetated;
- f. Inactive areas of exposed dirt that have been sealed shall be regularly monitored to determine the need for additional sealing and to prevent unauthorized access that might disturb the sealant. If additional sealing treatment is required, the Permittee shall promptly apply such treatment to assure full control of the soil particles;
- g. All primary access roads to any permanent facility in the Landfill shall be paved;
- h. To minimize the length of dirt roads, paved access roads to fill areas shall be extended as new fill areas are opened. Winter deck access roads shall be paved or surfaced with recycled asphalt, aggregate materials, or soil stabilization products to minimize the quantity of untreated dirt;
- i. All paved roads in regular use shall be regularly cleaned to remove dirt left by trucks or other vehicles;
- j. Except when there is sufficient rain or moisture to prevent dust, all dirt roads in regular use shall be watered at least once daily on operating days and more often if required by the DPH or the Department of Public Works, or otherwise treated to control dust emissions:
- k. Loads of Solid Waste capable of producing significant dust shall be watered

during the Landfill process. If such practice is deemed unacceptable to the RWQCB, the Permittee shall develop alternative methods to minimize dust generation during the Landfill process and obtain approval of the method from the Department of Public Works within 90 days of the RWQCB's determination;

- In addition to any fire flow requirements of the County Fire Department, the Permittee shall maintain a supply of water for dust control in the active Working Face areas to ensure compliance with State Minimum Standards; and
- m. The Permittee shall install and maintain devices on-site, as approved by the SCAQMD, to monitor wind speed and direction, and shall retain qualified personnel who can read and interpret data from these devices, can obtain and use information on predicted wind conditions, and can assist in the Facility's operations related to this information.
- 72. Permittee quarterly report to shall submit а the Department the Department of Public Works identifying: (1) all fugitive dust and odor complaints from local residents that the Permittee has received for that quarter regarding the Facility; (2) all notices of violation issued by the SCAQMD or the DPH; and (3) all measures undertaken by the Permittee to address these complaints and/or correct the violations. The Department of Public Works and the DPH shall each have the authority to require the Permittee to implement additional corrective measures for complaints of this nature when such measures are deemed necessary to protect public health and safety.

TRAFFIC AND ROAD IMPROVEMENT

- 73. Within 90 days after the Effective Date, the Permittee shall submit for review and approval by the Department of Public Works a plan that establishes a program to reduce unnecessary truck trips and queuing of trucks at the Facility and shall implement the approved plan. The program shall include, but not be limited to, the following elements:
 - A plan to schedule regular Facility users, such as commercial and municipal haulers, to avoid having these users arrive at the Facility and queue on public streets right-of-ways or be diverted to other landfills;
 - A plan to reserve Landfill capacity until 2 p.m. Monday through Friday during normal operating conditions, for small commercial and private users; and
 - c. A plan to discourage Landfill customers from delivering loads of less than one ton to the Facility.

- 74. Within 90 days after the Effective Date, the Permittee shall implement a program to include, at a minimum, measures to minimize or avoid the queuing of trucks at the Facility entrance or on SR-126 Highway and any other adjacent streets due to waste delivery or landfilling activities at all times. At any given time, no off-site queuing shall be allowed. The program shall be reviewed and approved by the Department of Public Works. A report on the effectiveness of the program shall be submitted as part of the annual report required pursuant to Part XII of the IMP.
- 75. Within one year from the Effective Date, the Permittee shall close the existing site entrance on Henry Mayo Drive (SR-126) and relocate the site entrance, along with all its auxiliary facilities to a new site entrance located on Wolcott Drive as shown in Exhibit "A". In the event that the Permittee is unable to relocate the site entrance within a year, the Permittee may request a one-time extension from the Department of Public Works. The extension may be granted at the sole discretion of the Department of Public Works, if the Permittee demonstrates, to the satisfaction of the Department of Public Works that the extension is needed due to activities beyond the Permittee's control and Permittee is making good faith efforts to relocate the Site entrance. Notwithstanding the previous sentence, the total duration of the time extension shall not exceed 180 days.
- 76. The designated haul route shall be as follows:

Truck traffic to the Facility from the I-5 FWY shall be restricted to the following route: (a) SR-126 and (b) Wolcott Way to travel to the Facility Driveway. Unless necessitated by road closure or other detour plan implemented by the local jurisdictions, at no time shall any truck movement under the Permittee's control to the Facility from I-5 FWY take place on any other route.

Truck traffic to I-5 FWY from the Facility shall be restricted to the following route: (a) Wolcott Way and (b) SR-126 and enter I-5 FWY at the SR-126 on-ramp. Unless necessitated by road closure or other detour plan implemented by the local jurisdictions, at no time shall any truck movement under the Permittee's control to I-5 FWY from the Landfill take place on any other route.

- 77. Within 90 days after the Effective Date, the Permittee shall provide to the Department of Public Works for review and approval a set of schedules for commencement of the "Chiquita Canyon Landfill Street Improvement Project." The street improvements identified in the "Chiquita Canyon Landfill Street Improvement Project" shall be in accordance with the following:
 - a. The Permittee shall be responsible for the following Right-of-Way and Street Improvement Requirements:

- Construct full street improvements on Wolcott Way and Franklin Parkway within the project frontage compatible with the ultimate improvements per Tentative Tract Map No. 53108 to the satisfaction of the Department of Public Works.
- The design and construction on Wolcott Way should be compatible with vertical approaches to the future grade separations at the SR-126 to the satisfaction of the Department of Public Works and Caltrans.
- iii. Dedicate right-of-way at a minimum of 70 feet from the latest approved centerline on SR-126, to the satisfaction of the Department of Public Works and Caltrans. The typical section and the ultimate right-of-way are contingent upon the traffic study demonstrating that the project volumes do not exceed the road capacity. In the event the project volumes exceed the road capacity provide additional right-of-way for additional lanes, exclusive right turn lanes and transition improvements to the satisfaction of the Department of Public Works and Caltrans.
- iv. Provide slope easements at the future SR-126/Wolcott Way interchange to the satisfaction of the Department of Public Works and Caltrans.
- v. Comply with mitigation measures including offsite improvements identified in the approved Traffic Study Analysis to the satisfaction of the Department of Public Works.
- vi. Provide signing and striping plans for Wolcott Way, Franklin Parkway, and any other offsite roadway based on the mitigations contained in the approved Traffic Study.
- vii. Remit the fees which have been established by the Board of Supervisors for the Westside Bridge and Major Thoroughfare Construction Fee District. The fee amount is due and payable prior to the Effective Date and is based upon the fee rate in effect at the time of the Project's Effective Date. The current fee rate is \$23,780 per Factored Development Unit (FDU) and is subject to change. Per the current Westside Bridge and Major Thoroughfare Construction Fee District Report, each gross acre of a commercial site is assessed at five times the applicable FDU rate. Similarly, each gross acre of an industrial site is assessed at three times the applicable FDU rate.
- viii. The Permittee shall install drainage structures and comply with all other drainage requirements of the Department of Public Works

and any additional requirements of the RWQCB as well as any other regulatory agency with appropriate jurisdiction. Except as specifically otherwise approved by the Department of Public Works, all drainage structures including sedimentation basins shall be designed and constructed so as to accommodate run-off from a capital storm.

- ix. The Landfill and drainage structures shall in all cases be designed so as to cause surface water to be diverted away from the disposal areas.
- x. The Permittee shall further comply with all grading requirements of the Department of Public Works and Los Angeles County Ordinance.
- xi. The Permittee shall comply with the following requirements of Street Lighting Section of the Traffic and Lighting Division of the Department of Public Works where the installations of street lights are required. Prior to approval of any street improvement plan, Permittee submit a street lighting plan to the satisfaction of the Department of Public Works. Any proposed street lights that are not within the existing lighting maintenance district will need to be annexed to the district before street lighting plans can be approved.
 - a. Within one year from the Effective Date, the Permittee shall provide street lights on concrete poles with underground wiring on all streets around the project boundaries to the satisfaction of the Department of Public Works. The Permittee shall also contact Caltrans for street lighting requirements on Henry Mayo Drive (SR-126).
 - b. Within 30 days of the Effective Date, the Permittee shall contact Los Angeles County Department of Public Works, Street Lighting Section to commence and complete the Lighting District Annexation process for the operation and maintenance of the street lights around the project boundary.
- xii. Permittee shall pay all applicable review fees for review of all plans and engineering reports.
- xiii. Acquire street plan approval from the Department of Public Works or direct check status before obtaining grading permit.

- xiv. Within 90 days or as otherwise determined by the Department of Public Works, after the approval of the "Chiquita Canyon Landfill Street Improvement Project", execute an Improvement Agreement for the street improvements identified in this Condition No. 77 Subsection (a).
- xv. Within 360 days after the Effective Date of this grant, the Permittee shall pay its fair share to fully improve, the pavement and thickening of the base/sub base to sustain the entire truck traffic loading of the project operation and any increase in project operation on the following streets or as required to the satisfaction of the Department of Public Works: (1) Wolcott Way between Franklin Parkway and SR-126. The Department of Public Works, at his/her sole discretion, may grant an extension of time not to exceed an additional 360 days if the Permittee demonstrates good faith effort toward construction and completion of this condition 77 Subsection (xv).
- b. Once every 5 years beginning on the Effective Date of this grant and continuing for the duration of this grant, the Permittee shall conduct a Roadway Section Analysis to include a pavement section evaluation of the designated haul route (Wolcott Way and SR-126 to the Facility entrance), as well as all truck counts and traffic index calculation sheets. The findings of the revised Roadway Section Analysis shall be provided to the Department of Public Works and the City of Santa Clarita for review and approval. The Permittee shall be responsible for the pro-rata costs of improving the pavement structure of the roadway segments along the designated haul route per the recommendations in the revised Roadway Section Analysis. Upon construction of any necessary improvements to the pavement structure, the Permittee shall conduct baseline deflection testing in accordance with California Test method 356 and submit the results to the Department of Public Works for review and approval.
- c. Once every 5 years beginning on the Effective Date of this grant and continuing for the duration of this grant, the Permittee shall conduct machine-generated truck counts at the project site entrance on three consecutive days (Tuesday through Thursday) during weeks void of national holidays. The truck counts shall be conducted by an independent count company in accordance with generally accepted traffic counting procedures. The Permittee shall also calculate the 10-year Design Traffic Indices along the designated haul route Wolcott Way and SR-126 to the Facility entrance), based on the truck counts and submit them to the Department of Public Works for review and approval. Lastly, the Permittee shall perform deflection tests along the designated haul route in accordance with California Test Method 356 and submit the results to the Department of Public Works for review and approval. If the retested 80 percentile

deflection exceeds 32 percent of the tolerable deflection, the Permittee shall pay its fair share to fully remediate the pavement structure. The Permittee shall submit to the Department of Public Works the proposed method of remediation and schedule for commencement of the improvement for review and approval.

In no event shall the "Chiquita Canyon Landfill Street Improvement Project" be more than 24 months from the Approval Date, unless otherwise extended by the Department of Public Works.

- 78. In the event the Permittee elects to construct and operate a commercial-scale Conversion Technology facility at the Facility or other location in the Unincorporated County areas of the Santa Clarita Valley as approved the Department of Public Works, the Permittee is required to prepare and submit a traffic impact study to the Department of Public Works for review and approval. If the traffic impact study identifies traffic impacts, the Permittee will be required to fund and/or build adequate traffic improvements, to the satisfaction of the Department of Public Works.
- 79. The Department of Public Works, the LEA, and the CAC may monitor the performance of the conditions of this grant designed to minimize truck traffic impact. In the event such measures are found to be inadequate, such entity or entities shall notify the Director of Regional Planning and describe the inadequacy of the conditions.

LITTER CONTROL AND RECOVERY

- 80. The Permittee shall adopt a program that uses the most effective methods and technology to prevent waste that has entered an area under the Permittee's control from escaping the area in the form of litter. Notwithstanding any other provision of this grant, the Permittee shall cease accepting incoming waste during high wind conditions if, despite the methods and technology used for controlling litter, waste cannot be confined to areas under the Permittee's control.
- 81. Within 30 days after the Effective Date, the Permittee shall submit a litter control program to the DPH and the Department of Public Works for review and approval that uses the most effective methods and technology to prevent waste that has entered an area under the Permittee's control from escaping the area in the form of litter. Permittee shall implement the program as approved and submit any revisions to the Department of Public Works for approval. The program shall include the following requirements, unless the DPH requires otherwise or the Department of Public Works approves altertative measures after determining that they are at least as effective in controlling litter:
 - a. Facility personnel shall continuously patrol the access road to the Facility scales during the Facility's hours of operation and remove any

litter found during the patrol;

- b. Loads of Solid Waste that are improperly covered or contained and that may create significant litter shall be immediately detained, and if practicable, properly covered or contained prior to proceeding to the Working Face. If such a remedial measure cannot be taken, the load shall proceed to the Working Face under escort;
- All debris found on or along the entrance to the Facility and/or Working Face access roads shall be immediately removed;
- d. Operating areas shall be located in wind shielded portions of the landfill during windy periods;
- e. The landfill operator shall install speed bumps on landfill property in paved areas along the route of trucks leaving the landfill. The purpose of the speed bumps is to knock out dirt and debris accumulated in wheel wells before trucks leave the facility;
- f. The Permittee shall require open-bed trucks exiting the landfill either to be swept clean of loose debris or to be covered so as-to minimize the possibility of litter escaping onto State Route 126.

The permittee shall comply with this condition and Part XVI of the IMP.

- 82. Within 90 days after the Effective Date, the Permittee shall develop methods and/or procedures to prevent or minimize vehicles from carrying dirt and/or debris that may be dislodged onto local streets and highways and submit the methods and/or procedures for approval, and implement the approved measures to the satisfaction of the Department of Public Works.
- 83. In addition to the requirements described in Condition Nos. 80 and 81, the Permittee shall develop and maintain a litter recovery program to the satisfaction of the Department of Public Works and the DPH designed to recover off-site litter from uncovered or improperly covered or contained loads traveling to the Facility or otherwise emanating from the Facility, including conducting weekly inspections of the surrounding neighborhoods within a 1-mile radius of the property boundary of the combined facility. Based upon the inspection, the Permittee shall collect and remove all wind-blown Trash or litter encountered in the specified area. The Permittee shall maintain a log of the inspections, provide the log upon request to the DPH and the Department of Public Works, and include a copy of the log in the annual report required pursuant to Part XII of the IMP. The Department of Public Works, at its sole discretion may increase the frequency of the litter pickup and recovery or adjust the boundary of the specified area or to improve the effectiveness of the litter recovery program.

- 84. The Permittee shall monitor Chiquito Canyon Road, SR 126, Wolcott Way, Franklin Parkway, and other feeder roads to the entrance to Val Verde at Rancho Aviles and the surrounding area within 100 feet of the centerline of the road (except along SR-126 where collection would start at the shoulder for safety reasons) or to any existing fence on private property for the purpose of locating and cleaning up litter in this area. Litter pickup shall be a minimum of one time per week and may be increased, upon agreement between the landfill operator and the CAC, to maintain a litter free environment
- 85. The Permittee shall develop and implement a vehicle tarping program at the Facility that effectively discourages uncovered vehicles from using the Facility. Within 30 days after the Effective Date, the Permittee shall submit such vehicle tarping program for approval by the Department of Public Works. Such program shall provide that all vehicles loaded with Solid Waste or any other material that creates the potential for litter shall be fully tarped or otherwise contained when entering and leaving the Facility, and that no such vehicle shall be allowed to enter the Facility until the driver has been informed of the tarping requirements and has been asked to have his/her load covered. The program shall impose penalties on repeat violators up to and including being permanently prohibited from using the Facility.

OTHER PERMITS/REQUIREMENTS

- 86. The Permittee shall monitor and maintain the Facility's Environmental Protection and Control Systems in perpetuity, or until such time as the Department of Public Works, based on generally accepted engineering practice, determines that the routine maintenance and foreseeable corrective action that may be necessary during and after the Post-Closure Maintenance Period has been fully satisfied, and the Solid Waste disposed of in the Landfill no longer constitutes a threat to public health and safety, or to the environment.
- 87. The Permittee shall take all necessary measures to ensure that noise emissions from the Facility at all residential receptors are within the acceptable limits of the Los Angeles County Noise Ordinance, as contained in Chapter 12.08 of the County Code.
- 88. The Permittee shall implement effective vector control measures at the Facility pursuant to State standards, as directed by the DPH.
- 89. Any future traffic circulation scenario outside the current haul routes shall avoid areas of high biological diversity. Prior to utilization of a new haul route, the Permittee shall submit the proposed haul route with all supporting information/report/survey of biological resources in the vicinity of the proposed haul route to the Department for review and approval. The Department shall consult with the Department of Public Works regarding any changes to the current haul

route.

- 90. For fire protection purposes, the Permittee shall maintain on-site fire response capabilities, construct access roads, and provide water tanks, water mains, fire hydrants, and fire flows, to the satisfaction of the County Fire Department including, but not limited to the following:
 - a. A Class II Standpipe System shall be provided and located within 200 feet of the landfill footprint and shall have sufficient 1 1/2-inch hose with a variable-fog nozzle to reach all portions of such operations. The use of water tender trucks may be permitted in lieu of a Class II Standpipe System provided each is equipped with 2 1/2-inch outlets for County Fire Department's use.
 - b. Approved access roads no less than 20 feet in width clear to the sky shall be provided and maintained at all times around the landfilling areas to provide access for firefighting equipment. Weeds, grass, and combustible vegetation shall be removed for a distance of 10 feet on both sides of all access roads used by solid waste trucks or the public. All access within the landfill site shall be in accordance and compliance with the County Fire Code and standards.
- 91. All development pursuant to this grant must be kept in full compliance with County Fire Department Regulation 10. Construction plans for access roads shall be submitted to the County Fire Department for review and approval.
- 92. All on-site fuel storage tanks shall be installed and necessary containment and air quality controls for the tanks provided, in accordance with the requirements of the County Fire Department, the Department of Public Works, the RWQCB, and the SCAQMD.
- 93. The Permittee shall develop and implement a program to identify and conserve all significant archaeological and paleontological materials found at the Facility pursuant to Part IX of the IMP. If the Permittee finds any evidence of aboriginal habitation or fossils during earthmoving activities, Landfill operations shall immediately cease in that immediate area, and the evidence and area shall be preserved until a qualified archaeologist or paleontologist, as appropriate, makes a determination as to the significance of the evidence. The Department will review and approve this program, if the determination indicates that the archaeological or paleontological resources are significant, the resources shall be recovered to the extent practicable prior to resuming Landfill operations in that immediate area of the Landfill.
- 94. The Permittee shall develop and obtain approval from the Department of Public Works for a Standard Urban Storm Water Mitigation Plan for the Facility's activities, unless the Department of Public Works determines that such plan is

unnecessary.

- 95. The Permittee is prohibited from initiating any activity for which an Industrial Waste Disposal Permit and/or Underground Storage Tanks Permit is required at the Facility without the required permit from the Department of Public Works, and the Permittee shall conduct such activities in compliance with all applicable regulations and permits.. The activities covered by this Condition No. 95 include, but are not limited to, the installation, modification, or removal of any underground storage tank and/or industrial waste control facility. For purposes of this Condition No. 95, an industrial waste control facility includes its permanent structures for treating post-development storm water runoff.
- 96. The Permittee shall at all operating times, Monday through Saturday, maintain adequate on-site staff, with appropriate training and experience for the operation of the Facility. At least one on-site senior level member shall be familiar with or have access to an electronic or hard copy of this grant and possessed a SWANA Manager of Landfill Operation (MOLO) certification.
- 97. The Permittee shall at all times, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, make available at least one emergency contact person, with sufficient expertise to assess the need for remedial action regarding operation-related accidents, and with the requisite authority and means to assemble the necessary resources to take such remedial action. The individual must be able to be reached on a continuous basis through the telephone number or e-mail address posted at the Facility entry gate.
- 98. Within 90 days after the Effective Date, the Permittee shall submit a completed application to the Task Force for a "Finding of Conformance" that the proposed project and its expansions are consistent with the Los Angeles County Countywide Siting Element. The application must comply with all of the submittal requirements set forth in Table 10-1 thereof. The Permittee shall also promptly comply with any requests from the Task Force for additional information needed in connection with the application and shall comply with all conditions of such Finding of Conformance.
- 99. Upon the Effective Date, the membership of the Alternative Technology Advisory Subcommittee of the Task Force shall be increased to include a representative of the Permittee and an environmental representative designated by the Fifth Supervisorial District to represent the Santa Clarita Valley. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the membership of the Alternative Technology Advisory Subcommittee may be adjusted at the sole discretion of the Department of Public Works, acting as the Chair of the Task Force, as necessary upon the recommendation of the Task Force.
- 100. All employee, guest, and truck parking shall be developed and maintained as set forth in Part 11, Chapter 22.52 of the County Code.

- 101. All salvage material stored at the Facility (except materials which are to be used for landfill operations), dumpsters, containers, construction materials, and disabled trucks and equipment shall be consolidated into one or more areas that are screened by fences or other means from public streets and adjacent private lands not owned by the Permittee, in accordance with the provisions of Part 7, Chapter 22.52 of the County Code.
- 102. The perimeter of the Landfill shall be designed to discourage unauthorized access by persons and vehicles by using a perimeter barrier (such as fencing) or topographic constraints. enclosed by fencing to inhibit unauthorized entry. Except as otherwise required by the DPH, fencing shall conform to the detail shown on the approved Exhibit "A".
- 103. Business signs shall be as permitted by Part 10, Chapter 22.52 of the County Code for Zone C-1, except that no portion of any such sign may extend more than 15 feet above the ground and the total sign area shall be based upon a street or building frontage of 100 feet.
- 104. Within 10 years after the Effective Date, and every 10 years thereafter, the Department of Public Works, in consultation with the Department and the Permittee, shall select an independent consultant(s) with expertise in engineering and planning, to conduct a comprehensive study analyzing various alternatives to serve the long-term Solid Waste Disposal needs of the Santa Clarita Valley. The purpose of the study is to ensure uninterrupted solid waste disposal services to the residents and businesses in the Santa Clarita Valley, keeping disposal fees low and stable, making existing facilities as efficient as possible, and ensuring that facilities keep pace with population growth and changing technologies in the solid waste industry. The study should include a comprehensive analyses (including a sensitivity and cost-to-benefit analysis) of all aspects of this endeavor, including but not limited to, the economic, environmental, and technical feasibility of the following alternatives/issues:
 - Evaluating rail and truck transport options for solid waste export out of the Santa Clarita Valley, including the necessary infrastructure (in and out of the Santa Clarita Valley) to realize these options.
 - b. Demonstrating how any proposed waste-by-rail option would tie into the existing or future county waste-by-rail system.
 - c. Developing Conversion Technology facilities in the Santa Clarita Valley.
 - d. Planning a future transfer station system in the Santa Clarita Valley.
 - e. Reviewing public/private ownership options.
 - f. Analyzing financing, staffing, and rate impacts.

- g. Defining and establishing the facility siting processes.
- Establishing a process for involving interested parties in the planning process.
- i. Any other alternatives and issues deemed appropriate by the Department of Public Works and/or the Department.

The costs of the study shall be equally shared by the Permittee and the Department of Public Works, Environmental Programs Division, but in no event shall the cost to the Permittee exceed \$50,000 per study. The Permittee shall make the payment within 30 days of receiving the invoice for the consultant's services. The study shall be completed within 18 months of the selection of the independent engineering/planning consultant(s). The study's findings and recommendations shall be submitted to the TAC and CAC for review and comment. Upon addressing all the TAC's comments and CAC's comments to the satisfaction of the TAC, the independent engineering/planning consultant(s) shall submit the study to the Commission, the Department, the Department of Public Works, the Permittee, and all other interested parties. The Permittee shall submit a detailed response to the study's findings and recommendations, including which recommendations it plans to pursue. The Permittee shall make a good-faith effort to implement all recommendations to carry out the purpose of this Condition No. 103 to the satisfaction of the Department of Public Works.

- 105. The Permittee shall implement and comply with the following seismic monitoring requirements:
 - a. Complete installation of an on-site accelerometer system to measure earthquake/seismic ground motions within 180 days after the Effective Date. The system design, including but not limited to, locations of sensors, shall be reviewed and approved by the Department of Public Works. A set of as-built plans signed and sealed by a California Registered Civil Engineer, or other registered professional approved by the Department of Public Works, shall be provided to DPH and the Department of Public Works.
 - b. Following a major earthquake/seismic ground motion of magnitude 5.0 or greater, as recorded by the closest ground-motion monitoring device as maintained by the California Division of Mines and Geology, thoroughly survey the Facility for primary and secondary surface expressions of seismic activity (such as surface ruptures, landslides, change in spring flows, liquefaction, etc.). Submit a damage assessment report on the results of the survey to the Department of Public Works and the DPH for review. The assessment report shall describe and discuss all features, including damage to the site and infrastructure caused by the earthquake and measures that will be taken to mitigate the impact to the satisfaction of the Department of Public Works.

- 106. The Permittee shall accept all Solid Waste and Beneficial Use Materials generated and delivered to the Facility by all waste haulers and customers operating in the Unincorporated County Areas of Santa Clarita Valley. The Permittee shall submit to the Department of Public Works an annual report on the origin of Solid Wasteand Beneficial Use Materials accepted at the Facility by jurisdiction of origin. The annual report shall also contain information on all waste haulers (including those owned or operated by the Permittee, its subsidiaries, or affiliated enterprises) and self-haul customers utilizing the Facility, whether (and why) any waste haulers and self-haul customers were turned away from the Facility, and the tipping fee charged for all waste haulers and self-haul customers. The Permittee shall not engage in predatory pricing that may discourage any private waste haulers and self-haul customers from utilizing the Facility.
- 107. Within 90 days after the Effective Date, the Permittee shall install video monitoring equipment at the Facility to record and monitor Landfill operations at each Working Face area, between the period of 5 a.m. to 10 p.m. to ensure compliance with the conditions of this grant. Copies of the video recordings shall be provided to the Department of Public Works, DPH, the TAC and CAC upon request, and shall be kept and maintained at the Facility for one year after recording, unless the DPH determines, at its sole discretion, that the video recordings should be kept for a longer period to protect public health, safety, or the environment.
- 108. The Permittee shall provide four free quarterly clean-up days to residents of the community of Val Verde and Castaic, showing proper identification and proof of residence at the landfill entrance. These days may be Saturday or Sundays, subject to the approval of the Department of Public Works. The Permittee shall accept all Solid Waste delivered to the site with proof of residency during the event free of charge, up to 1 ton per residence, and promote the program in a newspaper of general circulation. The operator shall further reimburse the CAC for the cost of providing two roll-off bins in Val Verde and Castaic on each clean-up day with the locations determined by the CAC. The operator and CAC may jointly change this program if they mutually determine alternatives to the above can further assist the community.
- 109. The Permittee shall designate as open space for recreational use in perpetuity those portions of the site on which fill has or will be placed. In addition, the permittee shall provide all funds needed for the preparation of a park feasibility study, park master plan and environmental documentation as well as reasonable funding for the development, operation and maintenance of the park to support recreational use upon closure of the Landfill.

Within one year of the effective date of this grant, the permittee shall submit a notice of intent to the Los Angeles County Department of Parks and Recreation, to complete a park master plan feasibility study with input from the Department of Parks and Recreation and the Community Advisory Committee. Such study shall be submitted not later than January 1, 2025 or ten years before the anticipated

closure of the landfill, whichever is earlier. The study will conceptually analyze options and funding needed for development, operation and maintenance of portions of the site on which fill has been or will be placed for recreational use. Upon approval of the study by the Director of Parks and Recreation, the Director of Parks and Recreation will use such study to establish a yearly amount of funding that will be sufficient to provide for development, operation and maintenance of a park on the site, and the permittee will set-aside such amount in a trust account that is managed by the Department of Public Works, which will disburse funds in accordance with this Condition.. In the event that the amount of funding that is set aside is not sufficient to cover the activities of the park as determined by the park master plan, the permittee shall supplement the funding deficiency.

At the discretion of the Director of Parks and Recreation, but no later than five years before the termination of disposal operations under this grant, the permittee will set aside sufficient funds for the preparation of a park master plan for portions of the site on which fill has been or will be placed in an amount determined by the Director of Parks and Recreation, including the cost of environmental documentation. The Master Plan must provide for the development, operation and maintenance that complies with the mitigation set forth in the EIR for operating the site as a park or publicly accessible recreational area. Funding for the park master plan and environmental documentation will be held in an interest bearing trust account and will be available for the purpose of fulfilling this condition, at least five years before the termination of disposal operations under this grant. This trust account may be the same trust account that is established in the preceding paragraph for the development, operation and maintenance of the park. This fund shall be separate from the fund in Condition No. 118

The permittee may dedicate the designated park site to the County or other entity acceptable to the Director of Regional Planning, or may develop and manage the park itself. If the site is offered to and accepted by the County or other entity, then the permittee shall provide the County or other entity with access to the funds in the trust account for developing, operating and maintaining the park. The County or other entity shall also have access to the funds that the permittee has set aside for the preparation of the park master plan to the extent that the County or such entity will be involved in such preparation.

Notwithstanding this Condition No. 109, the Permittee shall maintain responsibility for the Facility including, but not limited to, all Closure and Post-Closure Maintenance requirements as stated in Conditions No. 32, 33, and 34 of this grant.

PERMITTEE FEES

110. The requirement that the Permittee pay the fees set forth in Condition Nos. 112 through 122, inclusive, shall not begin until the Effective Date. Prior to that date, any and all fees required by CUP 89-081 (5) shall remain in full force and effect.

The following fees are cumulative and are in addition to any other fee or payment required by this grant.

- 111. All financial records shall be preserved for a period of 3 years and shall be available for inspection by the DPH, the Department of Public Works, the Department, and the Treasurer and Tax Collector during normal business hours, and shall be forwarded to such agencies upon request.
- 112. The Permittee shall pay to the office of the Los Angeles County Treasurer and Tax Collector a quarterly fee equal to 10 percent of the sum of the following, pursuant to Section 4.63, et seq., of the County Code:
 - a. The net tipping fees collected at the Facility as described below in this Condition No. 112. For purposes of this Condition No. 112, "net tipping fee" shall mean the total fees collected, less any taxes or regulatory fees imposed by a federal, state, or local agency that is included in the fee charged by the Permittee at the Facility entrance. "Total fees collected" shall be calculated as the total gross receipts collected by the Permittee; The net tipping fees collected at the landfill shall exclude any tipping fees received for waste processed at the material recovery, household hazardous waste and composting facilities approved in Conditions No. 24);
 - The revenue generated from the sale of Landfill gas at the Facility, less any federal, state, or local fees or taxes applicable to such revenue; and
 - c. The Revenue generated by any other disposal –related activity or enterprise at the Facility, less any federal, state, or local fees or taxes applicable to such revenue.
- 113. The Permittee shall pay on a monthly basis to the Department of Public Works a fee of 25 cents per ton of all Solid Waste disposed received at the Landfill. The fee shall be adjusted annually in accordance with the CPI. This fee shall be used for the implementation and enhancement of waste reduction and diversion programs, including but not limited to, conducting document/paper shredding and waste tire collection events in County Unincorporated areas.
- 114. The Permittee shall pay on a monthly basis to the Department of Public Works a fee of 8 cents per ton of all Solid Waste disposed at the Landfill. The fee shall be adjusted annually in accordance with the CPI. This fee shall be used at the sole discretion of the Director of the Department of Public works for administration, implementation, and enhancement of disaster debris removal activities in Val Verde, Castaic, and other Unincorporated County areas surrounding the landfill,

including providing waste disposal and collection service vouchers to assist residents in clean-up activities.

115. For the life of this grant, except as provided in Condition No. 116 of this grant, the Permittee shall pay on a monthly basis to the Department of Public Works a fee for every ton of Solid Waste originating within Los Angeles County but outside the Santa Clarita Valley Area that is processed for beneficial use, composting and/or disposed of at the Facility during the preceding month, according to the following rates:

Incoming Tonnage (Tons/Day)	Fee
0 - 1,999	\$2.00 per ton
2,000-3,999	\$4.00 per ton
4,000-5,999	\$6.00 per ton
6,000 and over	\$8.00 per ton

For the life of this grant, except as provided in Condition No. 116, the Permittee shall pay on a monthly basis to the Department of Public Works a fee of \$10.00 per ton for all Solid Waste and Beneficial Use Materials originating outside of Los Angeles County and within California that is processed for beneficial use, composting and/or disposed of at the Facility during the preceding month.

The fee shall be used to fund programs and activities that 1) fund environmental, educational, and quality of life programs in Val Verde, Castaic, and other Unincorporated County areas surrounding the landfill, 2) enhance Countywide disposal capacity, mitigate landfill impacts in the Unincorporated County areas, and 3) promote development of Conversion Technology facilities that benefit the County.

The fee applicable for every ton of material originating outside the Santa Clarita Valley Area but within Los Angeles County shall be determined using the above tiered-structured table and by dividing the total incoming waste from outside the Santa Clarita Valley by the number of delivery days. For example, if the monthly total is 50,000 tons and number of delivery days is 20, then the average quantity is 2,500 TPD, and the fee is the sum of $(\$2 \times 1,999) + (\$4 \times 501) = \$6,002 \times 1,000$ number of delivery days. The fee shall be adjusted annually in accordance with the CPI.

One third (33.3 percent) of the monthly payment shall be deposited by the Department of Public Works into an interest-bearing deferred Unincorporated Community Program Account, created and maintained by the Department of Public Works to fund programs and activities that enhance and environmental,

educational, and quality of life programs in the communities of Val Verde, Castaic, and other Unincorporated County areas surrounding the landfill.

Another one third (33.3 percent) of each monthly payment shall be deposited by the Department of Public Works into an interest-bearing deferred Landfill Mitigation Program Account, created and maintained by the Department of Public Works to fund programs and activities that enhance Countywide disposal capacity and mitigate landfill gas impacts in the Unincorporated County areas.

The remaining one third (33.3 percent) of the monthly payment shall be deposited into an interest-bearing deferred Alternative-to-Landfilling Technology Account, created and maintained by the Department of Public Works to fund research and activities that promote the development of Conversion Technology facilities that benefit the County.

In the event the Department of Public Works, in consultation with the Director of Regional Planning, determines that the Permittee has constructed and commenced operation of a Conversion Technology facility in full satisfaction of the requirements of Condition No. 116 of this grant, the fee requirement of this Condition No. 115 shall thereafter be reduced by one-third (33.3 percent). The new rate shall be as follows, but only so long as the Conversion Technology facility is operating:

Disposal Quantity (Tons/Day)	Fee
0 - 1,999	\$1.32 per ton
2,000-3,999	\$2.64 per ton
4,000-5,999	\$3.96 per ton
6,000-7,000	\$5.28 per ton

The fee applicable to all Solid Waste and Beneficial Use Material originating outside of Los Angeles County shall remain unchanged. Upon the effective date of the new rate, the funds generated from this fee shall be split equally between the Unincorporated Community Program Account and Landfill Mitigation Program Account.

116. In the event the Permittee elects to construct and operate a commercial-scale Conversion Technology facility (excluding composting facilities) at the Facility or other location in the County as approved by the Director of Public Works, the Permittee may seek to provide such facility in lieu of paying thirty-four (34) percent of fee required by Condition No. 115 of this grant. "Construct and

operate" shall mean fully funding and successfully completing the siting, design, permitting, and construction of an operating facility for the conversion of a minimum of 500 tons per day of Solid Waste into useful products, fuels, and/or energy through no-combustion thermal, chemical, or biological processes (excluding composting facilities). The Permittee shall be responsible for obtaining all necessary permits and approvals required to construct and operate the facility. The facility must be fully permitted, operational, and processing at least 50 percent of the daily tonnage permitted for such facility on the 5th anniversary of the Effective Date and fully operational by the 6th anniversary of the Effective Date.

After the Director of Public Works has verified the Conversion Technology facility (excluding composting facilities) has commenced operation and is in full satisfaction of the requirements of Condition No. 116 of this grant, the Permittee may request reimbursement from the Alternative-to-Landfilling Technology Account, created and maintained by the Department of Public Works. Eligible expenditures for reimbursement include design, permitting, environmental document preparation, construction, and inspection that are verified by the Department of Public Works as necessary and directly related to the development of a Conversion Technology Facility (excluding composting facilities) that meets the requirements of Condition No. 116 of this grant.

The Permittee must provide access to the Department of Public Works and its independent consultant(s) to all areas of the facility during all phases of the development and must respond to information requests, including operating and performance data, from the Department of Public Works in a timely manner. The Permittee shall provide tours of the facility to the public at the request of the Department of Public Works.

Upon the Effective Date of this grant, the Permittee shall submit to the Department of Public Works for review and comment quarterly reports, providing detailed status of the selection of the type of Conversion Technology and progress of the development. Within one year after the Effective Date, the Permittee must submit a proposal for the type, location, and preliminary design of the Conversion Technology facility for review and approval by the Department of Public Works in consultation with the Director of Regional Planning. As part of the proposal, the Permittee shall submit a detailed project milestone schedule, including at a minimum, a scheduled completion date for permit approvals, financing, 30 percent, 60 percent, and 90 percent design levels, construction completion, start-up, acceptance testing, and beginning of commercial operations. Within 6 months of receipt of the proposal, the Department of Public Works shall notify the Permittee of the findings of its review and determination as to whether a Conversion Technology Facility is or is not anticipated to be successfully developed in accordance with the requirement of this Condition No. 116.

When the Conversion Technology Facility is permitted, developed and in operation, the Permittee shall submit to the Department of Public Works quarterly informational reports including quantities of feedstock, output materials, output gas, energy, and/or fuel as well as an annual report for review and comment providing detailed status of the operation, permits, and regulatory compliance of the Conversion Technology facility, including quantities and origins of feedstock, quantities of output, design life, and performance efficiency.

In the event that a Conversion Technology facility is not anticipated to be successfully developed by the 5th anniversary of the Effective Date, the Permittee may submit a request for a one-year time extension to the Department of Public Works, no later than 3 months prior to the 5th anniversary of the Effective Date. The extension may be granted at the sole discretion of the Department of Public Works, if the Permittee demonstrates, to the satisfaction of the Department of Public Works, that it has made good faith efforts towards developing the facility, and shows that circumstances related to the facility's permitting process and other events outside of the Permittee's control prevented the facility from being fully permitted and operational. Similarly, a one-year time extension may also be granted up to 2 additional times, at the request of the Permittee. Such additional requests shall each be received no later than 3 months prior to the anniversary of the Effective Date after the 6th and 7th years. The total duration of the time extension(s) shall not exceed 3 years.

- 117. Pursuant to Goal 2.4.2 of the Los Angeles County Countywide Siting Element adopted by the Board in 1997, and the Board's policy adopted on July 27, 1999 to promote the development of alternatives to landfill and incineration processes, the Permittee shall contribute \$200,000 annually, not to exceed \$3,000,000 for the life of this grant, to an alternative technology development fund, which fund shall be an interest bearing account established and maintained by the Department of Public Works. This fund shall be used to research, promote, and develop the alternative technologies that are most appropriate for Southern California from an environmental and economic perspective. The determination of appropriate alternative technologies as well as the use of the fund shall be made by the Department of Public Works. Within six months after the Effective Date, the Permittee shall deposit its first \$200,000 payment required by this Condition No. 117, and thereafter annually by March 31.
- 118. By March 31 of each year, the Permittee shall pay to the Department of Public Works an annual fee of \$0.50 per ton of all Solid Waste disposed at the Landfill during the preceding calendar year. The fee shall be adjusted annually in accordance with the CPI. This annual payment shall be deposited into an interest bearing trust fund established to acquire and/or develop natural habitat and parkland within the Santa Clarita Valley. No monies from this trust fund shall be used for projects or programs that benefit areas outside the communities surrounding the Landfill. The Director of Public Works shall administer the trust

fund in consultation with the Director of Parks and Recreation, and all monies in the trust fund, including accrued interest, shall be spent for park and recreational purposes. This fund shall be separate from the fund in Condition No. 109.

- 119. By March 31 of each year, the Permittee shall pay to the Department of Public Works an annual fee of \$0.50 per ton of all Solid Waste disposed at the Landfill during the preceding calendar year. The fee shall be adjusted annually in accordance with the CPI. This annual payment shall be deposited by the Department of Public Works into an interest bearing trust fund established to provide funding for road improvements in the Val Verde, Castaic, and other Unincorporated County areas surrounding the landfill. The Department of Public Works shall administer this trust fund, and all monies in the trust fund, including accrued interest, shall be disbursed by the Department of Public Works.
- 120. By January 10 of every other year, the Permittee shall pay to the Department of Regional Planning a sum of \$50,000 for the purpose of financing planning studies, including, but not limited to neighborhood planning studies for Val Verde, Castaic, and the Unincorporated Santa Clarita Valley, as determined by the Director of Regional Planning. The fee shall be adjusted annually in accordance with the CPI. The payments shall be held in an interest-bearing account. Payment for the first year is due within 90 days after the Effective Date. Should there be monies remaining in the account, not spent on planning studies or committed to use on such studies within the identified area, such fees will be returned to the permittee at the termination of the permit.
- 121. By March 31 of each year, the Permittee shall pay to the Department Regional Planning a fee of \$1.00 per ton of all Solid Waste disposed at the Landfill during the preceding calendar year. The payment shall be adjusted annually in accordance with the CPI. The payments shall be deposited by the Director of Regional Planning into an interest-bearing community benefit and environmental education trust fund, created and maintained by the Director of Regional Planning. This fund shall be used to fund environmental, educational, and quality of life programs in the Val Verde, Castaic, and other Unincorporated County areas surrounding the landfill, and to fund regional public facilities that serve this area. All disbursement of the monies in the fund shall be determined by the Director of Regional Planning.
- 122. The Permittee shall fund 10 collection events per year to be held by the Department of Public Works for the collection of Household Hazardous Waste and Electronic Waste, including discarded computers. The cost of each event shall be \$100,000, adjusted annually in accordance with the CPI. The Permittee shall make annual payments for these events. The first payment is due within 90 days after the Effective Date, and the subsequent payments are due by March 31 of each year.

In lieu of paying for 5 of the 10 collection events per year, the Permittee may instead elect the following option:

The Permittee will fully fund the siting, development, operation, and staffing of a new permanent Santa Clarity Valley Environmental Collection Center at the Facility or other location in the Unincorporated areas of the Santa Clarita Valley (substantially similar in design to the Antelope Valley Environmental Collection Center) for the collection of household hazardous/electronic waste. The Permittee shall be responsible for building, constructing, and obtaining all necessary permits and approvals required to operate the center. The center, whose design and location must be approved by the Department of Public Works, must be open at least twice a month to all County residents. The operating hours shall be similar to that of the Antelope Valley Environmental Collection Center or as determined by the Department of Public Works. Upon the center's opening, the Permittee shall implement an on-going comprehensive promotional campaign to reach all Santa Clarita Valley residents. The campaign must be reviewed and approved by Public Works in consultation with other interested entities.

In the event the Permittee elects above option, the Permittee shall notify the Department of Public Works of its decision within 90 days of the Effective Date, along with a detailed project timeline (including, but not limited to, estimated project costs, etc.) for review and approval. The Department of Public Works reserves the right to determine whether the Permittee has satisfied the requirements for payment deduction and when the deduction will commence, and if necessary, prorate the payments to meet the intent of this Condition No. 122.

123. Prior to the Effective Date, the Permittee shall:

a. Deposit the sum of \$20,000 with the Department. The deposit shall be placed in a performance fund draw-down account, which shall be used exclusively to compensate the Department for all expenses incurred while inspecting the premises to determine the Permittee's compliance with the conditions of this grant, to review and verify any and all information contained in the required reports of this grant, and to undertake any other activity of the Department to ensure that the conditions of this grant are satisfied, including, but not limited to, carrying out the following activities: enforcement, permitting, inspections (amount charged per each inspection shall be \$200.00, or the current recovery cost, whichever is greater), providing administrative support in the oversight and enforcement of these conditions, performing technical studies, and retaining the services of an independent consultant for any of the aforementioned purposes, or for routine monitoring of any and/or all of the conditions of this grant for a minimum of 5 years. Inspections shall be conducted biennially (once every other year) to ensure that any development undertaken on the subject property is in accordance with the approved Exhibit "A" on file. If the actual costs incurred pursuant to this Condition No. 123 (a) have reached 80 percent of the amount of the initial deposit (\$16,000), and the Permittee has been so notified, the Permittee shall deposit supplemental funds to bring the balance up to the amount of the initial deposit (\$20,000) within 10 business days of such notification. There is no limit to the number of supplemental deposits that may be required during the life of this grant. At the sole discretion of the Permittee, the Permittee may deposit an initial or supplemental amount that exceeds the minimum amounts required by this Condition No. 123 (a).

- b. Deposit the sum of \$50,000 in an interest-bearing trust fund with the Department of Public Works from which actual costs billed and not honored by the Permittee will be deducted for the purpose of defraying the expenses involved in the Department of Public Works' review and verification of any and all information contained in the required reports of this grant and the MMRP, and any other activity of the Department of Public Works to ensure that the conditions of this grant are satisfied. including, but not limited to, carrying out the following activities: mitigation enforcement. permitting, inspections. coordination of monitoring, providing administrative support in the oversight and enforcement of these conditions, performing technical studies, and retaining the services of an independent consultant for any of the aforementioned purposes or for routine monitoring of any and/or all of the conditions of this grant for a minimum of 5 years. If the costs incurred pursuant to this Condition No. 123 (b) have reached 80 percent of the amount of the initial deposit (\$40,000), and the Permittee has been so notified, the Permittee shall deposit supplemental funds to bring the balance up to the amount of the initial deposit (\$50,000) within 10 business days of such notification. There is no limit to the number of supplemental deposits that may be required during the life of this grant. At the sole discretion of the Permittee, the Permittee may deposit an initial or supplemental amount that exceeds the minimum amounts required by this Condition No. 123 (b).
- c. The balance remaining including interest in the draw-down account as described in Subsection (a) above and trust fund as described in Subsection (b) above shall be returned to the Permittee upon the Director of Public Works' determination that the Landfill is no longer a threat to public health, safety, and the environment.

LEGISLATION

124. The Permittee shall continue working with the waste industry, in concert with cities, the County, and other stakeholders in the industry, to seek amendment of existing laws and regulations to require that compliance with the State's waste reduction mandates be measured by diversion program implementation as opposed to disposal quantity measurement, and to further require the Statemandated Disposal Reporting System to be used solely to identify waste generation and disposal trends, to the extent that this would further the objective of the Project as stated in the EIR of continuing to provide landfill waste diversion programs that are relied upon by many local cities and communities in achieving state mandates for waste diversion.

COMMUNITY INFORMATION/INQUIRIES

- 125. The Permittee shall post a sign at the entrance gate to the Facility providing the following information:
 - a. The telephone number of the hotline to contact the Permittee on a 24-hour basis to register complaints regarding the Facility's operations. All complaints received shall be reported to the Director of Regional Planning, and other agencies, as appropriate, on the same day but no later than 10 a.m. of the following business day. Said telephone number shall be published in the local telephone directory, Permittee's website and local library;
 - b. The telephone number of the DPH and the hours that the DPH office is staffed; and
 - c. The telephone number of SCAQMD's enforcement offices and the hours that the SCAQMD offices are staffed.
- 126. The Permittee shall maintain a hotline/emergency log at the Facility which shall record all complaints received regarding Landfill operations. The record of complaints shall include the date and time, nature of complaints, and actions taken to identify and resolve the complaint. The Permittee shall at all times, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, provide at least one emergency contact person, with sufficient expertise to assess the need for remedial action to promptly respond to complaints from the surrounding neighborhood regarding dust, litter, odor, air quality, or other operational issues. The Permittee shall resolve all complaints to the satisfaction of the Director of Regional Planning. Permittee shall maintain records of this hotline for 3 years, made available upon request, and submitted as part of the annual report required pursuant to Part XII of the IMP. The records shall include information of all complaints received regarding the landfill operations, the Permittee's follow-up action to the complaints, and their final resolution.

- 127. The Permittee shall prepare and distribute to all interested persons and parties, as shown on the interested parties list used by the Department of Regional Planning for this matter, and to any other person requesting to be added to the list, a quarterly newsletter, or electronic/social media, providing the Facility's website and its 24-hour hotline/emergency telephone numbers, and also providing the following information for the quarter: (1) "What is New" at the Facility; (2) the regulatory and permitting activities at the Facility; (3) the hotline/emergency log for the period; and (4) a summary of any and all progress reports and/or annual reports required by this grant. The newsletter shall be posted on the Facility's website and distributed to the Castaic library and other local libraries. In addition, the Permittee shall notify the Community Advisory Committee, as described in Part XI of the IMP, the Val Verde Community Advisory Committee, the Castaic Area Town Council Association, and any other interested community groups in the immediate vicinity of the Facility, of any significant operational change at the Facility.
- 128. Within 180 days after the Effective Date, the Permittee shall update its website to provide general information to the community regarding the Facility's recycling activities/programs, environmental mitigation measures, frequently asked questions, a description of the Facility's operation, which may include video, a complaint resolution mechanism, recent Notices of Violation and how they were resolved, and any other pertinent information requested by the Department of Public Works for the life of this grant.

OAK TREE PERMIT SPECIFIC CONDITIONS

- 129. This grant, OAK 201500007, shall authorize the removal of four (4) trees (# 1, 2, 3, and 89) of the oak genus (Quercus agrifolia) as shown on the site plan (OAK 201500007 Exhibit "A").
- 130. This permit (OAK 201500007) shall not be effective until a site plan (CUP 200400042 Exhibit "A") is approved for the construction of the proposed landfill facilities and associated grading, demonstrating the need to remove the said trees.
- 131. The Permittee shall provide mitigation trees of the Oak genus at a rate of two to one (2:1) for each tree removed for a total of eight (8) mitigation trees.
- 132. The Permittee shall plant one healthy acorn of the same species of oak (*Quercus sp.*) as the tree removed for each mitigation tree planted. The acorns shall be planted at the same time as and within the watering zone of each mitigation tree.
- 133. All replacement trees shall be planted on native undisturbed soil and shall be the same species of oak (*Quercus sp.*) as the removed tree. The location of the replacement tree shall be in the vicinity of other oak trees of the same species. A layer of humus and litter from beneath the canopy of the removed tree shall also be applied to the area beneath the canopies of the replacement trees to further promote the establishment of mycorrhizae within their rooting zones.

- 134. When replacement trees are planted on disturbed soil or are not in the vicinity of the same species of oak (*Quercus sp.*) as the removed tree, planting shall incorporate a mycorrhizal product, either as amendment or in the first two irrigations or watering of planted trees (i.e. "mycorrhizaROOTS" or similar product) in accordance with the label's directions. A layer of humus and litter from beneath the canopy of the removed tree shall also be applied to the area beneath the canopies of the replacement trees to further promote the establishment of mycorrhizae within their rooting zones.
- 135. If any oak tree grows into ordinance size during the duration of this permit, removals, encroachments or any additional impacts shall be inclusive within this permit to ensure proper mitigation.
 - In addition to the work expressly allowed by this permit, remedial pruning intended to ensure the continued health of a protected oak tree or to improve its appearance or structure may be performed. Such pruning shall include the removal of deadwood and stubs and medium pruning of branches to two inches in diameter or less in accordance with the guidelines published by the National Arborist Association. Copies of these guidelines are available from the Forestry Division of the County of Los Angeles Fire Department. In no case shall more than 20 percent of the tree canopy of any one tree be removed.
- 136. Except as otherwise expressly authorized by this grant, any remaining oak trees shall be maintained in accordance with the principles set forth in the publication, "Oak Trees: Care and Maintenance", prepared by the Forestry Division of the County of Los Angeles Fire Department. A copy of the publication is enclosed with these conditions.
- 137. The Permittee shall comply with all conditions and requirements contained in the County Forester and Fire Warden, Forestry Division, letter dated January 24, 2017 (attached hereto), to the satisfaction of said Division, except as otherwise required by said Division.

Attachments:

Project Site Plan - Exhibit "A"

County Forester's Letter dated January 24, 2017 Oak Trees: Care and Maintenance Guide

Fire Department letter dated February 24, 2017

Department of Public Health letter dated February 23, 2017

Implementation and Monitoring Program (IMP)

PROJECT NO. R2004-00559-(5) CUP 200400042, OAK 201500007

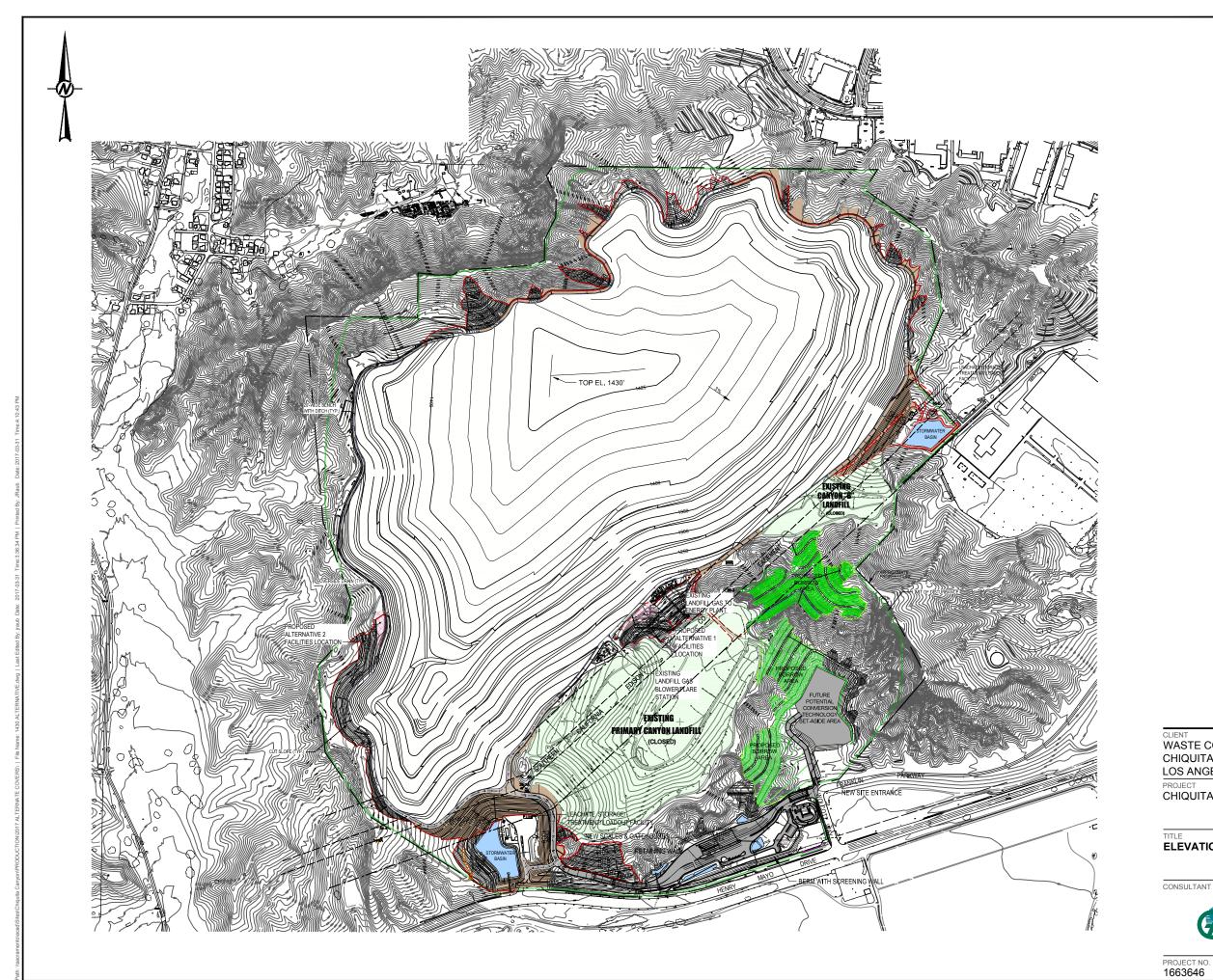
CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL PAGE 62 OF 62

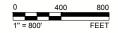
Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program (MMRP)

Tonnage Capacity Breakdown Table

Table for Fee Structures

Table for Monitoring Requirement and Frequency





CLIENT
WASTE CONNECTIONS, INC.
CHIQUITA CANYON LANDFILL
LOS ANGELES COUNTY, CALIFORNIA

PROJECT
CHIQUITA CANYON LANDFILL

TITLE ELEVATION 1,430-FOOT ALTERNATIVE

YYYY-MM-DD	2017-03-31	
DESIGNED	JDR	
PREPARED	JDR	
REVIEWED	RDH	
APPROVED	RDH	
RE	V.	FIGURE

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES



FIRE DEPARTMENT

1320 NORTH EASTERN AVENUE LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA 90063-3294

DARYL L. OSBY FIRE CHIEF FORESTER & FIRE WARDEN

January 24, 2017

Iris Chi, Planner Department of Regional Planning Zoning Permits Section 320 West Temple Street Los Angeles, CA 90012

Dear Ms. Chi:

OAK TREE PERMIT NUMBER 2015-00007 PROJECT NUMBER R2004-00559-(5) 29201 HENRY MAYO DRIVE, CASTAIC

We have reviewed the "Request for Oak Tree Permit #2015-00007." The project is located at 29201 Henry Mayo Drive in the unincorporated area of Castaic. The Oak Tree Report is accurate and complete as to the location, size, condition and species of the Oak trees on the site. The term "Oak Tree Report" refers to the document on file by sb horticulture, the consulting arborist, dated June 6, 2014.

We recommend the following as conditions of approval:

OAK TREE PERMIT REQUIREMENTS:

- 1. This grant shall not be effective until the permittee and the owner of the property involved (if other than the permittee), have filed at the office of the Department of Regional Planning their affidavit stating that they are aware of and agree to accept all conditions of this grant. Unless otherwise apparent from the context, the term "permittee" shall include the applicant and any other person, corporation or other entity making use of this grant.
- 2. The permittee shall, prior to commencement of the use authorized by this grant, deposit with the County of Los Angeles Fire Department a sum of \$300. Such fees shall be used to compensate the County Forester \$100 per inspection to cover expenses incurred while inspecting the project to determine the permittee's compliance with the conditions of

SERVING THE UNINCORPORATED AREAS OF LOS ANGELES COUNTY AND THE CITIES OF:

Iris Chi, Planner January 24, 2017 Page 2

approval. The above fees provide for one (1) initial inspection prior to the commencement of construction and two (2) subsequent inspections until the conditions of approval have been met. The Director of Regional Planning and the County Forester shall retain the right to make regular and unannounced site inspections.

- 3. Before commencing work authorized or required by this grant, the consulting arborist shall submit a letter to the Director of Regional Planning and the County of Los Angeles Fire Department's Forestry Division stating that he or she has been retained by the permittee to perform or supervise the work, and that he or she agrees to report to the Director of Regional Planning and the County Forester, any failure to fully comply with the conditions of the grant. The arborist shall also submit a written report on permit compliance upon completion of the work required by this grant. The report shall include a diagram showing the exact number and location of all mitigation trees planted as well as planting dates.
- 4. The permittee shall arrange for the consulting arborist or a similarly qualified person to maintain all remaining Oak trees on the subject property that are within the zone of impact as determined by the County Forester for the life of the Oak Tree Permit or the Conditional Use Permit.
- 5. The permittee shall install temporary chainlink fencing, not less than four (4) feet in height, to secure the protected zone of all remaining Oak trees on site as necessary. The fencing shall be installed prior to grading or tree removal, and shall not be removed without approval of the County Forester. The term "protected zone" refers to the area extending five (5) feet beyond the dripline of the Oak tree (before pruning), or fifteen (15) feet from the trunk, whichever is greater.
- 6. Copies of the Oak Tree Report, Oak tree map, mitigation planting plan and conditions of approval shall be kept on the project site and available for review. All individuals associated with the project as it relates to the Oak resource shall be familiar with the Oak Tree Report, Oak tree map, mitigation planting plan and conditions of approval.

PERMITTED OAK TREE REMOVAL:

- 7. This grant allows the removal of four trees the Oak genus, three (3) (<u>Quercus agrifolia</u>) and one (1) <u>Quercus lobata</u> identified as Tree Number 1, 2, 3, and 89 on the applicant's site plan and Oak Tree Report. Trenching, excavation, or clearance of vegetation within the protected zone of an Oak tree shall be accomplished by the use of hand tools or small hand-held power tools. Any major roots encountered shall be conserved and treated as recommended by the consulting arborist.
- 8. In addition to the work expressly allowed by this permit, remedial pruning intended to ensure the continued health of a protected Oak tree or to improve its appearance or structure may be performed. Such pruning shall include the removal of deadwood and stubs and medium pruning of branches two-inches in diameter or less in accordance with the guidelines published by the National Arborist Association. Copies of these guidelines

Iris Chi, Planner January 24, 2017 Page 3

- are available from the County of Los Angeles Fire Department, Forestry Division. In no case shall more than 20% of the tree canopy of any one tree be removed.
- 9. Except as otherwise expressly authorized by this grant, the remaining Oak trees shall be maintained in accordance with the principles set forth in the publication, "Oak Trees: Care and Maintenance," prepared by the County of Los Angeles Fire Department, Forestry Division. A copy of the publication is enclosed with these conditions.

MITIGATION TREES:

- 10. The permittee shall provide mitigation trees of the Oak genus at a rate of two to one (2:1) for each tree removed, Six (6) *Quercus agrifolia*, and two (2) *Quercus lobata*, for a total of eight (8) mitigation trees.
- 11. Each mitigation tree shall be at least a 15-gallon specimen in size and measure one (1) inch or more in diameter one (1) foot above the base. Free form trees with multiple stems are permissible provided the combined diameter of the two (2) largest stems of such trees measure a minimum of one (1) inch in diameter one (1) foot above the base.
- 12. Mitigation trees shall consist of indigenous varieties of *Quercus agrifolia* and *Quercus lobata*, grown from a local seed source.
- 13. Mitigation trees shall be planted within one (1) year of the permitted Oak tree removals. Mitigation trees shall be planted either on site or at an off-site location approved by the County Forester. Alternatively, a contribution to the County of Los Angeles Oak Forest Special Fund may be made in the amount equivalent to the Oak resource loss. The contribution shall be calculated by the consulting arborist and approved by the County Forester according to the most current edition of the International Society of Arboriculture's "Guide for Plant Appraisal."
- 14. The permittee shall properly maintain each mitigation tree and shall replace any tree failing to survive due to a lack of proper care and maintenance with a tree meeting the specifications set forth above. The two-year maintenance period will begin upon receipt of a letter from the permittee or consulting arborist to the Director of Regional Planning and the County Forester, indicating that the mitigation trees have been planted. The maintenance period of the trees failing to survive two (2) years will start anew with the new replacement trees. Subsequently, additional monitoring fees shall be required.
- 15. All mitigation Oak trees planted as a condition of this permit shall be protected in perpetuity by the Los Angeles County Oak Tree Ordinance once they have survived the required maintenance period.

NON-PERMITTED ACTIONS AND VIOLATIONS:

- 16. Encroachment within the protected zone of any additional tree of the Oak genus on the project site is prohibited.
- 17. Should encroachment within the protected zone of any additional tree of the Oak genus on the project site not permitted by this grant result in its injury or death within two (2) years, the permittee shall be required to make a contribution to the Los Angeles County Oak Forest Special Fund in the amount equivalent to the Oak resource damage/loss. Said contribution shall be calculated by the consulting arborist and approved by the County Forester according to the most current edition of the International Society of Arboriculture's "Guide for Plant Appraisal."
- 18. No planting or irrigation system shall be installed within the dripline of any Oak tree that will be retained.
- 19. Utility trenches shall not be routed within the protected zone of an Oak tree unless the serving utility requires such locations.
- 20. Equipment, materials and vehicles shall not be stored, parked, or operated within the protected zone of any Oak tree. No temporary structures shall be placed within the protected zone of any Oak tree.
- 21. Violations of the conditions of this grant shall result in immediate work stoppage or in a notice of correction depending on the nature of the violation. A time frame within which deficiencies must be corrected will be indicated on the notice of correction.
- 22. Should any future inspection disclose that the subject property is being used in violation of any one of the conditions of this grant, the permittee shall be held financially responsible and shall reimburse the County of Los Angeles Fire Department, Forestry Division, for all enforcement efforts necessary to bring the subject property into compliance.

To schedule a County Forester inspection, please contact the Environmental Review Unit at (818) 890-5719.

If you have any additional questions, please contact this office at (818) 890-5758.

Very truly yours.

J. LOPEZ, ASSISTANT CHIEF, FORESTRY DIVISION

PREVENTION SERVICES BUREAU

JL:il

Enclosure



This Oak Tree Care and Maintenance Guide offers basic information and practical guidelines aimed at the preservation and continued health and survival of oak trees in the residential landscape.

Increasing pressure for development is changing the oak woodland of Los Angeles County. Heritage oaks which once survived in open rolling hills are now being preserved or replanted and incorporated into the community.

How do we protect these trees during the planning and development process, and ensure their survival once they are in the home garden?

The Oak Tree

Oak Trees in the residential landscape often suffer decline and early death due to conditions that are easily preventable. Damage can often take years to become evident, and by the time the trees show obvious signs of disease it is usually too late to help.

Improper watering, especially during the hot summer months, and disturbance to critical root areas are most often the causes. This booklet will provide guidelines on where these critical areas lie and ways to avoid disturbing them, as well as information on long-term care and maintenance of both natural and planted oaks. Lists of additional resources for more information and demonstration areas to visit are also included.

The Oak Tree Ordinance

The Los Angeles County Oak Tree Ordinance has been established to recognize oak trees as significant historical, aesthetic, and ecological resources. The goal of the ordinance is to create favorable conditions for the preservation and propagation of this unique and threatened plant heritage. By making this part of the development process, healthy oak trees will be preserved and maintained.

The Los Angeles County Oak Tree Ordinance applies to all unincorporated areas of the County. Individual cities may have their own ordinances, and their requirements may be different.

Permit Requirements:

Under the Los Angeles County Ordinance, a person shall not cut, destroy, remove, relocate, inflict damage, or encroach into the protected zone (see text) of any ordinance sized tree of the oak tree genus without first obtaining a permit.

Damage includes but is not limited to:

- Burning
- Application of toxic substances
- Pruning or cutting
- Trenching
- Excavating
- Paving
- Operation of machinery or
- equipment
- Changing the natural grade

Chapter 22.56.2050: Oak Tree Permit Regulations, Los Angeles County, Adopted: August 20, 1982. Amended: September 13, 1988.

For more information about the County Oak Tree Ordinance, visit the Forestry Division's website at:

http://lacofd.org/Forestry_folder/otordin.htm

Or contact:

Department of Regional Planning

320 W. Temple Street, 13th floor Los Angeles, CA 90012-3284 (213) 974-6411

TDD: (213) 617-2292 http://planning.co.la.ca.us

Types of oaks commonly found in Los Angeles County:

Many kinds of oak trees are native to Los Angeles County. A few of the more common ones are shown below, but all oak trees are covered by the Oak Tree Ordinance.

Older oaks which have thrived under the natural rainfall patterns of dry summers and wet winters often can't handle the extra water of a garden setting. These trees must be treated with special care if they are to survive.

Those oaks that have been planted into the landscape or sprouted naturally tend to be more tolerant of watered landscapes. vigorous young trees may grow 11/2 to 4 feet a year in height under good conditions. Once established these trees would benefit from the same special care outlined in this guide.



LARGE DECIDUOUS TREE 60-75' HIGH, BROADLY SPREADING 50'-80' WIDE.

LEAVES : DEEP GREEN . 3-4" LONG : PAPER LIKE TEXTURE WITH DEEP ROUNDED LOBES ON THE LEAF EDGE.

TENDS TO FAVOR VALLEY BOTTOMS : FOR THIS REASON THE VALLEY OAK HAS DISAPPEARED FROM THE LANDSCAPE MORE RAPIDLY, IMPACTED SEVERLY BY AGRICULTURE and URBAN DEVELOPMENT.



LARGE EVERGREEN TREE WITH A BROAD, ROUND SHAPE AND LARGE LIMBS. 30'-70' HIGH, 35'-80' WIDE.

LEAVES : GLOSSY GREEN , 1"-3" LONG : SPINY, ROUNDED, AND HOLLY LIKE : BUT DISTINCTLY CUPPED OR CUPLED UNDER AT THE EDGES.



Intuin Live Oak

EVERGREEN TREE 30'-75' HIGH OR A SHRUB 8'-10' HIGH IN CHAPARRAL AREAS. HAS A FULL, DENSE ROUNDED SHAPE, NOT BROAD OR WITH LARGE LIMBS LIKE A COAST LIVE OAK. THEY TEND TO GROW IN CLUMPS RATHER THAN AS A SINGLE TREE.

LEAVES: DARK GREEN, 1"-4" LONG. EDGES ENTHER SMOOTH OR SPINY, BUTALWAYS FLAT - NOT CURLED UNDER.

OTHER COMMON OAKS:

CALIPORNIA BLACK OAK : QUERCUS KELLOGGI CANYON LIVE OAK : QUERCUS CHRYSOLEPIS ENGELMANN OAK : QUERCUS ENGELMANNII

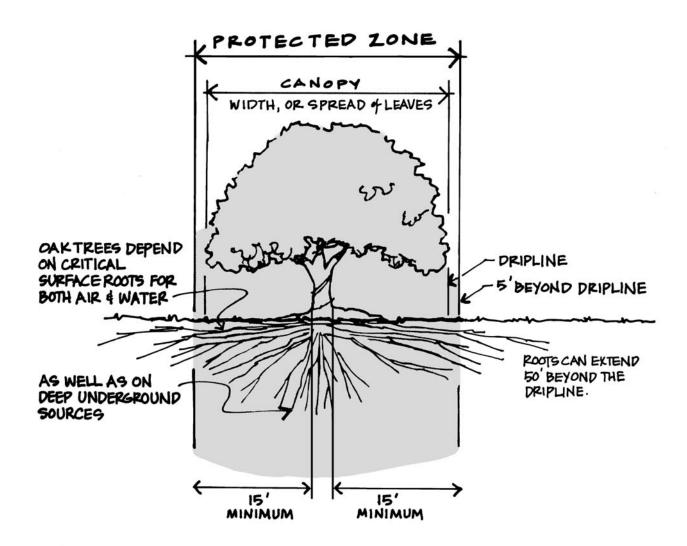
THE PROTECTED ZONE

The **protected zone** defines the area most critical to the health and continued survival of an oak tree. Oaks are easily damaged and very sensitive to disturbances that occur to the tree or in the surrounding environment.

The root system is extensive but surprisingly shallow, sometimes radiating out as much as 50 feet beyond the spread of the tree leaves, or canopy. The ground area at the outside edge of the canopy, referred to as the *dripline*, is especially important: the tree obtains most of its surface water and nutrients here, and conducts an important exchange of air and other gases.

The protected zone is defined in the Oak Tree Ordinance as follows:

"The Protected Zone shall mean that area within the dripline of an oak tree and extending there from to a point at least 5 feet outside the dripline or 15 feet from the trunk, whichever distance is greater."



CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY WITHIN THE PROTECTED ZONE

Changes in Grade

Any change in the level of soil around an oak tree can have a negative impact. The most critical area lies within 6' to 10' of the trunk: no soil should be added or scraped away. Water should drain away from this area and not be allowed to pond so that soil remains wet at the base.

Retaining walls designed to hold back soil above or below an existing tree should avoided if at all possible, especially within the protected zone. These types of structures cause critical areas at the dripline to be buried, or require that major roots be severed. Water trapped at the base of the tree could lead to root rot or other impacts, and to the decline and premature death of a highly valued landscape tree.

Construction activities outside the protected zone can have damaging impacts on existing trees. Underground water sources can be cut off due to falling water tables, or drainage may be disrupted.

Trenching

Digging of trenches in the root zone should be avoided. Roots may be cut or severely damaged, and the tree can be killed.

If trenches <u>must</u> be placed within the protected zone, utilities can be placed in a conduit, which has been bored through the soil, reducing damage to the roots. Insist that as many utilities as allowed be placed in a single trench, instead of the common practice of digging a separate trench for each individual line.

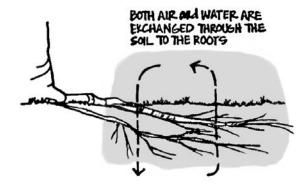
Trenching can also be accomplished using hand tools or small hand held power equipment to avoid cutting roots. Any roots exposed during this work should be covered with wet burlap and kept moist until the soil can be replaced.

Soil Compaction and Paving

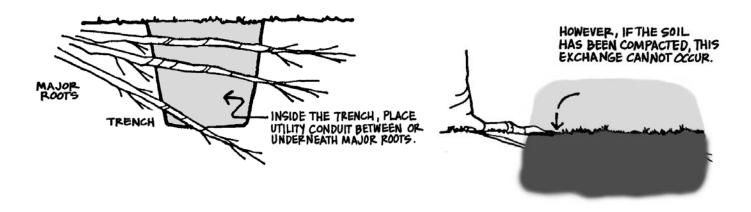
The roots depend upon an important exchange of both water <u>and</u> air through the soil within the protected zone. Any kind of activity that compacts the soil in this area blocks this exchange and can have serious long-term negative effects on the tree.

If paving material must be used, some recommended surfaces include brick paving with sand joints, or ground coverings such as wood chips (note the advantages of natural materials for providing nutrients under *mulching*).

SOIL COMPACTION



Trenching



MAINTENANCE

Watering

The key is prevention – **do not over water**. Improper watering is often overlooked as the cause of tree death because it can take years for the damage to show. Once the tree shows obvious signs of decline, it is often too late to correct the problem.

The seasonal weather pattern for this region is one of dry summers and winter rain. Oak trees are naturally drought tolerant and adapted to this cycle. If the tree is vigorous and thriving it should not require **any** additional water.

If the natural source of surface or underground water has been altered, some supplemental water <u>may</u> be necessary, but proceed with caution. The goal of any watering schedule for oak trees should be to supplement natural rainfall and it should occur only when the tree would normally receive moisture. This might be in the winter, if rains are unusually late, or in spring if rainfall has been below normal levels.

Over watering, especially during the summer months, causes a number of problems which can lead to decline and eventual death of the tree. It creates ideal conditions for attacks of Oak Root Fungus by allowing the fungus to breed all year. In addition, both evergreen and deciduous oaks grow vigorously in the spring and naturally go dormant in the summer. Extra water only encourages new tip growth which is subject to mildew. Oaks need this period of rest.

Newly planted oaks may need supplemental watering during their first few summers. After they become established water should be applied according to the previous guidelines.

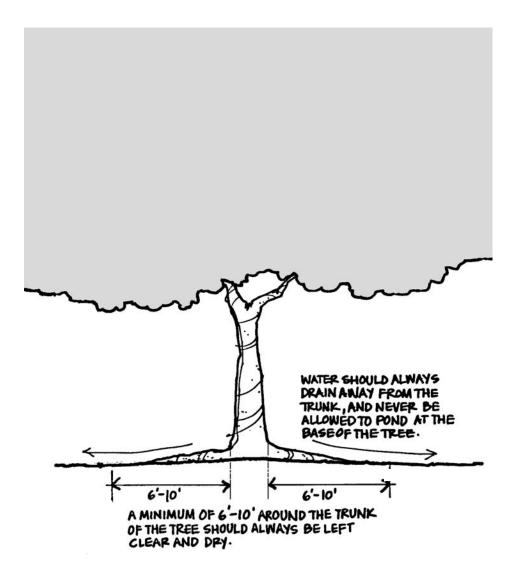
Pruning

For oak trees the periodic removal of dead wood during periods of tree dormancy should be the only pruning needed. Any cutting of green wood opens scars that could allow the entry of organisms or disease.

Before pruning obtain the advice of a certified arborist or other professional and consult the local city or county where the tree is located to find out what regulations apply. Pruning of both live and dead wood can sometimes require a permit.

Mulching

Leaf litter from the tree is the best mulch and should be allowed to remain on the ground within the protected zone. Crushed walnut shells or wood chips can be used, but the oak leaves that drop naturally provide the tree with a source of nutrients. Avoid the use of packaged or commercial oak leaf mulch which could contain Oak Root Fungus. Redwood chips should not be used due to certain chemicals present in the wood.



Disease and Pests

Trees that are stressed, especially because of improper watering practices, are prone to certain diseases and attacks by pests.

The most damaging of these diseases is the Oak Root Fungus Armillaria mellea. Occurring naturally in the soil, the fungus thrives under wet conditions and dies back in the summer when soils dry out. This is why summer watering of oaks can be a deadly practice. As noted in the watering guidelines, wet soil in the summer allows the fungus to grow all year. As the population grows, their natural food sources are depleted and they begin feeding on oak tree roots. The fungus does not require an open wound in the tree to gain entry.

Indications of the fungus include:

- die back of branches or tips.
- honey colored fungus at or near the root crown.
- white fan-like fungus between wood and bark.
- the presence of black, shoestring-like growths in the soil.

Once the tree begins to show obvious signs of infection treatment is generally ineffective. The best treatment is to avoid the conditions that lead to Oak Root Fungus infections.

Pit Scale, Oak Moth, and other pests: any significant changes in leaf color, branch die back, presence of black sooty materials on leaves or other changes should be noted. Seek the advice of a professional forester, arborist, farm advisor or other expert before the application of any pesticides on an oak tree.

Planting Underneath Oaks

The natural leaf litter is by far the best ground cover within the protected zone. If plants must be placed, the following guidelines should be followed:

There should be no planting within a minimum 6 to 10 feet of the trunk.

Avoid plants that require any supplemental water once established.

Choose plants suited for "dry shade." Those listed in the box below offer some good choices. To see some examples of how these plants have been used under oaks refer to the Additional Resources section on the following page.

PLANTS TO CONSIDER:

Plant Name	Description
Arctostaphylos densiflora 'Howard McMinn' Manzanita	3' high, 6' wide. Toughest of available forms. Whitish-pink flowers.
Arctostaphylos edmundsii Little Sur Manzanita	1-2' high, 4-5' wide. Tolerant of full shade.
Arctostaphylos hookeri Monterey Carpet Manzanita	1-2' high, spreading to 12' wide by rooting branches. White to pink flowers.
Ceanothus griseus horizontalis Carmel Creeper	Less than 2 1/2' tall, low & creeping. Clusters of small blue flowers.
Heuchera spp. Coral Bells	2-4' mound. Flowers on an upright stem 2-3" high and spotted with red or pink.
<i>Mahonia aquifolium compacta</i> Oregon Grape	2-4' high, spreading by underground roots. Bright yellow flower clusters.
Ribes viburnifolium Evergreen or Catalina Currant	2-3' high, spreading to 12' wide. Flowers pink to red in small clusters.

NOTES:

Before deciding on plants, check a source such as the <u>Sunset Western</u> <u>Garden Book</u> to determine which plants will grow in your area.

When choosing shade tolerant plants, consider that the ground under the south side of the tree will get more sunlight while the northern side will tend to remain more deeply shaded.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES and Places to Visit

Public Agencies

County of Los Angeles Fire Department

Prevention Bureau, Forestry Division 5823 Rickenbacker Road, Rm #123 Commerce, CA 90040-3027 (323) 890-4330 http://lacofd.org/forestry.htm

University of California

Integrated Hardwood Range Management Program 163 Mulford Hall, Berkeley, CA 94720-3114 http://danr.ucop.edu/ihrmp

Private Organizations

The Theodore Payne Foundation

10459 Tuxford Street Sun Valley, CA 91352-2126 (818) 768-1802 www.theodorepayne.org

California Native Plant Society

1722 J Street, Suite 17 Sacramento, CA 95814-3033 (916) 447-2677 www.cnps.org

The California Oak Foundation

1212 Broadway, Suite 810 Oakland, CA 94612-1810 (510) 763-0282 www.californiaoaks.org

Arboretums and Botanic Gardens

Los Angeles County Arboreta and Botanic Gardens

301 N. Baldwin Ave. Arcadia, CA 91007-2697 (626) 821-3222 www.arboretum.org

Los Angeles County South Coast Botanic Garden

26300 Crenshaw Blvd.
Palos Verdes Peninsula, CA 90274-2515
(310) 544-6815
www.southcoastbotanicgarden.org

Los Angeles County Descanso Gardens

1418 Descanso Drive La Canada-Flintridge, CA 91011-3102 (818) 949-4200 www.descansogardens.org

Rancho Santa Ana Botanic Garden

1500 North College Claremont, CA 91711-3157 (909) 625-8767 www.rsabg.org

The Lummis Home

200 E. Avenue 43 Los Angeles, CA 90031-1304 (213) 222-0546

Publications

<u>Compatible Plants Under and Around Oaks</u>. Bruce W. Hagen... [et al]. The California Oak Foundation. 2000

Growing California Native Plants. Marjorie G. Schmidt, Univ. California Press. 1981.

<u>Illustrated Guide to the Oaks of the Southern Californian Floristic Province</u>. Fred M. Roberts. FM Roberts Publications, 1996.

<u>Living Among the Oaks: A Management Guide for Landowners</u>. University of California Integrated Range Management Program. 1995.

Oaks of California. Bruce M. Pavlik...[et al]. Cachuma Press & the California Oak Foundation. 1995.

Proceedings of the Fifth Symposium on Oak Woodlands: Oaks in California's Changing Landscape. GTR PSW-GTR-184. Forest Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture. 2001. Available from the University of California Integrated Hardwood Range Management Program.

<u>Regenerating Rangeland Oaks in California</u>. University of California Integrated Range Management Program. 2001.



County of Los Angeles Fire Department Forestry Division

County of Los Angeles Board of Supervisors

Gloria Molina, First District
Yvonne Brathwaite Burke, Second District
Zev Yaroslavsky, Third District
Don Knabe, Fourth District
Michael D. Antonovich, Fifth District

County of Los Angeles Fire Department

P. Michael Freeman, Fire Chief

Brush Clearance Unit 605 N. Angeleno Avenue Azusa, CA 91702-2904 (626) 969-2375

Camp 17 6555 Stephens Ranch Road La Verne, CA 91750-1144 (909) 593-7147

Environmental Review Unit 12605 Osborne Street Pacoima, CA 91331-2129 (818) 890-5719

Fire Plan/Interpretive Unit 12605 Osborne Street Pacoima, CA 91331-2129 (818) 890-5783

Fuel Modification Unit 605 N. Angeleno Avenue Azusa, CA 91702-2904 (626) 969-5205

Henninger Flats Forestry Unit 2260 Pinecrest Drive Altadena, CA 91001-2123 (626) 794-0675 Lake Hughes Forestry Unit 42150 N. Lake Hughes Road Lake Hughes, CA 93532-9706 (661) 724-1810

Malibu Forestry Unit 942 N. Las Virgenes Road Calabasas, CA 91302-2137 (818) 222-1108

San Dimas Forestry Unit 1910 N. Sycamore Canyon Road San Dimas, CA 91773-1220 (909) 599-4615

Saugus Forestry Unit 28760 N. Bouquet Canyon Road Saugus, CA 91390-1220 (661) 296-8558

Vegetation Management Unit 12605 Osborne Street Pacoima, CA 91331-2129 (818) 890-5720



Land Development Unit 5823 Rickenbacker Road Commerce, CA 90040 Telephone (323) 890-4243, Fax (323) 890-9783

PROJECT: R2004-00559 MAP DATE: 05/01/2015

LOCATION: 29201 Henry Mayo Drive, Castaic

PLANNER: Richard Claghorn

REVISED CONDITIONS: Supersedes Fire Dept. Conditions Dated 02/22/2017

THE FIRE DEPARTMENT RECOMMENDS CLEARANCE OF THIS PROJECT TO PROCEED TO PUBLIC HEARING AS PRESENTLY SUBMITTED WITH THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL.

CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL - ACCESS

- 1. Fire Apparatus Access Road must be installed and maintained in a serviceable manner prior to and during the time of construction. Fire Code 501.4
- 2. All fire lanes shall be clear of all encroachments, and shall be maintained in accordance with the Title 32, County of Los Angeles Fire Code.
- 3. The Fire Apparatus Access Roads and designated fire lanes shall be measured from flow line to flow line.
- 4. In the locations noted on the site plan, provide a minimum unobstructed width of 20 feet, exclusive of shoulders and an unobstructed vertical clearance "clear to sky" Fire Apparatus Access Roads Fire Code 503.1.1 & 503.2.1
- 5. Provide a minimum unobstructed width of 26 feet, exclusive of shoulders and an unobstructed vertical clearance "clear to sky" Fire Apparatus Access Road to within 150 feet of all portions of the exterior walls of the first story of the building, as measured by an approved route around the exterior of the building. Fire Code 503.1.1 & 503.2.2
- 6. The dimensions of the approved Fire Apparatus Access Roads shall be maintained as originally approved by the fire code official. Fire Code 503.2.2.1
- 7. Dead-end Fire Apparatus Access Roads in excess of 150 feet in length shall be provided with an approved Fire Department turnaround. Fire Code 503.2.5
- 8. Fire Apparatus Access Roads shall be provided with a 32 foot centerline turning radius. Fire Code 503.2.4



Land Development Unit 5823 Rickenbacker Road Commerce, CA 90040 Telephone (323) 890-4243, Fax (323) 890-9783

PROJECT: R2004-00559 MAP DATE: 05/01/2015

LOCATION: 29201 Henry Mayo Drive, Castaic

PLANNER: Richard Claghorn

- A minimum 5 foot wide approved firefighter access walkway leading from the fire department access road to all required openings in the building's exterior walls shall be provided for firefighting and rescue purposes. Fire Code 504.1
- 10. Approved building address numbers, building numbers or approved building identification shall be provided and maintained so as to be plainly visible and legible from the street fronting the property. The numbers shall contrast with their background, be Arabic numerals or alphabet letters, and be a minimum of 4 inches high with a minimum stroke width of 0.5 inch. Fire Code 505.1
- 11. Gate Requirements: Provide gate access as noted on the February 24, 2017 "Fire Apparatus Access Plan".
 - a. When security gates are provided, maintain a minimum access width of the access road. The security gate shall be provided with an approved means of emergency operation, and shall be maintained operational at all times and replaced or repaired when defective. Electric gate operators, where provided, shall be listed in accordance with UL 325. Gates intended for automatic operation shall be designed, constructed and installed to comply with the requirements of ASTM F220. Gates shall be of the swinging or sliding type. Construction of gates shall be of materials that allow manual operation by one person. Fire Code 503.6
 - b. All locking devices shall comply with the County of Los Angeles Fire Department Regulation 5, Compliance for Installation of Emergency Access Devices.

CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL – WATER

1. The closest public water system exceeds 2000 feet from the project site. In lieu of a public water system, a water tank is allowed to provide water for fire protection. The size of the water tank and the location of the on-site fire hydrants will be determined during the building plan check process.



Land Development Unit 5823 Rickenbacker Road Commerce, CA 90040 Telephone (323) 890-4243, Fax (323) 890-9783

PROJECT: R2004-00559 MAP DATE: 05/01/2015

LOCATION: 29201 Henry Mayo Drive, Castaic

PLANNER: Richard Claghorn

- 2. All fire hydrants shall measure 6"x 4"x 2-1/2" brass or bronze, conforming to current AWWA standard C503 or approved equal, and shall be installed in accordance with the County of Los Angeles Fire Department Regulation 8.
- 3. All on-site fire hydrants shall be installed a minimum of 25' feet from a structure or protected by a two (2) hour rated firewall. Fire Code Appendix C106

CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL ACCESS— LANDFILL (Fire Department Regulation 10)

- 1. Approved access roads shall be provided and maintained at all times around the dumping areas, and all existing and proposed buildings to access for firefighting equipment as addressed in the Fire Code Section 503.
- 2. Fire Apparatus Access Roads shall have an unobstructed width not less than 20 feet and an unobstructed vertical clearance clear to the sky.
- 3. Fire Apparatus Access Road widths may be increased, in the opinion of the chief, when the widths are not adequate enough to provide fire apparatus access. The increase in the fire apparatus access road width may be applied for future buildings.
- 4. Entrances to roads, trails or other access ways that have been closed with gates and barriers shall not be obstructed by parked vehicles.
- 5. Weeds, grass and combustible vegetation shall be removed for a distance of 10 feet on both sides of all access roads by rubbish trucks or the public.

Additional Landfill Requirements:

1. A firebreak or clearance of all dry weeds and grass shall be provided around the dumping areas. Secondary firebreaks, as required by the Fire Department, shall be provided and maintained in order to prevent the spread of the fire beyond the dump facility. The secondary firebreaks shall be not less than 60 feet in width.



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- 2. The property shall be adequately fenced to prevent entry of unauthorized persons, and gates shall be locked at all times when the facility is not supervised. An attendant shall be on duty when the site is open to the public.
- 3. "NO SMOKING" signs shall be posted on the facility and at all entrances to the facility. Smoking regulations, as required by this Department, will be strictly enforced.
- 4. Dumping operations shall be carried on in such a manner as to minimize the possibility of fires occurring in the waste material. The waste material which is dumped on the premises shall be immediately mixed with earth, and under no circumstances shall any exposed surface or face of combustible materials be left uncovered at the close of daily operations.
- 5. Any fire which occurs on the premises shall be reported immediately to the Fire Department and it shall be the responsibility of the operator to immediately extinguish any such fire. A telephone shall be installed for the purpose of notifying the Fire Department in case of fire.
- 6. Provisions shall be made to control or prevent the blowing of papers or other combustibles water materials into the brush or outside the established dumping areas. The premises shall be kept free of any accumulations of waste combustible materials, which might constitute a fire menace.

WATER SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS – LANDFILL (Fire Department Regulation 10)

- 1. A water supply shall be provided which meets the Fire Department standards as determined by the Land Development Unit of the Fire Prevention Division.
- 2. Adequate on-site fire hydrants shall be required per Fire Department standards. The future expansion of the facility should be considered when determining the size and placement of water mains and hydrants.



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- 3. A Class II Standpipe System shall be provided and located within 200 feet of dumping operations and shall have sufficient 1½ -inch hose with a variable-fog nozzle to reach all portions of such operations.
- 4. In lieu of a Class II standpipe system, the use of water tender trucks may be permitted, provided each truck is equipped with 2½-inch outlets for fire department use.

FUEL MODIFICATION

- 1. This property is located within the area described by the Fire Department as the Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone. A "Preliminary Fuel Modification Plan" shall be submitted and approved prior to public hearing. For details, please contact the Department's Fuel Modification Unit which is located at Fire Station 32, 605 North Angeleno Avenue in the City of Azusa CA 91702-2904. They may be reached at (626) 969-5205.
 - a. The Fuel Modification Unit received the "Preliminary Fuel Modification Plan" on February 23, 2017. The review of the "Preliminary Fuel Modification Plan is pending at this time. The "Final Fuel Modification Plan" shall be reviewed and approved by the Fuel Modification Unit prior to the issuance of building permits.

For any questions regarding the report, please contact FPEA Wally Collins at (323) 890-4243 or at Wally.Collins@fire.lacounty.gov.



BARBARA FERRER, Ph.D., M.P.H., M.Ed. Director

JEFFREY D. GUNZENHAUSER, M.D., M.P.H. Interim Health Officer

CYNTHIA A. HARDING, M.P.H. Chief Deputy Director

ANGELO J. BELLOMO, REHS, QEP Deputy Director for Health Protection

TERRI S. WILLIAMS, REHS Director of Environmental Health

BRENDA J. LOPEZ, REHS
Assistant Director of Environmental Health

5050 Commerce Drive Baldwin Park, California 91706 TEL (626) 430-5100 • FAX (626) 813-3000 www.publichealth.lacounty.gov

February 23, 2017 REVISED REPORT

TO: Richard Claghorn

Principal Regional Planning Assistant Department of Regional Planning

FROM: Jeanne Biehler, REHS

Environmental Health Division

Department of Public Health

SUBJECT: CUP CONSULTATION

PROJECT NO. R2004-00559 Chiquita Canyon Landfill

29201 Henry Mayo Drive, Valencia

Public Health recommends approval of this CUP.

Public Health does **NOT** recommend approval of this CUP.

The Department of Public Health has reviewed the information provided for the project identified above. The project proposal is to provide additional disposal capacity to help meet the critical waste management needs of the greater Los Angeles area.

The Department recommends approval of the CUP at this time, contingent upon all requirements of the Drinking Water Program being adequately addressed at the Building Permit stage as detailed in the Drinking Water Program section, below.

Solid Waste Management Program

The Solid Waste Management Program recommends approval of the CUP.

The Solid Waste Management Program acting as the Local Enforcement Agency (LEA) for Chiquita Canyon Landfill has met with the project applicant group, and is in agreement with responses that will be provided in the Final Environmental Impact Report.

Should you have any questions or comments regarding the above statement, please feel free to contact Ms. Dorcas Hanson-Lugo at 626 430-5540 or at dlugo@ph.lacounty.gov.



BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

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Mark Ridley-Thomas
Second District
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Third District
Janice Hahn
Fourth District
Kathryn Barger

Drinking Water Program

The Drinking Water Program recommends approval of this CUP upon the satisfaction of conditions contained herein at the Building Permit stage:

The Drinking Water Program has reviewed the additional information, responses and Water Supply Assessments (WSA) regarding the Chiquita Canyon Landfill Expansion. The WSA addresses the non-potable water supply increase in demand. It does not address the potable water supply demand for the project. Uniform Plumbing Code and State Water Codes specify potable water requirements for the drinking and sanitary facilities on the site. The WSA addresses the 150 AFY of non-potable water necessary for the expansion where 93 AFY is currently utilized. The WSA does not include potable water in its assessment but identifies that 100 GPD of potable water is utilized and fulfilled by supplying bottled water.

- As the WSA addresses the non-potable water demand only, please identify an approved safe and reliable source of potable water for the project. Bottled water does meet the demands and practicalities required by the sanitary infrastructure and the minimum safe drinking water standards for the project.
- Section 3363 Chapter 4 California Code of Regulations does not list bottled water as potable
 water. Section (a) states: "Potable water in adequate supply shall be provided in all places of
 employment for drinking and washing, and where required by the employer of these orders, for
 bathing, cooking, washing of food, washing of cooking and eating utensils, and washing of food
 preparation or processing premises, and personal service rooms," Et. al.
- The current description and information presented to this program regarding employee numbers is in excess of 25 persons. This requires the delivery of safe and reliable drinking water from an approved water system that is permitted, regulated and monitored per the California Safe Drinking Water Act for the users of the site. Please note that the reference of the Safe Drinking Water Act does not infer formation of a public water system.
- Please note this department's response is solely focused on the potable source(s) of water.

The Drinking Water Program proffered comments on September 29, 2015 and January 18, 2017. The following comments reflect additional information regarding the particulars for the potable water issues facing the project that will operate as a landfill and workplace for the next 30 years. The applicant must satisfy the following as they apply:

If there is an intent is to acquire a potable water service connection from the Valencia Water Company:

 Provide a signed contract, proof of entitlement or will serve letter from the Valencia Water Company that guarantees an uninterruptable <u>potable</u> supply of water. If this is attainable, no further requirements are needed.

The current information provided within the WSA denotes that non-potable water is currently provided by Newhall Land and Farming Company (NLFC) irrigation well. The following only pertains if this well is to be, or can be utilized, for potable purposes. If such a potable option is attainable through the use of the existing NLFC well, it would therefore be subject to the California State Well Standards regarding construction conformance for potable water uses and its relation to the California Safe Drinking Water Act. The following 3 bullet points will be required if this is a solution but it is recognized from the review of information, that this is an unlikely option.

- Provide the construction details of the well(s) in addition to the California State Well Drillers Completion Report(s) for each well. Each well(s) shall be in conformance to the California State Well Standards.
- Denote well locations and distribution/plumbing system layout in a scaled map that exhibits
 well locations, valves, taps, pumps, booster pumps, pressure gauging, backflow valving,
 reservoirs, building connections, dust control irrigation, vegetation irrigation and treatmentdisinfection facilities where applicable. Also provide material detail or schedule for the above
 mentioned system components.
- Provide information or analysis of the California State Title 22 Code of Regulation regarding Primary and Secondary Drinking Water Quality Standards.

For either option, an accurate assessment regarding potable water demand will need to be identified. Provide the following:

- Employee, consultant, visitor, customer, contractor, or user of the facility population numbers.
- The number of buildings that require water service for both sanitary and potable purposes.
- Information as to the acquisition of a safe, reliable, regulated and monitored source of water for the sanitary and potable facilities utilized by the transient and non-transient users of the site.
 This includes visitors, employees, and contractors. The use of the term transient and nontransient does not necessarily denote a requirement to form a public water system.

For questions regarding the above section's comments, please contact Vincent Gallegos or Lusi Mkhitaryan at Drinking Water Program at (626) 430-5420, or via email at vgallegos@ph.lacounty.gov or lmkhitaryan@ph.lacounty.gov.

Land Use Program

The Land Use program recommends approval of the CUP with the conditions stated below:

The Land Use program is issuing a conceptual approval for the installation of a future OWTS based on the feasibility report submitted by the applicant. This conceptual approval is subjected to the required approval from the Los Angeles Regional Water Quality Control Board prior to this program issuing an approval for the installation of the OWTS at Building Permit phase. Further review will need to be conducted as to size, capacity, etc. when the final design is submitted to this program.

If you have any questions regarding the above section, please contact Michelle Tsiebos at (626) 430-5380 or via e-mail at mtsiebos@ph.lacounty.gov.

Toxics Epidemiology Program

The Toxics Epidemiology Program recommends approval of this CUP with the following recommendations and requirements:

Staff from Toxics Epidemiology Program has reviewed the documents and plans provided by the applicant. The following comments are presented after the site visit was conducted:

Noise

The noise that will be generated during construction, according to the environmental assessment section of the Initial Study, will not generate any significant impacts on the surrounding sensitive land use. No operational noise impacts are expected. We agree with the initial assessment.

Air Quality

Regarding fugitive dust emissions it is recommended that during the operational phase of the project, dust suppression engineering techniques be applied in order to minimize temporary increase in dust air emissions. Fugitive dust can result in public exposure to fungal spores such as *Coccidioides immitis*, which can cause Coccidiodidomycosis (Valley Fever).

Additional odor mitigation measures should be investigated. Public Health classifies odor complaints as having significant negative health impacts on the public, that is to say that odor is more than a nuisance.

For questions regarding the above section, please contact Robert Vasquez or Evenor Masis at (213) 738-3220 or at rvasquez@ph.lacounty.gov and emasis@ph.lacounty.gov.

For any other questions regarding this report, please feel free to contact me at (626) 430-5382 or at jbiehler@ph.lacounty.gov.

IMPLEMENTATION AND MONITORING PROGRAM

CHIQUITA CANYON LANDFILL EXPANSION Attachment to the Conditions of Approval for Conditional Use Permit Number 200400042

<u>PURPOSE</u>. This implementation and monitoring program ("IMP") is intended to implement and ensure compliance with the conditions of Project No. R2004-00559 and its associated permits Conditional Use Permit No. 200400042 and Oak Tree Permit No. 201500007 ("Grant") and to complement the enforcement and monitoring programs routinely administered by County agencies and non-county public agencies during the life of the Grant. Unless otherwise defined in this IMP, terms herein shall have the same meaning as in the Conditions of Approval for the Grant.

<u>PART I — LANDFILL ELEVATIONS.</u> The following measures shall be carried out to monitor compliance with Condition Nos. 10, 23, 34, 35, 37, 40, 47, 49 and 84 of this Grant, which establish the Limits of Fill.

A. Before commencing expansion of the Landfill beyond the limits established by Conditional Use Permit No. 89-081, the Permittee shall install survey monuments around the perimeter of the Landfill, as depicted on Exhibit "A" and as established by the limits of Condition No. 27.

The specific spacing, location, and characteristics of the survey monuments shall be as specified by the Director of Public Works and shall be at points where they will not be subject to disturbance of Landfill development.

The survey monuments shall be inspected and approved by the Director of Public Works after installation, and the "as installed" plan shall be provided to the Director of Public Works.

Not less than 60 or more than 90 days before the deadline for the annual monitoring report required by Part XII of this IMP, the Permittee shall cause a licensed surveyor or registered civil engineer to conduct a survey of the Landfill's elevations and submit the results to the Director of Public Works for approval. Additional elevation surveys shall also be conducted by either of these professionals under the following circumstances: 1) in the event of an earthquake of magnitude (Richter) 5.0 or greater in the vicinity of the Facility; 2) as directed by the Director of Public Works as he or she deems necessary to monitor compliance with the conditions of approval of the Grant; or 3) upon completion of the Landfill's final fill design.

The Director of Public Works may also conduct or order on-site surveys as he or she deems necessary and shall promptly report any apparent violation revealed by the survey to the Director of the Department of Regional Planning and the DPH.

B. If the Director of Public Works approves grading or other disturbance in

areas outside the Limits of Fill shown on Exhibit "A" pursuant to Condition No. 49 of the Grant, the Department of Public Works shall provide a copy of such approval to the Director of the Department of Regional Planning.

<u>PART II — WASTE PLAN CONFORMANCE.</u> The provisions of this Part II are intended to ensure compliance with the provisions of Condition Nos. 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 41 and 42 of the Grant, and to conform Landfill operations with the Los Angeles County Countywide Integrated Waste Management Plan adopted pursuant to Division 30 of the Public Resources Code.

- A. The Permittee shall ensure the proper installation and maintenance of scales to verify the weight of Solid Waste received, disposed of, used for Beneficial Use Materials at the Facility, and/or otherwise diverted and sent off-site for further handling and/or processing. The Permittee shall maintain records necessary to document the following: (1) the aforementioned weights and their origin; (2) compliance with waste restrictions imposed pursuant to the conditions of the Grant; and (3) the fees charged for disposal at the Facility.
- B. All records shall be available for inspection by DPH, the Department of Public Works, the Department of Regional Planning, and the Treasurer and Tax Collector during normal business hours, and shall be forwarded to such agencies upon request.

<u>PART III – DATA COLLECTION AND REPORTING.</u> The provisions of this Part III are intended to enhance the continuing oversight of Landfill operations by reporting to the County all materials received, disposed, and beneficially used at the facility per the following.

- A. **Monthly.** Within 30 days after the end of each calendar month, Permittee shall submit the Monthly Report for that calendar month to the Department of Public Works in a form and manner determined by the Director of Public Works, including the following information:
 - a The total number of commercial premises, multifamily premises, and residential premises, respectively, at which Permittee provided for regularly scheduled of Household Hazardous Waste collection or other measurement requested by County concerning these items;
 - b. The respective total quantities of:
 - i. Solid waste (in tons), Recyclables (in tons), and any green waste and other compostable organic materials (in tons or, if not weighed at the Solid Waste Facility where it is delivered, in tons); and Beneficial Use material (in tons or measure approved by the Director of the Department of Public Works) received by Permittee;
 - ii. Materials recovered from those Recyclables, abandoned waste

(such as Certified Electronic Device (CED) or E-waste) and residual Solid Waste remaining after processing of Recyclables;

- c. The final destination of that residual Solid Waste;
- d. Where Permittee delivered those Recyclables; and
- e. Materials processed at the composting facility.
- f. The estimated number of holiday trees, and biomass received by Permittee and their final destination;
- g. Using reasonable business efforts, the estimated number and tons of bulky items, E-waste, and CEDs collected by Permittee (such as major appliances/white goods and metallic discards, used tires and other Solid Waste recovered by Permittee during any annual cleanup campaigns), and final destination thereof:
- h. The collection route maps and schedule for the entire service area, if any map or schedule has changed during the prior month;
- i Any other information compiled from records or formatting of that information requested by the Director of Public Works;
- j. Number of vehicle loads of all vehicles coming to the facility; and
- k Records of material received and processed at the composting facility.

<u>PART IV — WASTE ORIGIN DATA ACCURACY.</u> The provisions of this Part IV are intended to ensure compliance with the provisions of Condition No.21 of the Grant. The Permittee shall adopt measures at the Facility to ensure the accuracy of the Solid Waste quantity allocated to County unincorporated areas and each of the cities from which waste is received. These measures shall also ensure the accuracy of determining the waste attributable to the Santa Clarita Valley Area, each city within Los Angeles County, and sources outside Los Angeles County; for purposes of complying with Condition No. 115 of the Grant. These measures shall become effective upon the Effective Date. Under these measures:

- A. The Permittee shall require written and verifiable documentation on source jurisdiction(s) and site address(es) where the Solid Waste is generated for loads from waste hauling industry customers ("Direct Haul Loads"), and written and verifiable documentation on source jurisdiction(s) for loads from transfer/processing facilities ("Transfer/Processing Loads"), the documentation of which shall be in a form developed by the Department of Public Works and distributed by the Permittee to its customers;
- B. The Permittee shall exempt from such documentation all customers tendering a minimum load, defined as a load having a net weight of less than one ton. However, such customers shall be required to verbally

- state the source of their loads; and the Permittee shall record this information for its records and include in its reports;
- C. The Permittee shall investigate and verify the accuracy of all documentation provided for Direct Haul Loads;
- D. The Permittee shall forward all documentation for Transfer/Processing Loads to the Department of Public Works for review and verification;
- E. The Permittee shall forward all source of origin documentation for Direct Haul Loads from Solid Waste enterprises/waste haulers owned and operated by the Permittee or its subsidiaries to the Department of Public Works for review and verification:
- F. The Permittee shall impose a fee in an amount to be determined by the Permittee in consultation with the Department of Public Works on Direct Haul Loads and self-haul loads that are tendered at the Facility without the required written documentation. The fee shall be non-refundable and shall offset the Permittee's cost to track non-complying loads and to follow-up with the customers involved;
- G. If the Director of Public Works determines that a Solid Waste enterprise, waste hauler, and/or Transfer/Processing operator has failed to substantiate the origin of the Solid Waste, the Department of Public Works shall notify and direct the Permittee to impose a non-refundable penalty of \$5.00 per ton of waste whose origin the solid waste enterprise, waste hauler, or Transfer/Processing operator has failed to substantiate for that reporting period, which reporting period shall not exceed one month. The Permittee shall be responsible for collecting the fine and submitting it to the Department of Public Works within 60 days following such notification. The fines received by the Department of Public Works shall offset the cost of administering the waste origin verification program and of implementing other programs to mitigate any costs or penalties the County incur under the California Integrated Waste Management Act of 1989, as amended, from such misallocation;
- H. Unless otherwise approved by the Director of Public Works, the Permittee shall suspend the disposal privileges of customers who fail to provide the written documentation required by this Part IV within 14 calendar days following the tendering of an applicable load at the Facility, or of those customers who provide false, misleading, or inaccurate written documentation. Each suspension shall last up to 60 days;
- I. The Permittee shall extend the suspension period set forth above and in appropriate circumstances terminate the customer's disposal privileges for Transfer/Processing operators or waste haulers that repeatedly fail to substantiate the origin of their waste loads as required in this Part IV, or who

fail to pay the required penalties;

- J. The Permittee shall provide a procedure for its customers to appeal the suspension to the Permittee, the Director of Public Works, or their designees, pursuant to this Part IV and for immediate reinstatement of such privileges if the appeal is successful; and
- K. If the Permittee or the Director of Public Works determines that the origin of a waste load has been incorrectly reported, the Permittee shall correct the data submitted to the disposal reporting system to ensure its accuracy.

Prior to the implementation of the above measures, the Permittee shall, subject to the approval of the Director of Public Works, develop a waste origin verification and reporting program to include, but not be limited to, an outreach program to educate all customers of the Facility regarding the need to provide waste origin information, the requirements of the measures adopted pursuant to this Part IV, and an explanation of the consequences for failure to comply with the measures. After the effective date of the adopted measures, the Permittee shall provide a 90-day grace period to its customers prior to taking any enforcement action to provide time for customer education on these measures. Based on the initial results obtained from the verification and reporting program, these measures may be amended or modified by the Director of Public Works. The Director of Public Works shall have the discretion to terminate the verification and reporting program at any time.

Twice monthly, the Permittee shall submit the results of the verification and reporting program to the Director of Public Works, along with any other written documentation on the waste load transactions at the Facility.

<u>PART V — HAZARDOUS WASTE EXCLUSION.</u> This Part V ensures compliance with Condition No. 46 of the Grant regarding the exclusion of liquid, radioactive and hazardous waste from the Facility.

The Permittee shall maintain a comprehensive waste load checking program which shall require that:

- A. All waste hauling vehicles shall be screened at the scales with a radiation detector device, acceptable to DPH, for the presence of radioactive materials;
- B. Sensors capable of detecting volatile organic compounds acceptable to DPH shall be available at the Facility and used as directed by DPH;
- D. The scale operator shall question all drivers of suspect loads as to the source and nature of the loads, and shall inspect for contamination all large loads of earth brought into the Facility from areas not known to be free of contamination; The Landfill's Working Face areas shall be continuously inspected for hazardous and liquid waste, medical waste, and radioactive waste/materials. This inspection shall be accomplished by equipment operators and spotters who have been trained through an inspection

program approved by DPH;

- E. Unless otherwise specified by DPH or the Department of Public Works, the Permittee shall conduct at least six manual inspections of randomly selected incoming loads each operating day, for a minimum of 36 inspections per week. In addition, the Permittee shall conduct a series of twelve, intensive unannounced manual inspections of loads over a twelve-month period during the life of the Grant; and
- F. If on the basis of above-described inspections, DPH or the Department of Public Works determines that significant amounts of prohibited waste are entering the Facility, DPH or the Department of Public Works may require an expanded inspection program, which may include additional, unannounced manual inspections.

<u>PART VI — PROHIBITED MATERIALS.</u> This Part VI ensures compliance with Condition Nos. 46, 47, and 48 of the Grant regarding the prohibited materials at the Facility.

The Permittee shall not receive, process, or dispose any of the prohibited waste at the Facility per the followings:

- A. Automobile shredder waste;
- B. Biosolid; Sludge or sewage sludge, as specified in the California Code of Regulations, Title 27, Division 2, Chapter 3, Article 1, Section 20690(b)(4), and any amendments thereto;
- C. Incinerator ash; radioactive material; hazardous waste, as defined in Title 22, Section 66261.3 of the California Code of Regulations; medical waste, as defined in Section 117690 of the California Health & Safety Code; liquid waste, as defined in Title 27, Section 20164 of the California Code of Regulations; and
- D. Waste that contains soluble pollutants in concentrations that exceed applicable water quality objectives; and waste that can cause degradation of waters in the State, as determined by the RWQCB.

The Permittee shall implement a comprehensive Waste Load Checking Program, approved by the Department of Public Works and DPH to preclude receipt or disposal of prohibited waste at the Landfill.

PART VII — INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT. Prior to the Effective Date, the Permittee shall enter into an agreement with the County to indemnify the County for any damages to public property which may result from Landfill operations and for any liability, loss, or expense incurred by the county as a result of its issuance of the Grant of the Permittee's violation thereof, or for any expense which may be incurred by the County in performing any on- and/or off-site remedial work necessitated by the Permittee's failure to operate or maintain the Facility at a level acceptable to the Director of Public Works or DPH, or for the Permittee's failure to perform any of this work in a timely manner, including but not limited to, work related to the Environmental Protection and Control Systems, air quality and odor, and litter and dust control, noise control, vector control, and maintenance of slopes. The standards for operation and maintenance shall be as established by the provisions of the Grant and all applicable laws and implementing regulations.

To secure performance of the agreement, the Permittee shall tender to the Director of Public Works a letter of credit or other security acceptable to the County in the amount of \$10 million.

The security shall be in addition to any and all other security required by federal, state and local law, regulations and permits, including the security requirements of the Grant and of the State landfill closure regulations.

<u>PART VIII</u> — <u>BIOLOGICAL/HORTICULTURAL MONITORING.</u> This Part VIII is intended to promote compliance with the provisions of Condition Nos. 59 and 60 of the Grant concerning on-site planting, revegetation, and maintenance.

A. On or before the Effective Date of the Grant, the Permittee shall retain a horticulture/forester consultant to supervise the on- and off-site slope planting and oak tree mitigation programs required by the Grant and this IMP. The consultant shall be approved by the County Forester.

This consultant shall have the requisite education, training, experience, and professional standing to carry out the specific requirements of the position, as evidenced by appropriate licensing, registration and/or academic standing in the field of horticulture/forestry.

In addition to the horticulture/forester consultant, prior to the Effective Date of the Grant, the Permittee shall retain the services of a biology consultant, whose duties shall include: (a) the ongoing review of any updated listings of threatened and endangered species contained in the Federal Register for purposes of determining whether species existing at the Facility have been re-classified with a "Category 1" status; (b) notification of the Department of any change in status of any such species; and (c) participating in the revegetation program adopted for the Landfill.

This consultant shall have the requisite education, training, experience and professional standing to carry out the specific requirements of the position, as evidenced by appropriate licensing, registration and/or academic

standing in the field of biology.

B. If any retained consultant pursuant to this Part VIII terminates employment at any time during the life of the Grant, including during the Post Closure Maintenance Period, a replacement consultant shall be retained and approved as provided in this Part VIII.

The Permittee shall create and maintain adequate records to track fill areas in accordance with the California Regional Water Quality Control Board requirements. These records shall indicate fill areas transferred to an inactive status which are potentially subject to the vegetation requirements in Condition Nos. 59 and 60. The Permittee shall make copies of such records available to the horticulture/forester consultant, DPH, the County Forester, and other interested regulatory agencies, when a Landfill area becomes inactive.

<u>PART IX — ARCHEOLOGICAL/PALEONTOLOGICAL MONITORING.</u> The Permittee shall implement the monitoring program described in this Part IX to conserve archaeological and paleontological resources as required by Condition No. 93 of the Grant.

- A. Before commencing grading activities in previously undisturbed areas, the Permittee shall nominate to the Director of the Department of Regional Planning, both a certified archaeologist and a qualified paleontologist from the Society of Professional Archaeologists which the Permittee intends to retain to perform the monitoring and conservation work required by this Part IX and Condition No. 93 of the Grant. If approved by the Director of the Department of Regional Planning, the archaeologist and paleontologist shall both submit a letter to the Director of the Department of Regional Planning stating that he/she has been retained to perform or supervise the work described herein, and that he/she agrees to report any failure of compliance with the Grant or this Part IX to the Director of Regional Planning.
- B. The archaeologist and the paleontologist shall each submit a written report to the Permittee to be included in the Permittee's annual monitoring report required by Part XIII of this IMP for as long as on-site excavation activity continues at the Facility.
- C. If either the archaeologist or paleontologist terminates employment before completion of the excavation work associated with the Facility, a replacement expert shall be selected, approved, retained and certified as described in this Part IX.

<u>PART X — ANCILLARY FACILITIES.</u> This Part X is intended to enhance compliance with Condition No. 24 of the Grant concerning the Ancillary Facilities at the Facility, and to verify that such Ancillary Facilities are consistent with the other conditions of the Grant and with the provisions of Title 22 of the Los Angeles County Code ("County Zoning Ordinance").

Before commencing development or obtaining a building permit for any Ancillary Facility, the Permittee shall submit to the Director of the Department of Regional Planning a site plan for such Ancillary Facility. The plan shall be in sufficient detail to establish compliance with the conditions of the Grant and with the standards of the County Zoning Ordinance, including the provisions relating to the development and maintenance of parking, screening and signs, as set forth in Chapter 52 of the County Zoning Ordinance.

PART XI — COMMUNITY ADVISORY COMMITTEE. The Community Advisory Committee ("CAC") shall consist of seven members appointed by the Fifth Supervisorial District and shall be governed by its Bylaws. The CAC shall serve as an advisory body to the Board of Supervisors, Regional Planning Commission, and County Staff on issues relating to the landfill, and as a conduit for the community to communicate with the Commission and other regulatory agencies on an ongoing basis regarding issues involving the development and operation of the Facility. The CAC shall be composed of persons who reside in the Santa Clarita Valley and who are recommended by recognized community and neighborhood associations. In addition, the Fifth Supervisorial District shall also appoint a representative to serve as a coordinator for the CAC.

For the life of the Grant, the Permittee shall continue to do the following regarding the CAC:

- A. Provide qualified personnel to regularly attend CAC meetings;
- B. Provide the CAC reasonable access to the Facility and information concerning Landfill operations necessary for the CAC to perform its functions:
- C. Provide accommodations for CAC meetings of Val Verde, Castaic, and other communities surrounding the Landfill.

The CAC shall be provided access to all reports submitted by the Permittee to any and all regulatory agencies required under the Grant, including the annual monitoring report required by Part XII of this IMP. The Permittee shall also consult the CAC on planning matters that could affect the physical development, closure date, or future use of the Facility.

<u>PART XII</u> — <u>ANNUAL MONITORING REPORTS</u>. This Part XII is intended to enhance the continuing oversight of Landfill operations and to supplement the routine enforcement activities of the various regulatory agencies having jurisdiction over the development, operation, and maintenance of the Facility.

- A. By March 1 of each year until the Landfill's Closure, the Permittee shall prepare and submit annual monitoring reports to the Commission and Technical Advisory Committee (which is described in Part XIV of this IMP), and to the CAC. At least 90 days prior to that date, draft copies of the report shall be submitted to the following entities for review and comment:
 - 1. DPH;

- 2. Director of the Department of Regional Planning;
- 3. Director of Public Works;
- 4. Los Angeles County Forester and Fire Warden;
- 5. Regional Water Quality Control Board-Los Angeles Region;
- 6. South Coast Air Quality Management District;
- 7. County Museum of Natural History; and
- 8. Community Advisory Committee;

The draft submittal to the above-referenced entities shall include a request that comments be sent to the Permittee within 30 days of receipt of the draft report, but no later than 30 days prior to the deadline for the final report. The Permittee shall provide documentation and certification to the Director of the Department of Regional Planning that the draft reports have been submitted to these entities and the agencies comments and proposal revisions have been fully incorporated in to the final report.

The Permittee shall respond to each comment received by these entities and shall include every comment and response with the final report submitted to the Commission, the Technical Advisory Committee and the CAC. A copy of the final report shall be provided to the local county library and posted on the Permittee's website.

Upon receipt of the monitoring report, the Commission and Technical Advisory Committee may request the Permittee to submit additional information as it deems necessary to carry out the purposes of this IMP.

- B. Each monitoring report shall contain, at a minimum, the following:
 - A cumulative total of all Solid Waste disposed of, and Beneficial Use Materials received at the Landfill, the percent of total available capacity used, the remaining disposal capacity in volume and in tons, and a detailed site map/plan showing the sequence of Landfill operations;
 - A copy (which may be reduced and simplified to fit the report format)
 of the most recent approved Landfill survey (as required in Part I of
 this IMP) showing the Limits of the Fill, current elevations, and the
 height and extent of the current fill;
 - The achieved ratio of weight to volume of Solid Waste disposed of at the Landfill and a comparison of that ratio with the ratio achieved at comparable landfills in the County, with an explanation of any significant deviation;
 - 4. A summary table of the rates (quantity per month and per calendar year) of materials received, disposed of, used for Beneficial Use

Materials at the Facility, and/or otherwise diverted and/or sent offsite for further handling/processing, for the period established by the Director of Public Works, or from the last monitoring report, in sufficient detail to explain significant changes and variations of the rates over time:

- 5. A summary of the measures taken by the Permittee to divert and recycle materials at the Facility, how the measures compare with waste management plans adopted by the County and various cities, and the overall effectiveness of such measures in achieving the intent of the Grant and the County's waste management plans;
- 6. A summary of the number and character of litter, noise, fugitive dust, and odor complaints received in the reporting period, the disposition of such complaints, and any new or additional measures taken to address or avoid future complaints;
- 7. A detailed accounting of any and all citations, notices of violation, or equivalent the Facility received from any regulatory agency for violations in operating the Facility (including violations related to litter, odor, fugitive dust, noise, Landfill gas, or other Environmental Protection and Control Systems), the disposition of the citations, and the penalties assessed and fees paid;
- A report on all interim and final fill revegetation, including an assessment of the success of such revegetation and any additional measures necessary or proposed to effect successful revegetation;
- 9. The archaeological and paleontological reports required in Part XII;
- 10. A summary of the measures taken by the Permittee to promote and implement alternative technologies most appropriate for Southern California from an environmental and economic perspective, as required by Condition No. 117 and 124 of the Grant;
 - A summary of the measures taken by the Permittee to maintain roads and to develop transportation improvements in the surrounding areas of the Facility, as required by Condition No. 77 and 119 of the Grant;
 - 11. A summary of the measures taken by the Permittee to minimize truck traffic at the Facility as required by Condition Nos. 44, 73-79 of the Grant;
 - 12. A summary of the measures taken by the Permittee to control and mitigate odor nuisance generated by the Facility, including measures taken to mitigate odor generated from incoming waste hauling trucks/customers, working face areas, and landfill gas;

- 13. A summary of the measures taken by the Permittee to ensure effectiveness and adequacy of its landfill gas collection and management system, and to utilize Landfill gas to generate energy at the Facility as required by Condition No. 62 of the Grant; and
- 14. A summary table of compliance status showing the status of compliance of each condition of approval, this IMP and MMRP. The table shall be in a format specified by the Director of Public Works in consultation with the TAC.
- C. Nothing in this Part XII shall be construed in any way to limit the authority of a Hearing Officer, the Commission, or the Board to initiate any proceeding to revoke or modify the Grant as provided in Condition No. 18 of the Grant or under Part 13, Chapter 56, of the County Zoning Ordinance.

<u>PART XIII — COMPENSATION.</u> The Permittee shall compensate all involved County departments for the expenses incurred in the administration of the Grant, including the administration of this IMP and the MMRP in the project's supporting environmental documentation, not otherwise covered by the fees paid for administration of the SWFP for the Facility. Such compensation shall be computed using the actual hours expended multiplied by the most current applicable hourly rates available at the time that the expenses are incurred, as approved by the County Auditor-Controller, including costs of personnel, equipment, and transportation costs.

<u>PART XIV — TECHNICAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE ("TAC").</u> A committee of County departments, chaired by the Director of the Department of Regional Planning or his/her designee, shall be established for the purpose of reviewing, coordinating, and certifying the satisfactory implementation and/or completion of the plans, permits, and/or agreements required and/or authorized by the Grant, including the implementation and/or completion of the Conditions of Approval, this IMP, and the MMRP.

- A. <u>Composition.</u> The TAC shall be composed of representative(s) of the following County departments, and other County departments on an asneeded basis as determined by the Director of Regional Planning:
 - 1. Department of Public Health;
 - Department of Regional Planning;
 - Department of Public Works; and
 - 4. The Forester and Fire Warden.
- B. <u>Meeting/Purposes.</u> The TAC shall meet at least twice a year to ensure the purposes of the conditions of the Grant are satisfied and to ensure compliance with the approvals and regulations of State and Federal agencies that regulate and permit the Facility. TAC's meetings shall be

open to members of the CAC, and reports to the TAC shall also be made available to the CAC. One of TAC's annual meetings shall be conducted to review the annual report submitted by the Permittee as required by Part XII of this IMP and to certify that all requirements of the conditions of the Grant have been met as reflected in the annual report. The TAC shall review specific requests from the CAC regarding compliance with the Grant.

In addition to any other TAC requirement of this Part XIV, the TAC shall determine compliance with the Grant: 1) within six months after the Effective Date; 2) prior to the Permittee's development of the Household Hazardous Waste Collection Facility, Conversion Technology, and Composting Facility Project (excluding final approval of plans, permits and agreements); and/or 3) prior to the Permittee's commencement of the Closure process. The TAC shall meet for this purpose and if all of the conditions and requirements of the Grant have been met for purposes of commencing any of these phases of the project, the TAC shall certify compliance.

- C. Access to the Facility and Information. The Permittee shall provide access to the TAC and its independent consultant(s) to all areas of the Facility during normal hours of operation and shall respond to all information requests from the TAC and its independent Consultant(s) in a timely manner as specified by the TAC regarding compliance with the conditions of the Grant and the MMRP.
- D. The Permittee may appeal an adverse determination of the TAC to the Director of the Department of Regional Planning, whose decision shall be final.
- E. Upon the effective date of the Grant, the Director of the Department of Regional Planning or the Director of Public Works, in consultation with the TAC shall retain the services of an independent engineering consultant to monitor any and/or all of the Conditions of approval and mitigation measures throughout the life of the Grant. The Permittee shall pay all costs for the independent consultant within 30 days of receiving the invoice for the consultant's services.

The independent consultant shall perform inspections of all activities at the Facility in accordance with the conditions of approval, at least once a month, and at other frequency deemed necessary by the Director of Public Works to perform monitoring, evaluation, and other tasks necessary to implement the requirements of the conditions of approval of the Grant. The independent consultant shall prepare and submit its quarterly report to the Director of Public Works with copies to the TAC, the CAC and other interested community representatives or groups. The Director of Public Works shall review the report and make recommendations to the Department for necessary enforcement actions in accordance with Condition No. 18 of the Grant.

Part XV – PERIODIC REVIEW.

In accordance with Condition No. 35 of the Conditional Use Permit, not less than one year before the 5th anniversary of the effective date of this grant, the Permittee shall initiate a Periodic Review with the Department. Additional Periodic Reviews shall be initiated by the Permittee not less than one year before the 10th, 15th, 20^{th, and} 25th anniversaries of the effective date of this grant. Additional Periodic Reviews may also be required at the discretion of the Director of Regional Planning. The purpose of the Periodic Reviews is to consider new or changed circumstances, such as physical development near the Project Site, improved technological innovations in environmental protection and control systems, and other best management practices that might significantly improve the operations of the Facility, and to determine if any changes to the facility operations and IMP are warranted based on the changed circumstances. To initiate the Periodic Review, the Permittee shall submit for review a permit requirement compliance study which details the status of the Permittee's compliance with the conditions of approval of this grant. Additionally, an updated Closure Plan and Post-Closure Maintenance Plan shall be submitted to the Department and the TAC for review at this time, as well as the comprehensive waste disposal study referred to in Condition No. 103 of the Conditional Use Permit, and any other information that is deemed necessary by the Department to ensure that the landfill operations are operating as efficiently and effectively as possible and that any potential adverse impacts are minimized, and that the Facility is not causing adverse impacts or nuisance in the surrounding communities.

The cost of the Periodic Reviews shall be borne by the Permittee and is to be paid through the draw-down account referred to in Condition No. 123a. For each Periodic Review, a report based on the latest information shall be made to the Hearing Officer by Department staff at a public hearing pursuant to Part 4 of Chapter 22.60 of the County Code. Each report shall include a review of the performance of the landfill and recommendations for any actions to be taken if found necessary. Such actions may include changes or modifications to the IMP, including any measures necessary to ensure that the landfill will continue to operate in a safe and effective manner and the landfill closure will be accomplished timely and effectively. The decision of the Hearing Officer on the Periodic Review may be appealed to the Regional Planning Commission. The decision of the Regional Planning Commission shall be final.

<u>Part XVI – LITTER CONTROL AND RECOVERY</u>. This Part XVI is intended to enhance the Condition No. 81 of this Grant which required the Permittee to adopt a program that uses the most effective methods and technology to prevent waste that has entered an area under the Permittee's control from escaping the area in the form of litter. In addition to the following requirements, the program shall also include the requirements as specified under Condition No. 81, unless the DPH requires otherwise:

- a. At every active Working Face area, the Permittee shall install a primary portable litter fence of adequate height to control litter, and also a secondary fence 4 feet in height behind the primary fence when wind conditions dictate the need for a secondary fence. The Permittee shall employ Best Management Practices to control litter. On windy days, and when the fences are not sufficient, the Working Face shall be located within areas of minimal wind exposure or shall be closed, if so required by the DPH. The DPH, in coordination with the Department of Public Works, may require additional measures deemed necessary to effectively control litter, including, but not limited, requiring the Permittee to cease accepting all incoming waste during high wind conditions; and
- b. The landfill operator shall install and maintain temporary litter fences in those areas along the property perimeter that are regularly littered due to the location of the operating area, time of year, and climatic conditions. The landfill operator, the DPH and the CAC shall work together to identify littered areas in need of fencing.

Summary of Fee Structure For Chiquita Canyon Landfill Expansion Project

CUP Condition No./IMP No.	Fee / Fund Type	Fees		
17	Mitigation and Monitoring Fund	\$10,000 (initial deposit, refillable if balance is below 80%)		
112	Net Tipping Fee	See Note 1		
113	Waste Diversion Program Fund *	\$0.25+CPI/ton		
114	Disaster Debris Planning Fund *	\$0.08+CPI/ton		
115	Out-of-Area Fee	Variable Out-of -Santa Clarita Valley Fee (\$2.00-\$8.00/ton) and Out-of-County Fee (\$10.00/ton)		
117	Countywide Siting Element/Alternative Technology Development	\$200,000/yr Not to exceed \$3 million total		
118	Natural Habitat and Park Development Fund *	\$0.50+CPI/ton		
119	Traffic Mitigation & EnhancementFee *	\$0.50+CPI/ton		
120	Planning Studies Fee	\$50,000 every other year		
121	Community Benefit & Environmental & Educational Fund *	\$1.00+CPI/ton		
122	HHW/E-Waste Collection Fund	\$100,000+CPI/event 10 events per year		
123	Routine Monitoring and InspectionFunds	\$20,000 initial deposit for inspection (refillable if balance is below 80%)		
120	nounce monitoring and mapeonom unua	\$50,000 initial deposit for incidental expenses (refillable if balance is below 80%)		

Note 1: Quarterly fee equal to 10% of the sum of the following: (a) the net tipping fees collected at the Facility, (b) the revenue generated from the sale of Landfill gas at the Facility, less any federal, state, or local fees or taxes included in such revenue, and (c) the revenue generated by any other activity at the Facility, less any federal, state, or local fees or taxes included in such revenue.

Note 2: * Fees for Conditions No. 113, 114, 118, 119 and 121 apply only to solid waste, not to beneficial use materials.

Tonnage Breakdown										
Description	Daily Average Capacity (ton/day-6)	Daily Maximum Tonnage (tons/day)	Monthly Maximum Tonnage	Yearly Maximum Tonnage						
Solid Waste	5,000	any combination		1,400,000						
Beneficial Use/Composting	1,730	any combination	58,333 1/3	700,000						
Total	6,730	12,000	175,000	2,100,000						

Note: Daily Average Capacity is based on the Yearly Maximum Tonnage and 312 days of operations.

	Chiquita Canyon Landfill IMP/CUP Monitoring Reports Due Dates										
Item Number	Typeof Review/Report	Responsible Monitoring Agency	Frequency	Purpose							
IMP PART I-A	Annual Monitoring Report	DPW	Once a Year (prior to use of the CUP and annually thereafter, March 1st)	Survey Monuments							
IMP PART XII-A	Annual Monitoring Report Draft	DRP	Once a Year (90 days prior to March 1st)	To enhance the continuing oversight of Landfill operations							
IMP PART XII-A	Annual Monitoring Report	DRP	Once a Year (due March 1st)	To Provide oversight of Landfill operations, activities, and maintenance of the facility							
CUP-16	Annual Mitigation Monitoring	DRP	Once a Year (Due July 1st)	To depict the status of the Permittee's compliance withthe required measures							
CUP-35	Periodic Review	DRP	Apply for Periodic Review one year prior to the 5 th , 10 th , 15 th , 20 th and 25 th anniversaries of the effective date of the grant, or at such other time if requested by the Director of DRP.	To allow the Hearing Officer and/or the Regional Planning Commission and TAC to review the studies submitted by the Permittee and issue a Finding of Fact and potentially approve changes to the IMP							

Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program

Introduction

The *California Environmental Quality Act* (CEQA) requires a Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program (MMRP) for projects where mitigation measures are a condition of project approval and development. The Original Draft Environmental Impact Report (Draft EIR) and Partially Recirculated Draft EIR prepared for the Chiquita Canyon Landfill (CCL) Master Plan Revision identified mitigation measures, where appropriate, to avoid or substantially reduce the environmental impacts associated with the Proposed Project. This MMRP is designed to monitor the implementation of those mitigation measures. Accordingly, this MMRP has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of CEQA Section 21081.6 and *CEQA Guidelines* Section 15097.

The MMRP that follows lists each of the proposed mitigation measures and identifies the corresponding action required to document compliance, the mitigation timing, the party responsible for implementation, and the monitoring agency or party responsible for overseeing that each measure is adequately implemented.

In addition to the mitigation measures proposed to avoid or substantially reduce the environmental impacts associated with the Proposed Project, this MMRP also includes construction and operation emission reduction practices and measures used in the analysis of potential air quality impacts. These emission reduction practices and measures are treated the same as Proposed Project mitigation measures.

Mitigation Measure / Project Design Measure		Action Required	Mitigation Timing	Responsible Party	Monitoring Agency or Party
Geology and Hydrology					
GH-1 Debris Flow: Debris flow is a rapid and fluid type of downhill mass wasting, consisting of heterogeneous debris lubricated with water caused by heavy rainfall. Similar terms for debris flow are mudflow and mudslide. There is a potential for debris flow occurring at the site during heavy rains within existing drainage areas at the subject site. The proposed design shall include provisions for control and cleanup of debris flows that may encroach into the landfill cell, perimeter maintenance road, and proposed development areas. Potential mitigation measures could consist of combinations of the following mitigation measures, such as elevated development areas, drainage devices, impact walls, debris basins, and avoidance. Additional debris flow evaluation and mitigation should be performed as part of future development of rough grading plans for the entrance road. C.	A.	Retain a qualified engineer to evaluate the site's potential for debris flow, identify areas of concern and recommend design provisions for control and cleanup of debris flows should such design provisions be justified based on the evaluation.	During Project design	CCL / Qualified Engineer	Los Angeles County Department of Public Works (LACDPW), Regional Water Quality Control Boards (RWQCB)
	В.	Incorporate provisions, as recommended by a qualified engineer, into the design for control and cleanup of debris flows that may encroach into the landfill cell, perimeter maintenance road, and proposed development areas.	During Project design	CCL / Qualified Engineer	LACDPW, RWQCB
	C.	Perform additional debris flow evaluation and mitigation as part of future development of rough grading plans for the entrance road.	During future development of rough grading plans for entrance road	CCL /Qualified Engineer	LACDPW, RWQCB
other structures to be located on expansive soil, because the site is underlain by bedrock of the Pico and Saugus formations, both of which contain potentially expansive clay-rich strata. Additional testing of the expansive properties of the soils may be required if buildings and/or other structures sensitive to expansive soils are planned for the site. Additional testing	A.	Retain a qualified engineer to perform design-level geotechnical investigations to identify areas with potentially expansive or collapsible soils in relation to buildings and/or other structures.	During Project design	CCL / Qualified Engineer	LACDPW
	В.	Perform additional testing if deemed necessary by the Project geotechnical and civil engineers.	During grading plan review	CCL / Qualified Engineer	LACDPW

Mitigation Measure / Project Design Measure		Action Required	Mitigation Timing	Responsible Party	Monitoring Agency or Party
Surface Water Drainage					
repeated heavy rains within existing drainage areas at the subject site. The proposed design should evaluate and specify an appropriate amount of waiting time following heavy and sustained precipitation events before CCL staff occupy the area, to avoid the potential to expose people to the risk of injury or	A.	Retain a qualified engineer to evaluate and specify an appropriate amount of waiting time following heavy and sustained precipitation events before CCL staff occupy the area.	During Project design	CCL / Qualified Engineer	LACDPW, RWQCB
death from this debris. This would supplement Mitigation Measure GH-1, which specifies that the proposed design should allow for the cleanup or control of any debris flows that may encroach into the landfill cell and perimeter maintenance road from the natural drainages and slopes that are not included in the proposed grading and construction of drainage/debris basins.	В.	Implement specified wait time following heavy and sustained precipitation events prior to CCL staff occupying the area.	During construction and operation	CCL / Construction Manager / Operations Manager	LACDPW, RWQCB
Biological Resources					
BR-1: The applicant shall develop a Closure Revegetation Plan for the Project in consultation with the Los Angeles County Department of Regional Planning (LADRP), consistent with the Draft Revegetation, Rare Plant Relocation, and Oak Tree Performance Criteria provided in Appendix E3 of the Partially Recirculated Draft EIR. The Plan would require approval prior to authorization of land disturbance under the Proposed Project. The Plan shall require that CCL be revegetated to offset permanent impacts to native and naturalized habitats, in accordance with the following criteria:	A.	Develop Closure Revegetation Plan consistent with Draft Revegetation, Rare Plant Relocation, and Oak Tree Performance Criteria provided in Appendix E of the Partially Recirculated Draft EIR.	Prior to earth- moving activities	CCL / Qualified Ecological Restoration Specialist	LADRP, Permittee's Registered Forester or Biologist
 Native vegetation shall be used under the direction of specialists in restoration plantings. Native revegetation shall achieve a 1:1 ratio of impacted native, revegetated, and semi-natural habitat to revegetated mitigation land. Non-native grassland habitats would be initially seeded with native grassland species. 					

	Mitigation Measure / Project Design Measure		Action Required	Mitigation Timing	Responsible Party	Monitoring Agency or Party
•	Revegetation types, monitoring requirements, and success criteria including milestones, along with proposed remedial actions should vegetation alliances not achieve success criteria shall be included in the Closure Revegetation Plan, in accordance with the preliminary approach outlined in the Draft Revegetation, Rare Plant Relocation, and Oak Tree Performance Criteria provided in Appendix E3 of the Partially Recirculated Draft EIR.	В.	Implement Closure Revegetation Plan, per specified criteria.	Site closure, or at the time of revegetation	CCL / Qualified Ecological Restoration Specialist	LADRP, Permittee's Registered Forester or Biologist
•	In order to replicate and potentially expand the available amount of native shrubland on the site, the Closure Revegetation Plan shall include a final soil cover of approximately 5 feet, or alternatively a depth approved by regulatory agencies and suitable to allow for proper root growth.					
•	The Closure Revegetation Plan shall be developed and implemented by an ecological restoration specialist familiar with restoration of native and naturalized Southern California plant alliances, and shall specify that revegetation will be done with locally native plants, and that revegetation will not include plant species on Los Angeles County's list of invasive species nor invasive species on the lists of the California Invasive Plant Council (Cal-IPC) nor invasive species listed by the California Native Plant Society.	C.	Perform onsite remedial actions consistent with the Closure Revegetation Plan, if success criteria are not met.	Following revegetation, according to the Draft Revegetation, Rare Plant Relocation, and Oak Tree Performance	CCL / Qualified Ecological Restoration Specialist	LADRP, Permittee's Registered Forester or Biologist
•	If success criteria for vegetation alliances are not met, remedial actions will be performed onsite consistent with the Closure Revegetation Plan.			Criteria included in Appendix D of the Partially		
•	If success criteria for native shrub or forest alliances are not met even after remedial actions are performed, offsite mitigation land shall be purchased to offset the loss of the portion of the alliance vegetation that does not meet the success criteria at a 1:1 ratio (impacted:mitigation land). The acreage acquired shall, if feasible, be generally local to the site or the general site area, ideally situated adjacent to			Recirculated Draft EIR		

Mitigation Measure / Project Design Measure		Action Required	Mitigation Timing	Responsible Party	Monitoring Agency or Party										
or in the general proximity of the Santa Clara River, Hasley Canyon, or Angeles National Forest, and will connect with other protected open space. First priority would be given to lands that contribute to connecting the wildlife movement between the Santa Clara River through CCL to Hasley Canyon and to the Angeles National Forest.		Purchase offsite mitigation land, if success criteria are not met following onsite remedial actions.	Following revegetation, according to the Draft Revegetation, Rare Plant Relocation, and Oak	CCL	LADRP, Permittee's Registered Forester or Biologist										
 Any purchased mitigation land shall be protected by fee simple deed which contains a covenant restricting the use of such land for conservation purposes to a conservation organization experienced in management of natural lands. 													Tree Performance Criteria included in Appendix D of the Partially		
 Additional mitigation for vegetation communities is included in Mitigation Measure BR-5 (vegetation associated with jurisdictional waters), Mitigation Measure BR-9 (rare plant communities), and Mitigation Measure BR-15 (oaks and oak woodlands). Mitigation ratios for replacement of these vegetation communities may be greater than the 1:1 ratio specified above, in coordination with California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) for jurisdictional waters and rare plant communities and in coordination with LADRP for compliance with the County Oak Woodland Conservation and Management Plan. 						Recirculated Draft EIR									
BR-2: The construction area boundaries shall be delineated clearly. No construction activities, vehicular access, equipment	A.	Clearly delineate construction area boundaries.	Prior to and during construction	CCL / Construction Manager	LADRP										
storage, stockpiling, or significant human intrusion shall occur outside of the designated construction areas. In addition, CCL ingress and egress routes shall be marked, and vehicle traffic outside these routes shall be prohibited. Vehicular traffic shall adhere to a speed limit of 15 miles per hour on non-public	В.	Restrict construction activities, vehicular access, equipment storage, stockpiling, or significant human intrusion to within designated construction area.	During construction	CCL / Construction Manager	LADRP										
access roads during construction to ensure avoidance of impacts to sensitive biological resources.	C.	Mark CCL ingress and egress routes and restrict vehicle traffic to these routes.	Prior to and during construction	CCL / Construction Manager	LADRP										
	D.	Restrict vehicular traffic to a speed limit of 15 miles per hour on non-public access roads during construction.	During construction	CCL / Construction Manager	LADRP										

Mitigation Measure / Project Design Measure		Action Required	Mitigation Timing	Responsible Party	Monitoring Agency or Party
BR-3: Soil or invasive plant seed transfer from clothing, shoes, or equipment shall be minimized through cleaning and monitoring of personnel or equipment transfers between sites, or prior to initial entry at CCL. Contract requirements to ensure all construction vehicles, including any vehicles entering areas of site construction, are pressure washed and/or clean and free of	A.	Specify in contracts that construction vehicles are pressure washed and/or clean and free of soil or invasive weed seeds and other plant parts prior to site entry.	During construction	CCL	LADRP
soil or invasive weed seeds and other plant parts prior to entering the site will be implemented. Contracts will specify that pressure-washing of construction vehicles is to take place immediately before bringing the vehicle to CCL. The contractor will provide written documentation that the vehicles have been pressure washed or otherwise free of plant material that is	В.	Provide written documentation that construction vehicles have been pressure washed or otherwise free of plant material.	During construction	Construction Contractor	CCL / Construction Manager / Biological Monitor, LADRP
checked by both CCL management and the biological monitor, who will jointly assure that this mitigation is implemented. The biological monitoring report will include a record of compliance with this measure. Within 1 year of Project approval invasive tamarisk (<i>Tamarix</i> spp.) located onsite will be identified and removed completely. All parts of removed tamarisk will be disposed of in a landfill.	C.	Identify, remove, and dispose of invasive tamarisk located onsite within 1 year of Project approval. Immediately report any tamarisk that may appear in the future on the site to LADRP biologist if detected and remove from the site.	Within 1 year of Project approval and ongoing before and after construction	CCL	LADRP, Permittee's Registered Biologist
BR-4: On-road vehicles on the construction sites will be equipped with spark arresters on exhaust equipment. Camp fires, trash-burning fires, and warming fires shall be prohibited in the construction area.	A.	Require on-road vehicles on construction sites to be equipped with spark arresters on exhaust equipment.	Prior to and during construction	CCL / Construction Manager	LADRP, Fire Marshall
	В.	Prohibit camp fires, trash-burning fires, and warming fires in the construction area.	During construction	CCL / Construction Manager	LADRP, Fire Marshall
BR-5: For potential impacts to jurisdictional waters, permits shall be obtained for the Proposed Project from United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE; Section 404, Clean Water Act [CWA]) and CDFW (Streambed Alteration Agreement, Section 1603); conditions of these permits would be complied with for the Proposed Project. The terms and conditions of these permits are anticipated to require mitigation consistent with Compensatory Mitigation for Losses of Aquatic Resources; Final	A.	As applicable, obtain permits from USACE and CDFW for potential impacts to jurisdictional waters.	Prior to impacting jurisdictional waters	CCL	USACE and/or CA Dept. of Fish & Wildlife (CDFW), LACDPW
	Implement mitigation consistent with terms and conditions of permits.	During construction and post construction	CCL	USACE and/or CDFW, LACDPW	

Mitigation Measure / Project Design Measure		Action Required	Mitigation Timing	Responsible Party	Monitoring Agency or Party
Rule (USACE, United States Environmental Protection Agency [EPA], Federal Register, April 10, 2008), and with CDFW requirements for Streambed Alteration Agreements. A mitigation plan may be required prior to permit issuance. If a mitigation plan is required, ratios of waters impacted to waters mitigated would be negotiated with the regulatory agencies and the results of that negotiation included in the plan.	C.	Prepare mitigation plan, if required.	Prior to permit issuance, if required	CCL	USACE and/or CDFW, LACDPW
BR-6: Stationary equipment such as motors, pumps, generators, and welders shall be located a minimum of 50 feet outside CDFW and USACE jurisdictional drainages where impacts have not been permitted. Construction staging areas, stockpiling, and	A.	Locate stationary equipment a minimum of 50 feet outside non-permitted CDFW and USACE jurisdictional drainages.	During construction	CCL / Construction Manager	CDFW and/or USACE, LACDPW
equipment storage shall be located a minimum of 50 feet outside non-permitted CDFW and USACE jurisdictional drainages. Construction vehicles and equipment shall be checked periodically to ensure they are in proper working condition, including regular inspections for leaks, which would require immediate repair. Refueling or lubrication of vehicles	В.	Locate construction staging areas, stockpiling, and equipment storage a minimum of 50 feet outside non-permitted CDFW and USACE jurisdictional drainages.	During construction	CCL / Construction Manager	CDFW and/or USACE, LACDPW
and cleaning of equipment, or other activities that involve open use of fuels, lubricants, or solvents, shall occur at least 100 feet away from CDFW and USACE jurisdictional drainages where impacts have not been permitted, and at least 50 feet from other flagged, sensitive biological resources.	C.	Check construction vehicles and equipment periodically to ensure they are in proper working condition.	During construction	CCL / Construction Manager	CDFW and/or USACE, LADRP, LACDPW
D.	D.	Locate refueling or lubrication of vehicles and cleaning of equipment, or other activities that involve use of fuels, lubricants, or solvents, a minimum of 100 feet outside non-permitted CDFW and USACE jurisdictional drainages and at least 50 feet from other flagged, sensitive biological resources.	During construction	CCL / Construction Manager	CDFW and/or USACE, LADRP, LACDPW

Mitigation Measure / Project Design Measure		Action Required	Mitigation Timing	Responsible Party	Monitoring Agency or Party
BR-7: Only pesticides, herbicides, fertilizers, dust suppressants, or other potentially harmful materials approved by EPA and/or the California Department of Toxic Substance Control shall be applied at CCL, in accordance with relevant state and federal regulations. Rodenticides will not be used. Instead, methods that do not persist and infiltrate the natural food chain will be used for pest elimination, such as trapping, gassing, etc. Sediment basins are present along all drainages at CCL, which capture runoff prior to discharging offsite. Sediment basins will continue to be regularly maintained.	A.	Apply only pesticides, herbicides, fertilizers, dust suppressants, or other potentially harmful materials approved by the EPA and/or the California Department of Toxic Substance Control (DTSC), in accordance with state and federal regulations.	During construction and operation	CCL / Construction Manager / Operations Manager	LADRP, RWQCB
	В.	Prohibit use of rodenticides. Instead, use trapping, gassing, or other methods that do not persist and infiltrate the natural food chain.	During construction and operation	CCL / Construction Manager / Operations Manager	LADRP, RWQCB
	C.	Maintain sediment basins regularly.	During operation	CCL / Operations Manager	LADRP, RWQCB, LACDPW
BR-8: Construction sites and landfill operation shall be kept free of trash and litter. Food-related trash and litter shall be placed in closed containers and disposed of daily. Nuisance wildlife breeding will be discouraged at CCL by excluding such species	A.	Keep construction sites and landfill operation free of food-related trash and litter.	During construction and operation	CCL / Construction Manager / Operations Manager	LADRP, Local Enforcement Agency (LEA)
from cavities in buildings and/or equipment or facilities to be left idle for more than 6 months. To reduce risk of infestation by the non-native Argentine ant (<i>Linepithema humile</i>), a 500-foot buffer will be established adjacent to natural habitats at CCL within which no permanent, artificial water sources will be	В.	Place food related trash and litter in closed containers and dispose daily.	During construction and operation	CCL / Construction Manager / Operations Manager	LADRP, LEA
applied, and inspections for exotic ant infestations will be required for any landscape or restoration container-stock plants proposed for installation. Landfill operations require daily covering of all portions of the active landfill; this practice would be continued, further reducing risk of nuisance wildlife.	C.	Install exclusionary devices on cavities in buildings and/or equipment or facilities to be left idle for more than 6 months.	During construction and operation	CCL / Construction Manager / Operations Manager	LADRP, LEA
	D.	Establish 500-foot buffer and manage risk of Argentine ant infestation, per measure.	During construction and operation	CCL / Construction Manager / Operations Manager	LADRP, LEA
	E.	Provide daily covering of all portions of active working face of the landfill.	During operation	CCL / Operations Manager	LEA, LACDPW

Mitigation Measure / Project Design Measure		Action Required	Mitigation Timing	Responsible Party	Monitoring Agency or Party
BR-9: Preconstruction surveys by qualified botanists shall be conducted for special-status plant species in impact areas prior to ground-disturbing activities, and if necessary and feasible, resource relocation or avoidance shall be implemented.	A.	Conduct preconstruction special- status plant surveys.	Prior to ground- disturbing activities	CCL / Qualified Botanist	CDFW, Permittee's Registered Forester or Biologist, LACDRP
Resource relocation will be to a location deemed suitable for successful relocation by a qualified biologist and conducted in coordination with CDFW. Avoidance zones shall be established with fencing and/or signage that restricts access. • For rare plants, this shall include focused surveys by a qualified botanist conducted during the appropriate season for detection (generally during flowering period) prior to ground-disturbing activities over the entire disturbance area proposed for the Project, and then again the first season prior to disturbance over the area proposed to be disturbed for each phase (cell) of landfill development. If suitable transplant areas for rare plants exist at CCL, surveys will also include potential areas for relocation onsite in order to provide background data for determining transplant success. If no suitable relocation areas exist at CCL, potential mitigation areas in conserved areas within the local watersheds will be identified and surveyed at the same time in order to have background data. Surveys shall follow standard survey protocol for rare plants outlined in Guidelines for Conducting and Reporting Botanical Inventories for Federally Listed, Proposed and Candidate Plants (United States Fish and Wildlife Service [USFWS], 1996) and/or Protocols for Surveying and Evaluation Impacts to Special Status Native Plant Populations and Natural Communities (CDFW, 2009). • If special-status plants are found at CCL they shall be field marked and mapped with global positioning system units to evaluate potential for impacts from proposed grading. Where feasible, special-status plants will be avoided; protective measures to avoid adverse impacts to the area shall be implemented. Protected zones adjacent to active construction or active landfill will be demarcated with permanent fencing. More remote protected zones not	B.	Implement resource relocation or avoidance (if necessary and feasible) as specified in Mitigation Measure BR-9, including focused surveys, Avoidance zones, implementation of a Rare Plant Relocation Plan, and performance monitoring.	Prior to construction, during construction, and post construction	CCL / Qualified Botanist	CDFW, Permittee's Registered Forester or Biologist, LACDRP

Mitigation Measure / Project Design Measure	Action Required	Mitigation Timing	Responsible Party	Monitoring Agency or Party
road access points shall be demarcated by temporary fencing (e.g., orange construction fencing) when road access is within 100 feet. If road access becomes immediately available to the area, permanent fencing will be installed. Fencing shall be maintained and construction crews informed about avoidance during construction. The site biological monitor will continue to monitor compliance with protected zones.				
• Rare plants have been identified within construction limits during 2016 surveys. For these, and any additional rare plants identified prior to ground disturbance that are within the grading footprint or other areas identified for unavoidable disturbance (including species of CNPS Rare Plant Ranks 1-4 or Locally Rare), a Rare Plant Relocation Plan will be developed in consultation with CDFW. Plant salvage for transplanting shall take place before any clearing or grading of the sensitive plant occurs. Preliminary performance criteria, general methods of transplanting, and other anticipated components of this plan are provided in the Draft Revegetation, Rare Plant Relocation, and Oak Tree Performance Criteria provided in Appendix E3 of the Partially Recirculated Draft EIR.				
• The Rare Plant Relocation Plan shall address mitigation for special-status plants, including topsoil salvage to preserve seed bank and management of salvaged topsoil; seed collection, storage, possible nursery propagation, and planting; salvage and planting of other plant propagules (e.g., rhizomes, bulbs) as feasible; location of receptor sites to include on- or off-site property that could serve as permanent open space areas; land protection instruments for receptor areas; and funding mechanisms. The Rare Plant Relocation Plan shall include methods, monitoring, reporting, success criteria, adaptive management, and contingencies for achieving success. Where feasible, background data for up to 3 years will be collected on receptor sites.				
If rare plant relocation cannot be achieved, through lack of receptor sites, or lack of success during the monitoring				

Mitigation Measure / Project Design Measure	Action Required	Mitigation Timing	Responsible Party	Monitoring Agency or Party
period, then purchase of mitigation credits or offsite property with known populations of the affected species for inclusion in permanent open space areas or a conservation easement would be implemented, with priority given to acquisition of offsite property.				
• Locations within CCL that will not be developed are present adjacent to existing population of these species that may serve as receptor sites, and would be investigated for additional data. If found suitable, topsoil from impacted sites may be conserved and placed on these sites, seeds, bulbs (e.g., Calochortus spp.), rhizomes (e.g., Calystegia peirsonii), and entire plants and pads (e.g., Opuntia basilaris var. basilaris), may be collected/salvaged and planted on these sites, and ongoing monitoring and maintenance of plantings implemented. The Rare Plant Relocation Plan shall have the final details of plant transplant methods.				
The on-site receptor/mitigation sites would be monitored for a minimum of 5 years to determine mitigation success or failure, consistent with the Draft Revegetation, Rare Plant Relocation, and Oak Tree Performance Criteria provided in Appendix E3 of the Final EIR and the Rare Plant Relocation Plan. If necessary, remedial measures consistent with the approved plan would be implemented to satisfy mitigation objectives.				

Mitigation Measure / Project Design Measure		Action Required	Mitigation Timing	Responsible Party	Monitoring Agency or Party
BR-10: Preconstruction surveys by qualified biologists shall be conducted for special-status wildlife species in impact areas prior to ground-disturbing activities, and if necessary and feasible, resource relocation or avoidance for special-status species shall be implemented. Wherever practical, relocation	A.	Conduct preconstruction special- status wildlife species surveys.	Prior to ground- disturbing activities	CCL / Qualified Biologist	CDFW and/or USFWS , Permittee' s Registered Forester or Biologist, LACDRP
chall be passive, allowing animals to exit the area on their own. Any grubbing, grading or other ground disturbing activities at CCL would be done in a manner that encourages mobile wildlife species to leave the Project area to escape safely into mmediately adjacent undisturbed habitat, wherever feasible. For low mobility species, salvage and relocation by a qualified biological monitor would be implemented. Resource relocation shall be to a location deemed suitable for successful relocation by a qualified biologist and conducted by individuals with appropriate handling permits as required by CDFW or USFWS. Where practical, avoidance zones shall be established in lieu of relocation with fencing and/or signage that restricts access. Construction and construction monitoring for animals will occur at discrete time periods. Construction monitoring shall be conducted in areas containing native vegetation at the time of construction activity within the limit of active construction disturbance. Within areas containing native vegetation, ground-disturbing activities shall be prohibited until the area is cleared by a qualified biological monitor during a preconstruction survey within 7 days prior to the beginning of construction activities. Biological monitors shall also monitor construction activities within 100 feet of avoided CDFW and USACE jurisdictional drainages. For burrowing owl, suitable burrows will be identified during surveys and if feasible, protected from disturbance during construction. If avoidance is not feasible, burrows will be scoped during the non-breeding season (September 1 to January 31) to determine if they are occupied. If unoccupied, burrows will be evicted by installing one-way doors in burrow openings during the non-breeding season to exclude burrowing owls. After eviction, burrows will be	В.	Implement resource relocation or avoidance (if necessary and feasible) as specified in Mitigation Measure BR-10, including agency coordination, acquisition of appropriate handling permits, field monitoring, clearance sweeps, avoidance zones.	Prior to construction, during construction, and post construction	CCL / Qualified Botanist	CDFW and/or USFWS, Permittee' s Registered Forester or Biologist, LACDRP

Mitigation Measure / Project Design Measure	Action Required	Mitigation Timing	Responsible Party	Monitoring Agency or Party
installed on lands not subjected to construction disturbance, and within 300 feet of cleared burrows. Surveys would be consistent with the CDFW requirements for burrowing owl survey; mitigation measures presented here are consistent with CDFW (2012), and details of how mitigation would be implemented would be consistent with this document.				
For special-status reptiles (coast patch-nosed snake, coastal western whiptail, California legless lizard, San Diego horned lizard), preconstruction surveys in areas where land clearing will occur shall consist of gently raking areas of soft soils, sand, and dense leaf litter to identify individuals burrowed or buried in leaf litter. Individuals encountered will be captured and translocated to an area of undisturbed, intact habitat nearby deemed suitable for successful translocation by a qualified biologist. Translocation will be performed by biologists with appropriate handling permits by CDFW.				
Special-status land mammals (San Diego black-tailed jackrabbit, San Diego desert woodrat, American badger): pre-construction surveys will consist of surveying and identifying evidence of occupancy and use, including rabbit forms, woodrat nests, and badger natal dens. If located during the breeding season for these species, features will be surveyed or scoped to determine occupancy if possible. If unoccupied, they will be dismantled or collapsed. If occupied, or if occupancy cannot be determined, avoidance zones will be established until occupancy can be determined or until the breeding season concludes. If features are identified during the non-breeding season, they will be gently dismantled or collapsed, allowing any occupants if present to disperse. Where habitat must be dismantled, alternative habitat features will be established in nearby undisturbed areas, including creating specific conditions suitable for the species if necessary, such as downed wood structures in shade suitable for woodrat.				

	Mitigation Measure / Project Design Measure	Action Required	Mitigation Timing	Responsible Party	Monitoring Agency or Party
	at CCL, preconstruction ground surveys shall occur within				
	1,000 feet of potential breeding ponds (sediment basins).				
	The top 6 inches of soft soils and leaf litter shall be gently				
	raked and small mammal burrows and soil cracks will be				
	inspected or scoped for aestivating spadefoot. In addition,				
	silt fencing will be installed between upland habitat slated				
	for vegetation removal and grading, and potential breeding				
	ponds (detention basins), if the basins are holding water at				
	the time of construction, with pitfall traps located along the				
	silt fence. Depending on proposed scheduling of upland				
	habitat disturbance (relative to spadefoot breeding				
	season), fencing and pitfall traps will target spadefoot				
	moving from or to the upland habitat. Pitfall traps will be				
	inspected daily when active, which will be during periods of				
	likely spadefoot emergence or movement (during early				
	season rainfall and pool formation and during late season				
	drawdown of the basins). If found or trapped, western				
	spadefoot will be relocated to suitable natural or artificial				
	burrows adjacent to a proposed western spadefoot				
	mitigation pond (BR-16). This pond will serve as an				
	alternative habitat for spadefoot found at CCL, and will be				
	set aside to support spadefoot breeding with adjacent				
	upland habitat for aestivation. Any aestivating western				
	spadefoot encountered during construction within 1,000				
	feet of sedimentation basins would be relocated to the				
	spadefoot mitigation pond, and placed in similar habitat				
	and conditions. Details of spadefoot mitigation, to include				
	components described above including the spadefoot				
	mitigation pond, will be documented in a Spadefoot				
	Mitigation Plan, to be reviewed by CDFW and LADRP.				
	Bird nests: Preconstruction surveys for nesting pairs, nests,				
	and eggs shall occur in areas proposed for vegetation				
	removal and in surrounding areas, including cliff sites, and				
1	active nesting areas flagged. Mitigation shall be				
	implemented as described below under BR-13.				
•	Bat Roosts: Where bat roosting habitat cannot be avoided,				
	preconstruction surveys consisting of exit surveys, roost				
1	surveys of potential roost sites, and evidence of bat sign				

Mitigation Measure / Project Design Measure		Action Required	Mitigation Timing	Responsible Party	Monitoring Agency or Party							
(guano) shall occur to identify bat species, as feasible, and active roosts. Mitigation shall be implemented as described below under BR-14.												
BR-11: USFWS protocol-level surveys shall be conducted for all coastal California gnatcatcher habitat well in advance of any ground-disturbing activities. If surveys are negative, the species shall be presumed absent, and no further impacts shall be anticipated or mitigation measures required.	A.	Conduct USFWS protocol-level surveys for coastal California gnatcatcher well in advance of ground-disturbing activities.	Well in advance of ground-disturbing activities	CCL / Qualified Biologist	USFWS, , Permittee' s Registered Forester or Biologist							
If the surveys are positive (i.e., coastal California gnatcatcher is present), then coordination shall be initiated with USFWS on required measures to avoid, minimize, or mitigate take of this species. These are anticipated to include:	D	Coordinate with USFWS if surveys	Prior to and during	CCL / Qualified	USFWS, ,							
 Construction activities in the vicinity of active gnatcatcher nests shall be prohibited within a specified distance of nests (500 feet unless otherwise agreed to by USFWS) until after the young have fledged and the nesting is complete. 	В.	<i>b</i> .							are positive and implement required measures to avoid, minimize, or mitigate take.	ground-disturbing activities	Biologist / Construction Manager	Permittee' s Registered Forester or Biologist
Clearing of occupied habitat shall be avoided if possible or practicable. If it is not practicable, clearing shall be prohibited during the nesting season (February to August).												
BR-12: Although no nighttime construction is anticipated, lighting for construction activities conducted during early morning or early evening hours shall be minimized to the extent possible through the use of directional shading to minimize	A.	Use directional shading for construction lighting to minimize impacts to nocturnal or crepuscular wildlife.	During construction	CCL / Construction Manager	LADRP							
impacts to nocturnal or crepuscular wildlife. Only CDFW-recommended designs for lighting, fences, power poles, or other man-made features would be implemented where available.	В.	Implement only CDFW- recommended designs for lighting, fences, power poles, or other man- made features where available.	During Project design	CCL / Construction Manager	CDFW							

Mitigation Measure / Project Design Measure		Action Required	Mitigation Timing	Responsible Party	Monitoring Agency or Party
BR-13: In habitats where nesting birds might occur, vegetation removal shall be avoided when feasible during the nesting season (December through August); winter months are included because this area has potential for owls and hummingbirds, which may breed during this period. In addition, raptor nesting	A.	Avoid vegetation removal in nesting bird habitat during the nesting season.	During Project construction	CCL / Construction Manager	LADRP
may be initiated by early January. Where this is not feasible, preconstruction surveys for nesting pairs, nests, and eggs shall occur in areas proposed for vegetation removal, and in buffer areas affected by construction, and active nesting areas flagged. The biological monitor shall assign a buffer around active	В.	Conduct preconstruction nesting bird surveys where vegetation avoidance is not feasible and flag active nesting areas.	Prior to vegetation removal in nesting bird habitat	CCL / Qualified Biologist	LADRP, CDFW, USFWS,
nesting areas (typically 300 feet for songbirds, 500 feet for raptors, and 1,000 feet for sensitive cliff-nesting raptors — golden eagle, prairie falcon, and turkey vulture). The biological monitor will also clearly communicate the limits of buffers to the contractor and crew, and post and maintain, throughout the time of nest use, flagging, fencing, staking, or signs as otherwise needed. Construction activities shall be prohibited within the buffer until the nesting pair and young have vacated the nests, unless it can be demonstrated through biological monitoring that the construction activity is not hindering the nesting effort. Alternatively, if unused nests are identified in the disturbance area during preconstruction surveys, nests may be destroyed prior to active nesting. Rocky escarpments that may support cliff-nesting raptors not proposed for current construction activity at CCL would not be disturbed for the duration of the construction activity.	C.	Assign buffers around active nests, clearly communicate limits to contractor/crew, and post and maintain flagging, fencing, and staking.	During Project construction	CCL / Qualified Biologist / Construction Manager	LADRP, CDFW, USFWS
	D.	Prohibit construction activities within buffer until nests are vacated, or unless biological monitoring can demonstrate activity is not hindering nesting.	During Project design	CCL / Qualified Biologist / Construction Manager	LADRP, CDFW, USFWS, CDFW USFWS
	E.	Destroy unused nests in the disturbance area prior to active nesting.	Prior to vegetation removal in nesting bird habitat, and following preconstruction surveys	CCL / Qualified Biologist	LADRP, CDFW, USFWS, CDFW USFWS
BR-14: A qualified bat biologist acceptable to CDFW shall be employed to supervise and report on construction activities with respect to bats. In habitats where roosting bats may occur, ground disturbance and roost destruction shall be scheduled, as feasible, during October 1 through February 28 or 29. Ground disturbance and roost destruction shall be avoided during the parturition period (generally March through August). Where this is not feasible, a qualified bat biologist shall conduct exit	A.	Employ qualified bat biologist to supervise and report on construction activities with respect to bats.	During Project construction	CCL / Qualified Biologist	LADRP
	В.	Schedule ground disturbance and roost destruction in bat roost habitat to avoid the parturition period.	During Project construction	CCL / Qualified Biologist / Construction Manager	LADRP

Mitigation Measure / Project Design Measure		Action Required	Mitigation Timing	Responsible Party	Monitoring Agency or Party
surveys, roost surveys of potential roost sites, or surveys for bat sign (e.g., guano) to identify bat species, if feasible, and active roosts. Construction activity within 300 feet of identified active roosts shall be prohibited until the completion of parturition (end of August), unless it can be demonstrated through biological monitoring that the construction activity is not affecting the active roost. Alternatively, if potential roosts are	C.	Conduct exit surveys, roost surveys of potential roost sites, or surveys for bat sign (e.g., guano) to identify bat species and active roosts if ground disturbance cannot be scheduled outside parturition period.	Prior to disturbance activities in active roost areas within the parturition period	CCL / Qualified Biologist / Construction Manager	LADRP, CDFW,
identified prior to onset of parturition, with concurrence from CDFW, roosts may be vacated during the evening forage period (within 4 hours after dark) or fitted with one way exit doors to effectively eliminate and exclude roosting bats. If tree roosts are identified that require disturbance, and from which bats can't be excluded, the trees would be initially disturbed by cutting small branches (less than 2 inches) to encourage habitat	D.	Prohibit construction activities within 300 feet of active roosts until completion of parturition, or unless biological monitoring can demonstrate activity is not affecting active roost.	During Project construction	CCL / Qualified Biologist / Construction Manager	LADRP, CDFW,
abandonment, prior to full tree removal (implemented the following day and supervised by a qualified bat biologist). Roost eviction will be conducted by a qualified bat biologist. Eviction shall be preferentially done before March or after September for eviction of a maternity colony, and only with concurrence from CDFW. If eviction is necessary, the bat biologist shall identify the bat species to be evicted, as feasible, and roost sites appropriate to the species to be displaced in the vicinity (within 1 mile) prior to any bat eviction. Alternative active roost areas, including rock escarpments at CCL that are not proposed to be disturbed by current construction activity would be avoided for the duration of the construction activity. If no alternative roost sites are identified, CCL shall provide artificial roost construction appropriate to the bat species to be displaced to offset loss of active roosts. Artificial roost construction would follow industry standard design, be sized to offset impacted roost(s), and be located greater than 300 feet from the active construction area, but within CCL property. A report will be prepared for submittal to CDFW and copied to LADRP on activities related to bat surveys and eviction, including survey methods, findings including species and size of roosts if available, alternative roost locations and characteristics, and constructed roosts.	E.	Exclude roosts (with CDFW concurrence) prior to onset of parturition, as identified in Mitigation Measure BR-14 (including requirements for artificial roost construction and reporting).	Prior to disturbance activities in active roost areas, and following preconstruction surveys	CCL / Qualified Biologist	LADRP, CDFW,

Mitigation Measure / Project Design Measure		Action Required	Mitigation Timing	Responsible Party	Monitoring Agency or Party
BR-15: For unavoidable impacts to qualifying oak trees, an Oak Tree Permit application has been submitted to the LADRP. All permit terms and conditions shall be complied with from the final permit issuance, including planting of replacement trees. An Oak Tree and Woodland Mitigation Plan which identifies the	A.	Comply with Oak Tree permit terms and conditions, including planting of replacement trees.	During Project construction and post construction	CCL	LADRP, Permittee's Registered Forester or Biologist
tigation area shall be submitted to LADRP for review and proval prior to impacts to any scrub oaks or issuance of a adding permit for the Proposed Project that would disturb eas within the protected zone of any oak trees regulated by a County Oak Tree Ordinance. The site shall be assessed for a k woodlands, including scrub oaks, at the time of disturbance cording to the County Oak Woodland Conservation and	В.	Submit Oak Tree and Woodland Mitigation Plan.	Prior to any impacts to oak woodlands, including scrub oaks, or issuance of a grading permit where any oaks are to be impacted	CCL	LADRP, Permittee's Registered Forester or Biologist
Management Plan, and the Oak Tree and Woodland Mitigation Plan would also address mitigation for oak woodland impacts, including scrub oaks. As appropriate, potential impacts to oak woodlands shall be mitigated by planting understory plants in the same area identified onsite for mitigation oaks pursuant to the Oak Tree Permit and Oak Tree and Woodland Mitigation Plan for the Proposed Project.	C.	Implement approved Oak Tree and Woodland Mitigation Plan.	During Project construction and post construction	CCL	LADRP, Permittee's Registered Forester or Biologist
CCL will coordinate with Tataviam to provide a monitor during the removal or disturbance of native oak trees at CCL, if desired by the tribe.					
BR-16: To avoid operational impacts to western spadefoot which may occur during intentional draining of detention basins, or sediment removal from detention basins, the following protocol must be implemented, under an approach coordinated with CDFW: (1) All drainage equipment would be new or used exclusively for detention basins on CCL to avoid transfer of Chytridiomycosis (i.e., chytrid fungus) or any other amphibian diseases or pathogens to detention basins on CCL from other	A.	Coordinate approach for draining or removing sediment from detention basins with CDFW.	Prior to draining or removing sediment from detention basins	CCL	CDFW, Permittee's Registered Forester or Biologist, LACDPW

Mitigation Measure / Project Design Measure		Action Required	Mitigation Timing	Responsible Party	Monitoring Agency or Party
sites; (2) pumping equipment intakes would be screened with fine mesh and would pump from deeper portions of the detention ponds to ensure that eggs, larvae, or adults of western spadefoot would not be entrained in pump apparatus; (3) if a biological monitor determines that spadefoot adults, larvae, or egg masses are present during pumping, a secondary pump enclosure with maximum pore size of 0.125 inches will be utilized if determined necessary by the biological monitor; (4) at any given pumping event, only 80 percent of the volume (measured as depth at the deepest point of the detention basin) would be pumped, leaving pooled water of at least a 5-inch depth for any potential western spadefoot to complete its life cycle; however, the biological monitor would evaluate remaining pooled water volume and spadefoot development stage and make a determination if the remaining water was sufficient for spadefoot to complete their life cycle; and (5) sediment removal would only occur during the dry season, when ponded water was not present. A Spadefoot Mitigation Plan will be developed in consultation with CDFW, to incorporate the above measures and other measures in BR-10 to protect spadefoot. The Spadefoot Mitigation Plan will include design and development of a spadefoot breeding pond on CCL property in a relatively undisturbed location where adjacent uplands are present, including 1,000 feet of undeveloped land as feasible. This pond will be suitable for establishment of a western spadefoot breeding pond, and will not undergo the regular maintenance that is necessary for the onsite stormwater detention basins. Relocation of western spadefoot will be to the mitigation pond.	В.	Implement protocol for draining or removing sediment from detention basins, as coordinated with CDFW and identified in Mitigation Measure BR-16.	During detention basin draining or sediment removal activities	CCL / Operations Manager	CDFW, Permittee's Registered Forester or Biologist, LACDPW
Cultural Resources and Paleontological Resources					
CR-1: A qualified archaeologist will flag off the area around Bowers Cave and establish a buffer in consultation with the Permittee to ensure avoidance of grading of the cave site. Grading plans will clearly depict the sensitive area and state that	A.	Flag off the area around Bowers Cave and establish a buffer in consultation with CCL.	Prior to earth- moving activities	CCL / Construction Manager / Qualified Archaeologist	LADRP

Mitigation Measure / Project Design Measure	Action Required	Mitigation Timing	Responsible Party	Monitoring Agency or Party
grading must not occur beyond the established buffer. The qualified archeologist will monitor earth-moving activities that would occur within 100 feet of the established buffer.	B. Depict sensitive area on grading plans and state that grading must not occur beyond the established buffer.	During development of grading plans	CCL / Qualified Engineer	LADRP
	C. Archaeological monitoring and reporting.	During earth- moving activities within 100 feet of the established buffer	CCL / Construction Manager / Qualified Archaeologist	LADRP
CR-2: Prior to the start of monitoring activities, a Cultural Resources Monitoring Plan (CRMP) will be developed. The CRMP will include, at a minimum: (1) the location of areas to be monitored, (2) frequency of monitoring, (3) description of resources expected to be encountered, (4) description of circumstances that would result in a construction halt, (5) description of monitoring reporting requirements, and (6) disposition of found/collected materials.	Develop a CRMP.	Prior to construction	CCL / Qualified Archaeologist	LADRP
CR-3: Native American consultation has indicated that Bowers Cave and the surrounding region may be important to local Native Americans, specifically Tataviam. Provisions will be made to provide cave access to interested Tataviam, and Tataviam will have the option to provide a construction oversight monitor during ground-disturbing activities. The Tataviam monitor will act as a liaison between archaeologists, the Permittee, contractors, and public agencies to ensure that cultural features are treated appropriately from the Tataviam point of view. All artifacts that may be found will be returned to the Tataviam or reinterred into the earth.	A. Make provisions to provide Bower's Cave access to interested Tataviam.	Prior to and during construction	CCL / Construction Manager / Tataviam Native American	LADRP Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC)
	B. Tataviam Native American monitoring and reporting and liaison activities, as applicable.	During construction	CCL / Construction Manager / Tataviam Native American	LADRP NAHC
	C. Return all artifacts that may be found to the Tataviam or reinterred into the earth.	During construction	CCL / Construction Manager / Tataviam Native American	LADRP NAHC

Mitigation Measure / Project Design Measure	Action Required	Mitigation Timing	Responsible Party	Monitoring Agency or Party
CR-4: Prior to construction, the services of a qualified vertebrate paleontologist shall be retained to develop and implement a Paleontological Resources Mitigation Plan prior to earth moving activities. The Plan will include the following elements:	Retain a qualified vertebrate paleontologist to develop and implement a Paleontological Resources Mitigation Plan (PRMP).	Prior to earth- moving activities	CCL / Qualified Vertebrate Paleontologist	LADRP
 development of agreement with a recognized museum repository; 				
 identification of final disposition, permanent storage, and maintenance of any fossil remains and associated specimen data and corresponding geologic and geographic site data that might be recovered; and 				
 determination of level of treatment (preparation, curation, cataloguing) of the remains that would be required before the mitigation program fossil collection would be accepted for storage. 				
CR-5: The paleontologist and/or monitor shall conduct a preconstruction survey of the Project site prior to the start of any earth moving associated with the landfill expansion.	Preconstruction survey.	Prior to earth- moving activities	CCL / Qualified Vertebrate Paleontologist and/or Environmental Monitor	LADRP
CR-6: The paleontologist or monitor shall coordinate with landfill personnel to provide information regarding regulatory agency requirements for the protection of paleontological resources. Landfill personnel also will be briefed on procedures to be followed in the event that a fossil site or fossil occurrence is encountered during construction, particularly when the monitor is not onsite. The briefing will be presented to new landfill personnel as necessary. Names and telephone numbers of the monitor and other appropriate mitigation program personnel shall be provided to the landfill manager.	A. Coordinate with landfill personnel to provide information regarding regulatory agency requirements and procedures for the protection of paleontological resources.	Prior to and during construction	CCL / Qualified Vertebrate Paleontologist and/or Environmental Monitor	LADRP
	B. Brief landfill personnel on procedures when a fossil site or fossil is encountered during construction.	Prior to and during construction	CCL / Qualified Vertebrate Paleontologist and/or Environmental Monitor	LADRP

Mitigation Measure / Project Design Measure	Action Required	Mitigation Timing	Responsible Party	Monitoring Agency or Party
	C. Provide monitor and mitigation program contact information to the landfill manager.	Prior to and during construction	CCL / Qualified Vertebrate Paleontologist and/or Environmental Monitor	LADRP
CR-7: Earth-moving activities shall be monitored by the paleontologist only in those areas of the Project site where these activities would disturb previously undisturbed strata in the Saugus and upper Pico Formations (not in areas underlain by artificial fill or younger alluvium). With concurrence from the Project paleontologist, if no fossil remains are found once 50 percent of earth moving has been completed in an area	A. Paleontological monitoring in areas of the Project site where activities would disturb previously undisturbed strata in the Saugus and upper Pico Formations (not in areas underlain by artificial fill or younger alluvium).	During construction	CCL / Qualified Vertebrate Paleontologist	LADRP
underlain by a particular rock unit, monitoring can be reduced or suspended in that area.	B. Paleontological monitoring and reporting.	During construction	CCL / Qualified Vertebrate Paleontologist	LADRP
CR-8: All diagnostic fossil specimens recovered from the Project site shall be treated (prepared, curated, catalogued) in accordance with designated museum repository requirements.	Treat all diagnostic fossil specimens recovered from the Project site in accordance with designated museum repository requirements. Treatment of recovered fossil specimens would be documented in final paleontological technical report prepared by the Project paleontologist.	During and after construction	CCL / Qualified Vertebrate Paleontologist	LADRP

Mitigation Measure / Project Design Measure	Action Required	Mitigation Timing	Responsible Party	Monitoring Agency or Party
CR-9: The monitor shall maintain daily monitoring logs. A final technical report of results and findings shall be prepared by the paleontologist and included with the material submitted for curation (see above).	A. Maintain log demonstrating compliance.	During construction	CCL / Qualified Vertebrate Paleontologist and/or Environmental Monitor	LADRP
	B. Prepare and submit a final paleontological technical report.	Following earth- moving activities within previously undisturbed strata in the Saugus and upper Pico Formations	CCL / Qualified Vertebrate Paleontologist	LADRP
Air Quality				
AQ-1: CCL shall use certified street sweepers that comply with South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Rule 1186.1.	Use certified street sweepers.	During construction	CCL / Construction Manager	, LEA
AQ-2: CCL shall use innovative approaches to reducing potential air emissions from construction of buildings, such as modular building products, where prefabricated portions of structures are assembled elsewhere and are erected at the construction site, as feasible. This would eliminate the need for onsite painting, a majority of the plumbing, and other consumer product usage.	Incorporate air emissions reducing provisions for construction of building into the design.	During Project design	CCL	, LACDPW
AQ-3: CCL shall provide offsetting emission reduction credits for predicted net emission increases from sources requiring permitting under New Source Review regulations.	Provide offsetting emission reduction credits.	During permitting	CCL	SCAQMD
AQ-4: Prior to operation of the composting facility, CCL shall develop an Odor Impact Minimization Plan (OIMP) pursuant to the requirements of the <i>California Code of Regulations</i> (CCR),	A. Develop OIMP.	Prior to operation of composting facility	CCL	LEA, LACDPW
Title 14, Division 7, Chapter 3.1, Article 3, and Section 17863.4; CCL shall comply with the OIMP during compost facility operation.	B. Maintain log demonstrating compliance.	During operation of composting facility	CCL	LEA, LACDPW

Mitigation Measure / Project Design N	leasure	Action Required	Mitigation Timing	Responsible Party	Monitoring Agency or Party
Current Emission Reduction Measures: CCL curr implements the following emission reduction me ongoing basis, and these measures would contin implemented during construction and operation Proposed Project.	easures on an ue to be	Maintain log demonstrating compliance.	Ongoing	CCL	, LEA, LACDPW
Onsite traffic is managed.					
Engine-powered equipment is properly mai	ntained.				
Onsite vehicles are routed along the most d	irect routes.				
Electrically powered equipment is used to the feasible.	he extent				
A 15 mile per hour (mph) speed limit is enformed and 10 mph speed limit on unpaved records.	•				
Permanent onsite haul roads are paved, to feasible.	the extent				
Temporary unpaved roads are surfaced with courses of material.	n low-dust				
Roads are watered four to seven times daily conditions, including weather.	, dependent on				
Active sites of soil disturbance are watered times daily, dependent on conditions, include the solutions.					
Soil stabilizers are used in areas with long-to- disturbed or un-vegetated surfaces (e.g., sto					
Trucks hauling dirt, sand, or other loose ma construction projects on public roadways ar maintain at least 2 feet of free board in acco the requirements of California Vehicle Code	re covered or ordance with				
Construction access roads are paved at leas the site from the main road.	t 100 feet onto				
Where feasible, other construction roads not the above measure heaving a daily traffic vo 50 vehicular trips, are paved; where infeasible are watered.	olume of				
Disturbed areas are covered with erosion co if needed.	ontrol materials				

Mitigation Measure / Project Design Measure	Action Required	Mitigation Timing	Responsible Party	Monitoring Agency or Party
SCAQMD-approved street sweepers are used on all paved haul roads onsite as needed during rainy periods to reduce mud and during dry periods to reduce dust.				
Construction Emission Reduction Best Management Practices (BMPs):	Maintain log demonstrating compliance.	During construction	CCL	, LEA, LACDPW
The construction equipment, not owned by CCL, would be equipped with engines meeting California Air Resources Board (CARB) requirements for a large fleet at the time of construction (13 CCR 2449).				
The construction equipment, not owned by CCL, would be equipped with engines meeting Tier 4f emission standards after Project year 2020.				
Trucks would be prevented from idling longer than 5 minutes, to the extent feasible.				
Construction equipment idling times and excessive use would be prevented, to the extent feasible.				
 Use of construction equipment would be suspended during Stage 2 and 3 smog alerts. 				
To reduce/minimize construction-related fugitive dust, water would be applied four to seven times daily, dependent on weather, within the construction site.				
Fugitive dust from vehicle travel on unpaved roads would be controlled through the application of water 4 to 7 times daily, dependent on weather.				
Operation Emission Reduction BMPs:	Maintain log demonstrating	During operation	CCL	LEA, LACDPW
Off-road diesel equipment purchased by CCL for operation of the Proposed Project (used for additional waste received) would be equipped with engines meeting Tier 4f emission standards.	compliance.			
Unnecessary truck and equipment idling would be limited to less than 5 minutes, to the extent feasible.				
Use of all off-road diesel equipment would be suspended during Stage 2 and 3 smog alerts (SCAQMD, 1993), to the extent feasible.				

	Mitigation Measure / Project Design Measure		Action Required	Mitigation Timing	Responsible Party	Monitoring Agency or Party
•	Fugitive dust BMPs for vehicle travel on paved roads, vehicle travel on unpaved roads, and soil disturbance would be the same as described above for construction.					
•	Operate the landfill to improve landfill gas collection efficiency to a site-wide average of 85 percent through application of a combination of daily cover, intermediate cover, and final cover to provide a beneficial improvement in ongoing landfill gas collection efficiency.					
•	The existing, approved landfill gas-to-energy (LFGTE) plant would be optimized to use collected landfill gas (LFG) as fuel to produce electricity and to minimize flaring of collected LFG.					
Cor	nposting Emission Reduction BMPs:	A.	. Maintain log demonstrating compliance.	During operation of composting facility	CCL	LACDPW, SCAQMD, LEA
•	Green waste composting piles would be covered with at least 6 inches of finished compost within 24 hours of initial pile formation.					
•	Piles would not be turned for the first 7 days of active phase composting.					
•	For the first 15 days of initial pile formation, and within 6 hours before turning, the top half of the pile would be kept wet to a depth of at least 3 inches.	В.	3. Implement site-specific OIMP.	During operation of composting facility	CCL	LACDPW, SCAQMD, LEA
•	Covered, aerated composting system would be equipped with an SCAQMD-approved emission control system (e.g., thermal oxidizer, bio-filtration) (SCAQMD, 2015).					
•	Composting facility would implement a site-specific Odor Impact Minimization Plan (OIMP).					
Lan	dfill Operation Odor Reduction Measure (ORM)	A.	A. Develop OIMP For approval by the responsible agencies	Within 3 months of receipt of CUP	CCL	SCAQMD, LEA,
	BRM-1: For landfill operation, CCL shall develop an Odor Impact dinimization Plan (OIMP). The OIMP will describe an odor nonitoring protocol, a description of meteorological conditions nat affect migration of odors, a complaint response protocol, a escription of design considerations for minimizing odors, and a escription of operating procedures for minimizing odors.					LACDPW, LADRP
mo tha des		Maintain log demonstrating compliance and implementing all remedial action as recommended by the responsible agencies	During operation of landfill	CCL	SCAQMD, LEA, LACDPW, LADRP	

Mitigation Measure / Project Design Measure	Action Required	Mitigation Timing	Responsible Party	Monitoring Agency or Party
Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Climate Change				
GHG-1: Beginning in 2020, the applicant shall provide the Department of Regional Planning with reports every 5 years, which shall evaluate consistency of landfill operations with current State and County greenhouse gas (GHG) emission reduction plans. If the Department of Regional Planning finds that a report demonstrates that landfill operations do not meet the GHG emission reduction targets of then-current State and County GHG emission reduction plans, the applicant shall develop and within one year submit to the Department of Regional Planning for review and approval of a GHG Emission Reduction Plan, which shall require implementation of additional feasible GHG emission reduction measures within the waste management sector to further reduce GHG emissions in accordance with then-current State and County goals. The GHG	A. Provide reports evaluating consistency of landfill operations with current State and County GHG emission reduction plans	Beginning in 2020, and subsequently every 5 years	CCL	LADRP, LACDPW, SCAQMD, LEA
 Emission Reduction Plan may incorporate some or all of the following measures: Further or additional composting; Further or additional recycling; Development of alternative energy, including additional landfill gas-to-energy production capacity and/or development of other on-site renewable energy generation capacity; Use of alternative fuels in on-site equipment; or some combination of the listed strategies; and/or Other waste management sector strategies developed by California Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery (CalRecycle) and CARB addressing GHG emissions from waste management 	B. Develop GHG Emission Reduction Plan.	Within one year, if LADRP finds consistency reports demonstrate GHG emission reduction targets of then- current State and County GHG emission reduction plans are not met	CCL	LADRP, LACDPW, SCAQMD, LEA
GHG-2: Following closure of the landfill, the applicant shall continue to operate, maintain, and monitor the landfill gas collection and control system as long as the landfill continues to produce landfill gas, or until it is determined that emissions no longer constitute a considerable contribution to GHG emissions, whichever comes first.	Maintain monitoring log of landfill gas collection and control system.	Following closure of the landfill	CCL / Operations Manager	SCAQMD, LACDPW

Table 1 Chievita Canvan Landfill Master Dlan

USACE = United States Army Corps of Engineers USFWS = United States Fish and Wildlife Service

Mitigation Measure / Project Design Measure	Action Required	Mitigation Timing	Responsible Party	Monitoring Agency or Party
Notes:			•	
BMP = best management practice				
Cal-IPC = California Invasive Plant Council				
CalRecycle = California Department of Resources Recycling and Recover	ery			
CARB = California Air Resources Board				
CCR = California Code of Regulations				
CDFW = California Department of Fish and Wildlife				
CRMP = Cultural Resources Monitoring Plan				
CWA = Clean Water Act				
DTSC = California Department of Toxic Substance Control				
EPA = United States Environmental Protection Agency				
GHG = greenhouse gas				
LACDPW = Los Angeles County Department of Public Works				
LADRP = Los Angeles County Department of Regional Planning				
LEA = Local Enforcement Agency				
LFG = landfill gas				
LFGTE = landfill gas-to-energy				
mph = miles per hour				
NAHC = Native American Heritage Commission				
OIMP = Odor Impact Minimization Plan				
PRMP = Paleontological Resources Mitigation Plan				
SCAQMD = South Coast Air Quality Management District				

References

California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW). 2009. *Protocols for Surveying and Evaluation Impacts to Special Status Native Plant Populations and Natural Communities*.

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United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) and United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). 2008. *Compensatory Mitigation for Losses of Aquatic Resources; Final Rule. Federal Register.* April 10.

United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS). 1996. *Guidelines for Conducting and Reporting Botanical Inventories for Federally Listed, Proposed and Candidate Plants.*